# ANNUAL REPORT



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# VISION

To be one of the leading Nordic companies within car – leisure – and consumer finance.

## VALUES

#### Leadership

We strive to be leaders in all the markets where we are present, by having the best teams and constantly focusing on our customers and results.

#### Innovation

An ongoing search for products and services that meet our customers' needs and allow us to outperform our competitors.

#### Dynamism

We take the initiative and are always alert, moving in on new business opportunities before our competitors. We also have the flexibility to move with market changes.

#### Strength

Our solid balance sheet and careful risk management are the best guarantees of our capacity to grow and create long-term value for our shareholders.

#### Sales focus

The customer is the focal point of our strategy. We strive to improve the way we engage and satisfy our customers continually, as well as earning their loyalty by providing a wide range of products and services, and offering the best quality service.

#### **Professional ethics**

Beyond merely complying with legal requirements, Codes of Conduct and internal rules, we expect all Santander employees do their job with the utmost honesty and transparency, always putting the Group's interests before personal considerations.

### SANTANDER CONSUMER BANK BUSINESS AREAS

#### CAR AND LEISURE - NORWAY

- Financing
  - Car
  - Caravan
  - MC
  - Boat
  - ATV
  - Snow Scooter
- Cooperation with more than 1.200 dealers
- Approximately 130.000 customers

#### CREDIT CARDS - NORWAY

- Credit cards (gebyrfri.no)
- Approximately 280.000 customers

#### CONSUMER LOANS - NORWAY

- Consumer loans
- Approximately 7.300 customers

#### CAR AND LEISURE – DENMARK

- Financing
  - Car
- Cooperation with more than 500 dealers
- Approximately 25.000 customers

#### CAR AND LEISURE - SWEDEN

- Financing
  - Car
  - Caravan
  - MC
  - Boat
  - ATV
  - Snow Scooter
- Cooperation with more than 600 dealers
- Approximately 80.000 customers

#### CAR AND LEISURE / CONSUMER LOANS – FINLAND

- Financing
- Car
- Caravan
- MC
- Boat
- Cooperation with more than 500 dealers
- Approximately 78.600 car and leisure customers and 40.400 consumer loans customers

# REPORT OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS 2010

2010 has been a very good year for Santander Consumer Bank (SCB). Despite adverse financial and economic developments during most of the year, ordinary profit before taxes (PBT) for the group increased from NOK 618 M in 2009 to NOK 973 M in 2010. PBT represents a Return on net earning Assets (ROA) of 2,09 %. Total assets of the Nordic group amounted to NOK 51,0 MM year-end against NOK 46,4 MM in 2009. In the area of Auto finance Santander is the market leader in the Nordic countries, a position that has been reinforced during the year.

#### **Company situation**

Santander Consumer Bank is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Santander Consumer Finance S.A. which is part of Grupo Santander, one of the world's leading banking groups. At the end of 2010, Santander Consumer Bank had branches in Sweden and Denmark, as well as a wholly-owned subsidiary in Finland. Santander Consumer Bank's head office is in Lysaker, Norway. SCB is organised as a Nordic cluster with central staff functions and 5 Business units i.e.

- Norway
- Sweden
- Denmark
- Finland
- Credit Cards

#### **Business**

Santander Consumer Finance S.A. is one of the leading companies in Europe within auto and consumer finance. The goal of Santander Consumer Bank is to realise the group's visions in the Nordic market. This means that the business will be gradually expanded with new products. The company's main products is auto and leisure finance, as well as credit cards and consumer loans.

The international financial turmoil and the following worsening in the economic climate during 2008-10 has had a strong impact on the company, in particular in the area of loan loss provisioning although the level has declined in 2010. For all the Nordic countries there has been a strong rebound in new car sales whereas used car sales have grown moderately, on average there has been a market growth of 15 % except for Finland with 5 %.

The credit card (Norway) business has grown 6 % which is in line with the market growth.

Consumer loans (Finland and Norway) still suffer from adverse market conditions and tighter credit policies.

#### Norway

The market for sale of new and second hand cars increased by 15 % in 2010 reflecting the increase in consumer confidence. The business unit has performed well in 2010 concluding a number of new vendor agreements. SCB is market leader with a market share of 30 %.

New business volumes in the area of Consumer loans have decreased compared to previous year. The portfolio quality is good and with an improvement in the economy the business is positioned well to grow.

#### Sweden

The Business Unit started up in 2000 as a branch of SCB and has been exclusively engaged in car finance activities. In 2010 there has been a strong recovery in the Swedish economy and sales of new and used vehicles increased by 15 %. SCB has grown strongly and increased its market position with a market share of 16 %. During the year, SCB has concluded new agreements with large car importers and general agents.

#### Denmark

The Business Unit started as a branch of SCB in 2007 and has expanded strongly since then, partly through acquisition of portfolios. The car market in Denmark rebounded significantly in 2010 and for SCB a number of new dealer agreements were concluded. SCB is market leader with a market share of 20 %.

#### **Finland**

The Business Unit started up early 2007 as a fully owned subsidiary. In January 2009 GE Money Oy was acquired and thereby strongly increasing Santanders market presence in car finance and adding a large new business area through consumer loans. In december 2010 the two companies were merged.

The business climate has been suffering during the financial crises with a high level of unemployment but has gradually picked up during the second half of 2010. The car market increased by 4 % measured in number of units sold. SCB is market leader in car finance with a market share of 26 %.

The Consumer loans business has contracted strongly as a result of the general macro-economic environments.

#### **Credit cards**

The credit card business operates only in Norway. The business has approx 255.000 cards and has experienced a 6 % growth in its lending portfolio during the last 12 months. In 2010 it was carried out a full launch of the new credit card "Flexi Visa" together with a re-launch of the stands channel. The year has been characterized by adjustments in sales, processes and systems due to Basel requirements and to new EU regulations. The market share has been stable around 5 % the last year.

#### Funding

The company is predominantly financed through loans and drawing rights from the parent company and companies within Grupo Santander. These loans are priced at market prices. The turmoil in the financial markets over the last years has had considerable impact on credit spreads. Credit spreads now seem to have stabilized at levels well above what was normal before the financial crisis. The cost increases have to a large extent been forwarded to our loan customers. The access to liquidity has not been hindered by the turmoil, but liquidity risk is receiving increased attention. The bank has during 2010 established itself as an issuer of debt in the Norwegian market and plan to continue using the capital markets in the countries it operates as a source of financing also going forward. The bank is taking further steps to diversify its funding sources by securitizing parts of the assets base in 2011 and onwards. The securitization is strictly a financing operation, and is not intended to give any change in risk exposure or give any capital relief for the bank.

The board of Directors considers the liquidity and funding needs to have been adequately met throughout the year.

#### Solvency

At group level, the net equity and subordinated capital amounted to NOK 4.354 M as of 31.12.2010, which gives a capital ratio of 9,80 %. Core capital was NOK 3.699 M, which gives a core capital ratio of 8,33 %. The net equity and subordinated capital for Santander Consumer Bank amounted to NOK 4.775 M, which gives a capital ratio of 12,90 %. Core capital amounted to NOK 4.120 M, which gives a core capital ratio of 11,13 %.

The ICAAP (internal capital adequacy assessment process) is integrated in the company's planning and budgeting processes as well as the risk assessment processes under the internal control regulations. In addition to Credit risk, Market risk and Operational risk the ICAAP also covers business risk and other risk, not covered in other solvency reporting. A report based on the ICAAP is annually prepared and presented to the FSA.

#### Annual accounts

In the opinion of the Board, the annual accounts provide a true and fair view of the company's result for 2010 and its financial position as at 31.12.10. The profit before tax for SCB in 2010 was NOK 771 M, and the group profit before tax was NOK 973 M.

Under § 8-1 of the Companies Act. As of December 31st 2010 the company has distributable equity of NOK 566,3 M for 2010. It is proposed to transfer the profit for the year to other equity.

Total assets at the year end amounted to NOK 41,6 MM for SCB, and the corresponding figure for the Nordic group was NOK 51,0 MM.

In 2010 net cash flow from operations amounted to NOK 1 015 M in SCB and NOK 1 384 M in the Nordic group.

In accordance with § 3-3a if theAccounting Act. we confirm that the accounts have been prepared under the going concern assumption and this also corresponds with the Boards opinion.

#### **Risk management**

SCB AS uses a credit score system as the basis for its credit decisions where credit models are adapted to the different products and continuously monitored.

In 2010 credit losses in the Nordic group level come to NOK 524 M and for SCB NOK 325 M. At group level this corresponds to 1,03 % of average gross loans, compared to 1,79 % in 2009. The decrease in credit losses is mainly driven by the recovery in the macroeconomic environment in the Nordic countries and improved collection processes in all business units

Good performance on repossession and remarketing of assets together with improvements at early collection processes contributed to a decrease of gross non-performing loans from 2,18 % in 2009 to 2,14 % in 2010 at group level and from 2,42 % to 2,25 % for SCB.

The level of write-downs decreased to NOK 958,2 M for the group. Finland's write downs decrease is driven by portfolio developments, while increase of write-downs in Norway, Sweden and Denmark portfolios is driven by rise in volumes and portfolios.

The board considers the risk situation and the provisions to be satisfactory for the risk profile of the portfolio.

SCB is exposed to foreign exchange risk to a limited extent as the balance sheet is composed to minimise currency risk by ensuring that assets, liabilities and incoming and outgoing cash flows are, to a large extent, denominated in the same currency. The company's liquidity requirements are principally met through drawing facilities with the parent company and the group on market terms. The interest rate risk is covered on an outgoing basis by balancing the interest terms for assets and liabilities.

Internal controls are considered to be satisfactory.

#### Organisation

At year end, the company had 576 employees, of which 84 worked in Sweden, 54 in Denmark, 153 in Finland and 285 in Norway. In 2010, a total of 4.775 sick leave days were registered, which is equivalent to an absence rate of 3,66 %. The Board is not aware of any personal injuries in the workplace in 2010.

The working environment in the company is considered to be good, and is assessed yearly through an employee opinion survey that can show a > 90 % response rate.

The company has a working environment committee and liaison committee. Statutory meetings are held.

SCB is proactive in ensuring that employees perceive a policy of gender equality, and that no discrimination occurs. The company has participated actively in revising Grupo Santander's worlwide Gender Diversity Policy. A Gender Diversity Policy contact person has been appointed who will be part of a worldwide network for the entire group. At 2010 year end 55 % of employees were women and 45 % were men.

2010 has been characterised as a challenging year with a high level of activity in all parts of the company. The Board wishes to thank all employees for a good effort and good results in 2010.

Santander Consumer Bank's business does not pollute the external environment.

#### Outlook for 2011

The financial crises has hit the Nordic economies far less than most other western contries. The outlook for 2011 is good with increasing optimism both for consumers and corporates.

In the area of car finance 2010 was a good year and we expect similarly a good growth for 2011. Competition is expected to increase as competitions are coming back to the market. Margins will be under pressure both as a result of increased competition and increased liquidity spreads.

The credit card market has grown modestly during the economic crises and we expect a more vigorous growth in 2011.

The market for consumer loans has been hard hit the last 2 years. We expect the market to gradually pick up but at modest growth levels.

During the last years funding and liquidity markets have undergone great changes with increased focus on more stable funding with longer durations. As a consequence credit spreads have gone up sharply. With new international liquidity regulations gradually being implemented, we expect that cost of money will further increase. SCB plans for an increased level of self funding over the next years with emphasize on assets backed funding and commercial paper programs.

For 2011 there will be strong focus on risk management, control of pricing and margins. Santander Nordic plans for another year of strong growth in volumes and net earnings.

Lysaker, March 23th 2011

Javier San Felix Garcia (Chairman)

Bjørn Elvestad

Eduardo Garcia Arroyo (Deputy Chairman)

Vibeke Hamre Krey (Employee Representative)

Odd Lunde

Erik Kongelf (Chief Executive Officer)

### PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

Gr	roup		Santander	Consumer Bank	AS
2010	2009	All amounts in thousands of NOK	Note	2010	2009
2010	2009	Interest income and similar income	NOLE	2010	2009
		Interest and similar income on loans to and			
9 311	9 831	receivables from credit institutions		7 785	8 632
		Interest and similar income on loans to and			
3 406 400	3 469 400	receivables from customers		2 595 602	2 471 062
3 415 711	3 479 231	Total interest income and similar income		2 603 387	2 479 694
1 084 127	1 137 772	Interest expenses and similar expenses Interest and similar expenses on debt to credit institutions	18	843 628	784 677
1 004 127	1 157 772	Interest and similar expenses on deposits from and debt	10	045 020	/04 0//
8 210	17 451	to customers	18	8 210	17 451
12 175	0	Interest and similar expenses on issued commercial papers and bonds	18	12 175	0
29 952	28 448	Interest on subordinated loan capital	15	29 952	28 448
24 236	18 623	Other interest expenses and similar expenses		23 938	18 636
1 158 700	1 202 294	Total interest expenses and similar expenses		917 903	849 212
2 257 011	2 276 027	Nat interact and credit commission income		1 COF 404	1 620 492
2 257 011	2 276 937	Net interest and credit commission income		1 685 484	1 630 482
		Commission income			
2 035	687	Guarantee commissions		1 053	687
139 883	145 464	Other commissions and fees		135 096	137 335
141 918	146 151	Total commission income and income from banking services		136 148	138 022
407 470	120.224	Commission expenses		122.405	424.220
127 470	138 231	Other fees and commission expenses		122 185	134 338
127 470	138 231	Total commission expenses and expenses from banking services		122 185	134 338
		Net value change and gain/loss on foreign exchange and securit	ies		
-2 247	1 801	Net value change and gain/loss on foreign exchange and securities		3 178	3 116
-2 247	1 801	Total value change and gain/loss on foreign exchange and secur	ities	3 178	3 116
		Other operating income			
28 604	24 133	Other operating income		20 188	22 433
28 604	24 133	Total other operating income		20 188	22 433
		Salaries and administration expenses			
434 732	386 909	Salaries, fees and other personnel expenses		334 791	308 708
334 010	276 012	Of which: - Salaries	1	251 715	225 069
51 814	48 945	- Pensions	13	43 841	38 587
48 908	61 952	- Social costs		39 235	45 052
254 824	246 801	Administration expenses		202 396	172 391
689 556	633 710	Total salaries and administration expenses		537 187	481 099
		Ordinary depreciation			
46 106	35 988	Ordinary depreciation	7	41 864	32 957
103 636	94 268	Ordinary depreciation operational leasing		0	0
149 742	130 256	Sum ordinary depreciation		41 864	32 957
84 334	101 307	Other operating expenses		48 054	39 567
		Lesses on loons, suprentees etc.			
400 936	827 353	Losses on loans, guarantees etc Loan losses	2	324 652	449 704
400 936	827 353	Total losses on loans, guarantees etc	2	324 652	449 704
100 550	02, 555	lotal losses on loans, gaarantees ete		521052	115 /01
973 248	618 164	Operating result		771 057	656 389
270 719	174 096	Taxes charge	6	217 815	183 138
702 529	444 068	Profit after tax		553 242	473 250
		Allocation of profit after tax			
702 529	444 068	Transferred to other earned equity	14	553 242	473 250
, 52 323	1 - 000	nanonen eu ourreu equity	17	555 272	1,5 250
702 529	444 068	Total allocations		553 242	473 250
		Statement of comprehensive income			
5 491	-6 111	Net exchange differences on translating foreign operations		-575	-9 115
702 529	444 068	Profit after tax for the period Total comprehensive income for the period		553 242	473 250
708 020	437 957	iotal comprehensive income for the period		552 667	464 135

### BALANCE SHEET – ASSETS

Gr	roup		Santander	Consumer Banl	< AS
31.12.10	31.12.09	All amounts in thousands of NOK	Note	31.12.10	31.12.09
		Cash and receivables on central banks			
0	0	Cash and receivables on central banks		0	0
0	0	Total cash and receivables on central banks		0	0
		Deposits with and receivables on financial institutions			
88 433	170 478	Deposits with Norwegian financial institutions		85 429	102 018
88 433	170 478	Total deposits with and loans to financial institutions		85 429	102 018
		Loans to customers			
1 647 403	1 535 428	Credit cards		1 647 403	1 535 428
39 196 694	35 808 354	Installment loans		29 981 090	24 920 897
8 970 074	8 025 046	Financial leasing	7	8 455 394	7 503 381
49 814 171	45 368 828	Total loans before individual and group write-downs		40 083 887	33 959 706
96 286	141 329	- Individual write-downs	2,3,5	44 845	141 329
861 899	891 595	- Group write-downs	2,3,5	487 591	309 435
48 855 986	44 335 904	Net loans		39 551 451	33 508 942
33 865	50 742	Repossessed assets	4	13 268	31 423
		Ownership interests in group companies			
0	0	Ownership interest in credit institutions	20	1 223 501	1 101 226
0	0	Sum ownership interest in group companies		1 223 501	1 101 226
		Intangible assets			
443 153	459 665	Goodwill	7	106 343	113 335
158 523	183 288	Deferred tax assets	6	0	0
177 296	134 908	Other intangible assets	7	161 923	129 400
778 972	777 861	Total intangible assets		268 266	242 735
		Fixed assets			
26 934	21 628	Machinery, fittings and vehicles	7	22 353	18 957
395 877	383 144	Operational leasing	,	0	0
422 811	404 772	Total fixed assets		22 353	18 957
		Other assets			
581 159	466 476	Consignment		278 421	225 569
125 939	72 253	Other assets		88 302	44 603
707 098	538 729	Total other assets		366 723	270 172
, 0, 050	550725			550725	2,01/2
00.07	o	Prepayments and earned income		<b></b>	~~~~
80 674	91 104	Earned income not received and prepaid expenses not incurred		81 663	66 749
80 674	91 104	Total prepayments and earned income		81 663	66 749
50 967 840	46 369 591	Total assets		41 612 654	35 342 222

### BALANCE SHEET - LIABILITIES AND EQUITY

Gi	roup		Santander	Consumer Banl	< AS
31.12.10	31.12.09	(All amounts in thousands)	Note	31.12.10	31.12.09
42 725 355 <b>42 725 355</b>	40 083 073 <b>40 083 073</b>	Debt to credit institutions Loans and deposits from credit institutions with an agreed term Total loans and deposits from financial institutions	1,15,18	33 750 584 <b>33 750 584</b>	29 272 496 <b>29 272 496</b>
72725555	40 005 075			55750504	25 272 450
284 968	446 488	Deposits from and debt to customers Deposits from and debt to customers repayable on notice	18	284 968	446 488
284 968	446 488	Total deposits from customers		284 968	446 488
504 833	0	Debt established by issuing securities Certificates and other short term loan raising	22	504 833	0
776 910 1 281 743	0	Bonds and other long term loan raising Total debt established by issuing securities	22	776 910 1 281 743	0
1201745	0	Iotal debt established by issuing securities		1201745	0
438 778	451 783	Other debt Other debt		377 790	365 050
438 778	451 783 451 783	Total other debt		377 790	365 050 365 050
626 864	498 668	Allocations for expenses incurred and liabilities Expenses incurred and earned income not received		405 414	311 755
71 080 405 658	60 371 259 019	Pension liabilities Deferred tax	13 6	71 080 397 495	60 371 250 333
1 103 602	818 057	Total allocations for liabilities	0	873 989	622 459
655 183	750 000	Subordinated loan capital Other subordinated loan capital	15	655 183	750 000
655 183	750 000	Total subordinated loan capital	15	655 183	750 000
46,400,600	10 5 10 101			27.224.250	24.456.402
46 489 630	42 549 401	Total liabilities		37 224 258	31 456 493
		Equity			
2 662 469	1 512 469	Paid-in equity Share capital	16	2 662 469	1 512 469
891 314	891 314	Share premium capital	10	891 314	891 314
3 553 783	2 403 783	Total paid-in equity		3 553 783	2 403 783
		Earned equity			
924 427	1 416 407	Other equity		834 613	1 481 946
924 427	1 416 407	Total earned equity		834 613	1 481 946
4 478 210	3 820 190	Total equity	14	4 388 396	3 885 729
50 967 840	46 369 591	Total liabilities and equity		41 612 654	35 342 222
124 726	108 532	Conditional liabilities Guarantee liabilities	19	124 726	108 532

#### Lysaker, March 23th 2011

Javier San Felix Garcia (Chairman)

Bjørn Elvestad

Eduardo Garcia Arroyo (Deputy Chairman)

nit

Vibeke Hamre Krey (Employee Representative)

and Odd Lunde

hu h

Erik Kongelf (Chief Executive Officer)

#### Note 1 – Information on connected parties

#### Salaries and fees to officers and Chief Executive Officer

The company is 100 % owned by Santander Consumer Finance S.A. The chairman and the deputy chairman of the board have central positions in Madrid and are, together with the Chief Executive Officer, considered to be central management in the company. The management team has been evaluated towards the Norwegian accounting act § 7-31b and is not considered to be central management according to this paragraph.

All amounts in thousands of NOK	Salary	Bonus	Pension	Other remuneration	Total 2010	Total 2009
Chief Executive Officer	1 815	986	348	497	3 646	4 488

#### Board of directors

		Fees 2010	Fees 2009
Javier San Felix Garcia	Chairman	-	-
Eduardo Garcia Arroyo	Deputy chairman	-	-
Bjørn Elvestad	Member	125 000	125 000
Odd Lunde	Member	125 000	125 000
Vibeke Hamre Krey	Employee representative	125 000	125 000
Nina Lind	Deputy employee representative	62 500	62 500

The board of directors will present a statement regarding salary and other remuneration for central officers, cf. The Public Limited Liability Companies Act (Allmennaksjeloven) § 6-1 in the annual shareholders meeting.

#### Supervisory Board

Torkel Ernø, the chairman of the supervisory board, has received 25 000 both in 2009 and 2010. Other representatives has received 2 500 each per meeting. This rate has been unchanged in 2010.

#### Control committee

Finn Myhre	Chairman	Fees 2010 125 000	Fees 2009 65 000
FILITIVIYITE	Chairman	125 000	05 000
Egil Dalviken	Deputy chairman	20 000	25 000
Steinar Ouren	Member	-	5 000
Tone Bjørnov	Member	20 000	-
Terje Sommer	Deputy member	65 000	-

#### Audit fees and advisory services without VAT

All amounts in thousands of NOK	2010	2009
Audit services	1 707	2 384
Other certification services	195	-
Tax advice	387	208
Other non-audit services	534	435

#### Staff

	201	2010		
	Norway	Abroad	Norway	Abroad
Number of employees as of 31.12.	285	291	267	203
Man-labour year as of 31.12.	261	245	244	187

Note 2 - Losses and write-downs

All amounts in thousands of NOK Write-downs 31.12.	<b>2010</b> 958 185	2000
Write-downs 31.12.	050 105	2009
	928 182	787 435
+/ - Rate adjustment opening balance	18 167	36 879
Adjustment purchase of portfolio	-245 489	306 130
- Write-downs 01.01.	787 435	251 474
+ Total recognised losses	579 502	655 001
- Recoveries on recognised losses	121 994	94 359
= Loan losses	400 936	827 353
Individual- and by group write-downs		
All amounts in thousands of NOK	31.12.10	31.12.09
Individual write-downs 01.01.	141 329	27 847
+/ - Rate adjustment opening balance	-5 046	-1 607
Reclassification between individual to group write-downs	-24 589	-
- Recognised losses covered by earlier write-downs	-	-
- Reversal of earlier individual write-downs	-	-
+ Individual write-downs for the period	-15 409	115 089
= Individual write-downs 31.12.	96 286	141 329
	2010	2009
Group write-downs 01.01.	891 595	529 757
+/ - Rate adjustment opening balance	-13 120	-35 272
Reclassification between individual to group write-downs	24 589	-
Adjustment in purchase of portfolio	-41 165	245 489 151 621
+/ - Write-downs for the year = Group write-downs 31.12.	-41 105 861 899	891 595
	001 033	265 160
Note 3 – Non-performing- and loss exposed loans		
All amounts in thousands of NOK 31.12.10 31.12.09	31.12.08 31.12.07	31.12.06
Gross non-performing- and other loss exposed loans 1 087 731 1 009 714	533 955 324 677	276 997
Individual write-downs 96 286 141 329	27 847 28 055	
Group write-downs 861 899 891 595	223 627 167 116	
Net non performing- and other loss exposed loans 129 546 -23 210	282 481 129 506	114 426

Note 4 – Repossessed assets

All amounts in thousands of NOK	31.12.10	31.12.09
Car Leasing	33 865	50 742
Other leasing subjects	-	-
Net	33 865	50 742

The company classifies vehicles as repossessed assets where it is an court ruling or consent regarding transfer of property of the object. Repossessed assets are booked at fair value. Differences between booked value and fair value are recognized in profit and loss when the object is made ready for sale. At realization the difference between assumed fair value and selling price is recognized against profit and loss.

#### Note 5 - Risk classification

31.12.2010 All amounts in thousands of NOK Gross loans Write downs	Very good 46 061 356 128 713	<b>Good</b> 3 522 143 61 201	Medium 929 216 69 973	Less good 224 639 40 830	<b>Default</b> 1 087 731 412 011	<b>Total</b> 49 814 171 958 185
Net 31.12.10	45 932 643	3 460 942	859 243	183 809	675 720	48 855 986
31.12.2009						
All amounts in thousands of NOK	Very good	Good	Medium	Less good	Default	Total
Gross loans	38 737 784	4 015 331	1 230 953	375 045	1 009 714	45 368 828
Write downs	184 116	105 021	125 707	134 301	483 779	1 032 924
Net 31.12.09	38 553 668	3 910 311	1 105 246	240 745	525 935	44 335 904

The company makes use of a risk classification system, which is based on objective valuation when granting/amending loans. Amounts in "Default" slightly increased during 2010, while early risk groups went significantly down. The development of the portfolio is under continuous surveillance.

#### Note 6 – Tax

Tax payable	
All amounts in thousands of NOK	2010
Profit before taxes in parent company	771 057
Loss in subsidiary	206 033
Fx loss in group profit	-3 842
Profit before taxes in group	973 248
Profit before taxes in parent company	771 057
Permanent differences	7 575
Change in temporary differences	-82 729
Net tax basis for the year	695 903

#### Deferred tax receivable

All amounts in thousands of NOK	31.12.10	31.12.09
Property, plant and equipment	1 485 988	1 284 295
Pension liabilities	-71 081	-60 371
Other temporary differences	33 871	46 874
Basis for deferred tax	1 448 778	1 270 798
Deferred tax	405 658	355 824
Net other tax reduction temporary differences	609 704	704 955
Basis for deferred tax receivables	609 704	704 955
Deferred tax receivable	158 523	183 288

For calculation of deferred tax / deferred tax benefit a 28% rate has been used for the company and 26% for the finnish entities.

#### Tax expenses

All amounts in thousands of NOK	2010
Tax payable	192 028
Change in deferred tax	74 600
Taxes charge	266 628
Excess provision for tax payable in earlier years	3 016
Tax effect on fx loss in group profit	1 076
Total tax expenses	270 719

A loss in the subsidiary will not have any effect on the tax calculation in the parent company, except the loss on foreign exchange rate between booked values on the shares and paid in equity.

#### Reconciliation of taxes versus profit before taxes

All amounts in thousands of NOK	2010
Profit before taxes	973 248
Expected tax using nominal tax rate	264 506
Tax effect of permanent differences	2 121
Tax expense from this years operations	266 627
Excess provision for tax payable in earlier years	3 016
Tax effect on fx loss in group profit	1 076
Total tax expenses	270 719

#### Note 7 - Fixed assets, intangible assets and lease financing

1	Machines, fittings,	Intangible	Goodwill	Lease financing:
All amounts in thousands of NOK	vehicles	assets		-operating assets
Acquisition cost 01.01.	63 065	215 653	459 665	11 775 842
Rate difference opening balance	140	-452	-16 512	143 803
Additions during the year	18 331	84 943	-	5 881 715
Disposals during the year	-17 149	-16 980	-	-4 324 888
Acquisition cost 31.12	64 387	283 164	443 153	13 475 868
Acc. ordinary depreciation 01.01.	-41 437	-80 744	-	-3 533 593
Rate difference 01.01.	-682	209	-	-178 053
Year's ordinary depreciation	-9 259	-37 393	-	-1 900 147
Write-downs	-	-	-	-
Rate difference year's depreciation average rate	-	-	-	-
Reversed depreciation sold	13 925	12 061	-	1 655 208
Accumulated depreciation 31.12.	-37 453	-105 867		-3 956 585
Book value in the balance sheet 31.12.2010	26 934	177 296	443 153	9 519 283
Method on measurement	Acquisition cost	Acquisition cost	Acquisition cost	Acquisition cost
Depreciation method	Linear	Linear		Linear
Plan of depreciation and useful life	3 – 10 years	3 – 10 years		4 – 5 years

Intangible assets include software. The useful life is evaluated annually. Goodwill is related to the purchase of the portfolio from Eik Sparebank in 2007 and purchase of GE Money OY in 2009. Rent for non-recognized lease agreements amounts to TNOK 27 131.

#### Note 8 - Liquidity risk/remaining term on balance sheet items 31.12.10

All amounts in million NOK	=< 1 month	1 - 3 months	3 - 12 months	1 - 5 years	5 years	No maturity	Total
Loans / rec. on banks	88 433	0	0	0	0	0	88 433
- Of which foreign currency	78 089	0	0	0	0	0	78 089
Loans to customers	2 457 585	3 624 061	16 079 911	23 462 373	3 232 056	0	48 855 986
- Of which foreign currency	1 434 300	1 793 213	6 904 676	10 995 225	1 269 412	0	22 396 827
Other assets	0	0	0	0		2 023 421	2 023 421
- Of which foreign currency	0	0	0	0		557 488	557 488
Total assets	2 546 017	3 624 061	16 079 911	23 462 373	3 232 056	2 023 421	50 967 840
Debt to banks	6 726 812	4 985 212	16 644 179	13 749 896	619 256	0	42 725 355
- Of which foreign currency	2 174 342	2 285 101	9 921 743	8 981 305	0	0	23 362 490
Deposits from customers	284 968	0	0	0	0	0	284 968
- Of which foreign currency	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Issued notes and bonds	0	0	504 505	777 238	0	0	1 281 743
- Of which foreign currency	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other debt	0	0	0	0	0	1 542 380	1 542 380
- Of which foreign currency	0	0	0	0	0	641 337	641 337
Subordinated loan capital	0	0	0	0	655 183	0	655 183
- Of which foreign currency	0	0	0	0	104 487	0	104 487
Equity	0	0	0	0	0	4 478 210	4 487 210
- Of which foreign currency	0	0	0	0	0	361 264	361 264
Total liabilities and equity	7 011 780	4 985 212	17 148 684	14 527 134	1 274 439	6 020 590	50 967 840

#### Note 9 - Interest risk and interest adjustments periods 31.12.10

All amounts in million NOK	=< 1 month	>1<=3 months	>3<12 months	>1 year <5 year	>5 year	No maturity	Total	Interest sensitivity
Loans / rec, on banks	88	-	-	-	-	-	88	_
Loans to customers	17 227	20 798	4 497	5 017	226	1 091	48 856	219
Other assets	-	-	-	-	-	2 023	2 023	-
Total assets	17 315	20 798	4 497	5 017	226	3 115	50 968	219
Debt to banks	16 459	17 652	3 256	5 359	-	-	42 725	212
Deposits from customers	285	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Issued notes and bonds	470	607	205	-	-	-	1 282	3
Other debt	-	-	-	-	-	1 546	1 546	-
Subordinated loan capital	80	260	311	-	-	-	651	3
Equity	-	-	-	-	-	4 478	4 478	-
Total liabilities and equity	17 293	18 519	3 772	5 359	-	6 024	50 968	218
Interest rate exposure on balance sheet items Interest rate exposure on financial derivatives	22	2 278	725	-342	226	-2 910	-	1
Net interest rate exposure	22	2 278	725	-342	226	-2 910	-	1

Interest rate sensitivity states the value as the present value of the financial consequence of an interest rate increase of 1% point per 31.12.

#### Note 10 – Net foreign currency position

	Bala	Balance		Net positions		
All amounts in thousands of NOK	Asset	Debt	in currency	in NOK		
SEK	8 589 203	8 531 562	66 254	57 641		
DKK	5 071 185	5 029 984	39 371	41 201		
EUR	11 652 099	11 647 015	652	5 084		
USD	4 095	-	702	4 095		
Total 2010	25 312 487	25 208 561		108 021		
Total 2009	22 314 768	22 354 459		-39 691		

#### Note 11 - Loans and losses by main sectors

All amounts in thousands of NOK Public sector Agriculture and forestry Industry Building and construction Trade in goods Proprietary management Various Transportation Private individuals Foreign	Loans 31.12.10 230 927 163 301 337 203 1 387 277 2 051 101 234 560 2 473 920 1 604 837 18 436 412 22 894 634	Write-down 31.12.10 -56 -100 -154 -680 -2 237 -177 -1 623 -1 286 -5 327 -84 646	Loans 31.12.09 175 571 181 464 309 523 1 305 332 2 059 303 265 028 2 045 976 1 839 500 16 126 503 21 060 628	Write-down 31.12.09 -2 351 -1 784 -3 368 -13 495 -27 978 -1 771 -17 048 -14 082 -28 270 -31 182
Sum	49 814 171	-96 286	45 368 828	-141 329

Only individual write-downs on loans are listed.

#### Note 12 - Loans by geographic region

All amounts in thousands of NOK Eastern Norway Western Norway Southern Norway Mid Norway Northern Norway	Loan 31.12.10 14 110 288 4 889 707 3 519 711 2 830 216 1 571 339	Guarantees 31.12.10 73 282 10 804 12 131 6 766 6 310	Loan 31.12.09 13 134 850 3 001 076 4 398 810 2 380 615 1 392 850	Guarantees 31.12.09 62 078 5 304 10 361 4 418 5 636
Foreign	22 892 911	-	21 060 628	-
Total	49 814 171	109 293	45 368 828	87 797

The distribution is undertaken on the basis of the customers' registered addresses.

#### Note 13 - Pension expenses

Santander Consumer Bank has a service pension scheme under the Act of Occupational Pensions through Vital. In addition employees can take an early retirement pension at the age of 62. This scheme only applies to employees in Norway and forms part of a group agreement. The scheme gives the right to defined future benefits, which are mainly dependent on number of years worked, salary level at time of retirement and the amount of payment from the national insurance fund. The agreement also includes a disability pension, a spouse's pension and a child pension. In addition there are pension commitments to certain employees additional to the ordinary collective agreement. This applies to employees with a lower pension age, employees with a salary above 12 G and supplementary pensions. The former multi-employer plan called AFP was terminated in February 2010. The profit from the termination has been accounted for in 2010 as a reduction of pension cost. This same amount has been accrued as part of the pension-liability based on the calculation from the actuary. Pension costs from defined contribution schemes amounts to tonk 24 432 incl payroll tax.

#### Pension expenses

All amounts in thousands of NOK	2010	2009
Present value of year's pension earnings	15 728	17 265
Interest cost on accrued liability	11 383	11 188
Return on pension funds	-9 253	-9 667
Administration costs	1 130	1 124
Amortization of actuarial (gain) /loss	5 691	2 422
Accrual payroll tax	2 702	2 852
Net pension expenses	27 382	25 186
	24.42.40	24.42.00
Pension liabilities in balance sheet	31.12.10	31.12.09
Pension funds at market value	168 535	160 009
Estimated pension liability	338 230	294 363
Net pension funds	169 695	134 354
Difference not posted to P&L	-98 614	-73 984
Capitalised net pension liability	71 080	60 371
Payroll tax	18 900	16 631

The following assumptions have been used in calculating future pensions:

	31.12.10	31.12.09
Discount rate	3,60 %	4,40%
Expected return	5,00 %	5,60%
Salary growth	4,00 %	4,25%
G-adjustment	3,75 %	4,00%
Increase in pensions being paid	3,75 %	4,00%

Note 14 – Changes in equity

		Share capital		
All amounts in thousands of NOK	Share capital	premium	Other equity	Total
Equity as at 31.12.2009	1 512 469	891 314	1 416 407	3 820 190
Capital increase	1 150 000			1 150 000
Share dividend			-1 200 000	-1 200 000
Conversion differences foreign currencies (branches)			5 491	5 491
Profit for the year			702 529	702 529
Equity as at 31.12.2010	2 262 469	891 314	924 427	4 478 210

#### Note 15 - Receivables and liabilities to companies in the same group

Receivables and liabilities to companies in the same group

All amounts in thousands of NOK Santander Consumer Group	31.12.10	Interest 2010	31.12.09
Loans from credit institutions Of which:	42 725 355	1 082 281	39 829 783
Banco Madesant Santander Benelux Santander Consumer Finance S.A.	- 29 471 090 13 254 265		1 618 500 26 600 375 11 610 908
Accrued interest / other debt	259 403		230 802
Subordinated loan capital Of which:	655 183	29 952	750 000
Banco Santander Santander Benelux Santander Consumer Finance S.A.	180 000 210 000 265 183		380 000 210 000 160 000
Accrued interest / other debt	722		2 999
Subordinated Ioan capital MNOK 200, maturity August 2010, 6 month NIBOR + 1,00 % MNOK 180, maturity September 2016, 3 month NIBOR + 0,55 % MNOK 80, maturity October 2017, 3 month NIBOR + 1,00 % MNOK 80, maturity September 2018, 3 month NIBOR + 2,41 % MNOK 210, maturity June 2019, 6 month NIBOR + 3,43 % MNOK 105, maturity December 2020, 12 month EURIBOR + 3,20% Total subordinated Ioan capital		2010 0 180 000 80 000 210 000 105 183 655 183	2009 200 000 180 000 80 000 210 000 0 750 000

Financial information in accordance with the capital requirement regulation is published at www.santander.no

#### Note 16 - Ownership

The share capital is divided into 151 246 912 shares, of NOK 10,- par value. All shares are owned by Santander Consumer Finance S.A.

#### Note 17 – Capital adequacy

All amounts in thousands of NOK	31.12.10	31.12.09
Core capital	3 699 237	3 042 329
Eligible supplementary capital	655 183	550 000
Total primary capital	4 354 420	3 592 329
Minimum capital requirement (pillar I)		
Credit risk	3 319 080	2 866 589
Market risk	8 642	4 669,2
Operational risk	294 200	229 408
Deductions in capital requirement	-67 472	-71 328
Total minimum capital requirement (pillar I)	3 554 449	3 029 338
Capital ratio	9,80%	9,49%
Core capital ratio	8,33%	8,03%

Financial information in accordance with the capital requirement regulation is published at www.santander.no

#### Note 18 - Interest Expenses

All amounts in thousands of NOK	31.12.10	31.12.09
To credit institutions		
Interest expenses	1 084 127	1 137 772
Average loan	41 972 529	38 878 467
Average nominal interest rate	2,56%	2,89%
To customers		
Interest expenses	8 210	17 451
Average deposit	374 164	567 385
Average nominal interest rate	2,18%	3,04%
To bondholders		
Interest expenses	12 175	-
Average issued notes	386 560	-
Average nominal interest rate	3,15%	-

#### Note 19 – Guarantee liabilities

Santander Consumer Bank has as at 31.12.2010 a guarantee liability of NOK 124,7 M. This is mainly payment guarantees.

#### Note 20 - Ownership interests in group companies

Santander Consumer Bank AS owns 100% of the stocks in Santander Consumer Finance OY.

To reduce the risk related to changes in foreign exchange values it is established a hedge loan of EUR 157 M. The ownership in Santander Consumer Finance OY is booked at historical cost adjusted for the effect of the hedge, according to IAS 39.

#### Note 21 – Classification of financial instruments

Classification of financial assets	201	2010		2009		
All amounts in thousands of NOK	Booked value	Fair value	Booked value	Fair value		
Deposits with and receivables on financial institutions						
Deposits with Norwegian financial institutions	88 432	88 432	170 478	170 478		
Total deposits with and loans to financial institutions	88 432	88 432	170 478	170 478		
Loans to customers						
Credit cards	1 647 403	1 647 403	1 535 428	1 535 428		
Installment loans	39 196 694	39 196 694	35 808 354	35 808 354		
Financial leasing	8 970 074	8 970 074	8 025 046	8 025 046		
Total loans before individual and group write-downs	49 814 171	49 814 171	45 368 828	45 368 828		
- Individual write-downs	96 286	96 286	141 329	141 329		
- Group write-downs	861 899	861 899	891 595	891 595		
Net loans	48 855 986	48 855 986	44 335 904	44 335 904		
Other assets						
Operational leasing	395 877	395 877	383 144	383 144		
Other assets	0	0	0	0		
Sum other assets	395 877	395 877	383 144	383 144		
Total financial assets	49 340 296	49 340 296	44 889 526	44 889 526		

The last known sales value is used as fair value

Classification of financial liabilities	2010		2009	
All amounts in thousands of NOK	Booked value	Fair value	Booked value	Fair value
Debt to credit institutions Loans and deposits from credit institutions Total loans and deposits from financial institutions	42 725 355 <b>42 725 355</b>	42 725 355 <b>42 725 355</b>	40 083 073 <b>40 083 073</b>	40 083 073 <b>40 083 073</b>
Deposits from and debt to customers Deposits from and debt to customers repayable on notice Total deposits from customers	284 968 <b>284 968</b>	284 968 <b>284 968</b>	446 488 <b>446 488</b>	446 488 <b>446 488</b>
Debt established by issuing securities Certificates and other short term loan raising Bonds and other long term loan raising Total debt established by issuing securities	504 833 776 910 <b>1 281 743</b>	504 833 776 910 <b>1 281 743</b>	0 0 <b>0</b>	0 0 <b>0</b>
Other debt	0	0	0	0
Subordinated loan capital Other subordinated loan capital Total subordinated loan capital	655 183 <b>655 183</b>	655 183 <b>655 183</b>	750 000 <b>750 000</b>	750 000 <b>750 000</b>
Total financial liabilities	44 947 249	44 947 249	41 279 561	41 279 561

Note 22 – Issued securities

	2010	2009
All amounts in thousands NOK		
Issued commercial papers	504.833	0
Issued bonds	776.910	0
Total liability issued securities	1.281.743	0

#### Changes in liability issued securities

All amounts in thousands NOK Issued commercial papers Issued bonds Total liability issued securities		Book value 31.12.09 - -		Payments - -	Amortisation 87 183 <b>269</b>	Book value 31.12.10 504.833 776.910 1.281.743
Specification of issued securities All amounts in thousands NOK ISIN number	lssuer	Net nominal	Curroncu	Interest	Call data	Book value
	issuer	value	Currency	interest	Call Gale	31.12.10
Commercial papers NO0010588171 NO0010589658 Amortisation Total issued commercial papers	Santander CB AS Santander CB AS	300.000 300.000	NOK NOK	Fixed Floating	23.09.2011 05.10.2011	299.760 299.910 87 <b>599.757</b>
Bonds           NO0010588098           NO0010588080           NO0010590466           Amortisation           Totals issued bonds	Santander CB AS Santander CB AS Santander CB AS	450.000 250.000 300.000	NOK NOK NOK	Floating Floating Floating	24.09.2012 24.09.2013 26.04.2012	449.280 249.400 299.730 183 <b>998.593</b>
Repurchase Repurchased own issued commercial papers Repurchased own issued bonds Total repurchased own securities						94.924 221.682 <b>316.606</b>
Total issued securities						1.281.743

Note 23 – Risk Management

#### Credit risk/counterparty risk

Counterparty credit risk is considered to be the most significant risk for the bank. Credit risk is to be kept at a level that over time corresponds to the average of companies within the Santander Consumer Finance group, taken into account differences among the companies with regard to collection and product mix. The company has established credit policies that ensure a good diversification among the customers with regard to geography, occupation, age and so on. Single large credit exposures are to be reported to the Board.

Credit process and policies describe the guiding principles for the type of customer that Santander wants. Processes are divided into "Standardised" and "Non-Standardised" where Standardised credit follows a standard, very much automated credit approval process and Non-Standardised (Credits which do not meet the score requirements, larger credit and credit limits, as well as stock finance) are handled manually. Such credits are granted according to delegated credit authorities in accordance with current credit policy.

#### Market risk

Santander Consumer Bank AS' strategy is to not take on market risk in excess of what follows directly from the operation of the company. Market risk for the company is connected to currency positions as a result of operations in Sweden, Finland, and Denmark. Treasury policy limits possible exposure for each currency and the same limit applies to the total net currency position. Treasury policy further specifies that currency risk should be minimised as far as possible through asset and debt items being in the same currency, as far as possible. Net currency positions are shown in the attached Treasury Report. As a result of the modest size of the positions, a more detailed assessment of sensitivities is not considered to be necessary.

Santander Consumer Bank AS does not have a trading portfolio or positions in securities, commodities etc. Risk that follows from the company's net currency position is considered low in relation to the company's size, and is considered to involve an increased capital requirement in excess of the Pillar 1 requirement with 10 % of maximum allowed net position from currency in treasury policy; currently this corresponds to 10 mill NOK, particularly as unused credit card limits are not included in the Pillar I capital requirement.

#### Liquidity risk

Santander Consumer Bank AS' liquidity situation is monitored continuously. Treasury Policy lays down minimum levels for available liquidity and trigger levels for obtaining new liquidity. SCB has a goal of establishing more financing from outside the Santander group. The short dated nature of the bank's assets also constitute a significant liquidity risk reducing factor. This gives a possibility to generate liquidity by reducing new business should the need arise.

#### Operational risk

For operational risk, the basis method is used. In the company's risk assessments, no areas of operational risk have been identified that involve a loss potential in excess of that covered under Pillar 1. The company's review of the risk situation is timed so that it can coincide as far as possible with the company's plan and budget processes, so that any conclusions and risk-reducing measures can be taken into consideration in the company's plans.

The company has satisfactory monitoring and follow-up of operational risks. This is based both on the checks that were carried out in the company's own internal audit (contracted out to a third party) and on the checks carried out by the group's internal Audit function. The company's own risk assessments carried out in connection with the annual internal checking process were also used as a basis for evaluation.

### NOTES SANTANDER CONSUMER BANK GROUP CASH FLOW STATEMENT

All amounts in thousands of NOK	2010	2009
Operations	2 000 672	2 764 000
Interest receipts	3 809 673 -1 158 431	3 764 899 -1 202 294
Interest payments Other receipts	-1 158 431 -450 696	-1 202 294 -337 481
Operating payments	-450 696 -757 989	-749 486
Recovered on previously recognized losses	65 288	37 546
Taxes paid	-123 874	-91 375
Net cash flow from operations	1 383 971	1 421 809
Financial activities		
Increase/ reduction in lending	-6 647 452	-12 126 422
Increase/ reduction in other receivables	-347 542	-74 818
Increase/ reduction in prepayments	-407 532	-48 654
Net cash flow from financial activities	-7 402 526	-12 249 894
Investments		
Increase/ reduction in real assets	-166 304	-170 182
Increase/ reduction in other operating assets	-121 348	-749 920
Net cash flow from investment activities	-287 652	-920 102
Long-term financing		
Increase/ reduction in deposits from customers	-161 520	-67 371
Increase/ reduction in share capital	1 887 764	901 684
Increase/ reduction in equity capital	-80 247	-331 498
Increase/ reduction in loans from credit institutions	5 266 530	10 318 552
Increase/ reduction in subordinated loan	-94 817	210 000
Increase/ reduction in debt	417 517	710 674
Expenses incurred	188 935	-8 302
Group transfers/ dividends	-1 200 000	0
Net cash flow from long-term financing activities	6 224 162	11 733 739
Net cash flow for the period	-82 045	-14 448
Net change in cash and cash equivalents Holding of cash and cash equivalents at start of period	170 478	184 925
Holding of cash and cash equivalents at end of period	88 433	170 478
nording of cash and cash equivalents at end of period	00 455	170 478

#### Note 1 - Information on connected parties

#### Salaries and fees to officers and Chief Executive Officer

The company is 100 % owned by Santander Consumer Finance S.A. The chairman and the deputy chairman of the board have central positions in Madrid and are, together with the Chief Executive Officer, considered to be central management in the company. The management team has been evaluated towards the Norwegian accounting act § 7-31b and is not considered to be central management according to this paragraph.

All amounts in thousands of NOK	Salary	Bonus	Pension	Other remuneration	Total 2010	Total 2009
Chief Executive Officer	1 815	986	348	497	3 646	4 488

#### Board of directors

		Fees 2010	Fees 2009
Javier San Felix Garcia	Chairman	-	-
Eduardo Garcia Arroyo	Deputy chairman	-	-
Bjørn Elvestad	Member	125 000	125 000
Odd Lunde	Member	125 000	125 000
Vibeke Hamre Krey	Employee representative	125 000	125 000
Nina Lind	Deputy employee representative	62 500	62 500

The board of directors will present a statement regarding salary and other remuneration for central officers, cf. The Public Limited Liability Companies Act (Allmennaksjeloven) § 6-1 in the annual shareholders meeting.

#### Supervisory Board

	Fees 2010	Fees 2009
Total	45 000	45 000

Torkel Ernø, the chairman of the supervisory board, has received 25 000 both in 2009 and 2010. Other representatives has received 2 500 each per meeting. This rate has been unchanged in 2010.

#### Control committee

		Fees 2010	Fees 2009
Finn Myhre	Chairman	125 000	65 000
Egil Dalviken	Deputy chairman	20 000	25 000
Steinar Ouren	Member	0	5 000
Tone Bjørnhov	Member	20 000	-
Terje Sommer	Deputy member	65 000	-

#### Audit fees and advisory services without VAT

All amounts in thousands of NOK	2010	2009
Audit services	1 059	1 146
Other certification services	195	-
Tax advice	102	80
Other non-audit services	534	435

#### Staff

	2010		2009	
	Norway	Abroad	Norway	Abroad
Number of employees' as of 31.12.	285	138	267	114
Man-labour year as of 31.12.	261	125	244	104

Note 2 – Losses and write-downs

Loan losses expenses		
All amounts in thousands of NOK	2010	2009
Write-downs 31.12.	532 436	450 764
+/ - Rate adjustment opening balance	-1 769	3 365
- Write-downs 01.01.	450 764	232 258
+ Total recognised losses	287 946	251 759
- Recoveries on recognised losses	43 197	23 926
= Loan losses	324 652	449 704

#### Individual- and by group write-downs

All amounts in thousands of NOK	31.12.10	31.12.09
Individual write-downs 01.01.	141 329	27 847
+/ - Rate adjustment opening balance	555	-1 607
Reclassification from individual to group write-downs	-87 719	-
- Recognised losses covered by earlier write-downs	-	-
- Reversal of earlier individual write-downs	-	-
+ Individual write-downs for the period	-9 320	115 089
= Individual write-downs 31.12.	44 845	141 329
	31.12.10	31.12.09
Group write-downs 01.01.	309 435	204 411
+/ - Rate adjustment opening balance	1 214	-1 758
Reclassification from individual to group write-downs	87 719	-
+/ - Write-downs for the year	89 223	106 782
= Group write-downs 31.12.	487 591	309 435

#### Note 3 - Non-performing- and loss exposed loans

All amounts in thousands of NOK	31.12.10	31.12.09	31.12.08	31.12.07	31.12.06
Gross non-performing- and other loss exposed loans	908 742	826 673	533 508	324 677	276 997
Individual write-downs	44 845	141 329	27 847	28 055	33 245
Group write-downs	487 591	309 435	204 411	164 738	129 326
Net non performing- and other loss exposed loans	376 306	375 909	301 250	131 884	114 426

#### Note 4 - Repossessed assets

All amounts in thousands of NOK	31.12.10	31.12.09
Car Leasing	13 268	31 423
Other leasing subjects	-	-
Net	13 268	31 423

The company classifies vehicles as repossessed assets where it is a court ruling or consent regarding transfer of property of the object. Repossessed assets are booked at fair value. Differences between booked value and fair value are recognized in profit and loss when the object is made ready for sale. At realization the difference between assumed fair value and selling price is recognized against profit and loss.

218 017

-202 **217 815** 

### NOTES SANTANDER CONSUMER BANK AS

#### Note 5 – Risk classification

31.12.2010						
All amounts in thousands of NOK	Very good	Good	Medium	Less good	Default	Total
Gross loans	36 009 274	2 451 707	550 495	163 669	908 742	40 083 887
Write downs	107 912	40 059	44 288	20 365	319 811	532 436
Net 31.12.10	35 901 361	2 411 648	506 207	143 304	588 931	39 551 451
31.12.2009						
All amounts in thousands of NOK	Very good	Good	Medium	Less good	Default	Total
Gross loans	29 515 705	2 606 880	764 946	245 502	826 673	33 959 706
Write downs	67 810	35 340	45 054	245 502	275 898	450 764
Net 31.12.09	29 447 896	2 571 540	719 893	218 839	550 775	33 508 942

The company makes use of a risk classification system, which is based on objective valuation when granting/amending loans. Amounts in "Default" slightly increased during 2010, while early risk groups went significantly down. The development of the portfolio is under continuous surveillance.

#### Note 6 – Tax

Tax payable	
All amounts in thousands of NOK	2010
Profit before taxes	771 057
Permanent differences	7 574
Change in temporary differences	-179 846
Net tax basis for the year	598 785

#### Deferred tax receivable

All amounts in thousands of NOK	31.12.10	31.12.09
Property, plant and equipment	1 485 988	1 284 295
Pension liabilities	-71 081	-60 371
Other temporary differences	4 717	15 854
Basis for deferred tax receivable	1 419 645	1 239 778
Deferred tax (+) / deferred tax receivable (-)	397 495	347 138

For calculation of deferred tax / deferred tax benefit a 28% rate has been used.

#### Tax expenses

Tax expence from this years operations

Total tax expenses

Excess provision for tax payable in earlier years

All amounts in thousands of NOK	2010
Tax payable	167 660
Change in deferred tax	50 357
Taxes charge	218 017
Excess provision for tax payable in earlier years	-202
Total tax expenses	217 815
Reconciliation of taxes versus profit before taxes	
All amounts in thousands of NOK	2010
Profit before taxes	771 057
Expected tax using nominal tax rate	215 896
Tax effect of permanent differences	2 121

#### Note 7 - Fixed assets, intangible assets and lease financing

	Marillan Cutara	1		Less Constant
	Machines, fittings,	Intangible	Goodwill	Lease financing:
All amounts in thousands of NOK	vehicles	assets		-operating assets
Acquisition cost 01.01.	57 536	206 789	113 335	11 239 997
Rate difference opening balance	-69	478	-6 991	143 803
Additions during the year	14 296	71 920	-	5 143 878
Disposals during the year	-13 980	-16 721	-	-4 009 681
Acquisition cost 31.12	57 782	262 467	106 343	12 517 998
Acc, ordinary depreciation 01.01.	-38 579	-77 389	_	-3 380 893
Rate difference 01.01.	-246	-63	-	-188 136
Year's ordinary depreciation	-7 883	-34 967	-	-1 795 886
Write-downs	-	-	-	-
Rate difference year's depreciation average rate	-	-	-	-
Reversed depreciation sold	11 278	11 875	-	1 562 397
Accumulated depreciation 31.12.	-35 430	-100 544	-	-3 802 518
Book value in the balance sheet 31.12.2010	22 353	161 923	106 343	8 715 480
Method on measurement	Acquisition cost	Acquisition cost	Acquisition cost	Acquisition cost
Depreciation method	Linear	Linear	-	Linear
Plan of depreciation and useful life	3 – 10 years	3 – 10 years	-	4 – 5 years
	S TO years	s roycars		. Sycars

Intangible assets include software. The useful life is evaluated annually. Goodwill is related to the purchase of the portfolio from Eik Sparebank in 2007. Rent for non-recognized lease agreements amounts to NOK 24,076 M.

#### Note 8 - Liquidity risk/remaining term on balance sheet items at 31.12.10

All amounts in million NOK	=< 1 month	1 - 3 months	3 - 12 months	1 - 5 years	5 years	No maturity	Total
Loans / rec. on banks	85 429	0	0	0	0	0	85 429
- Of which foreign currency	75 086	0	0	0	0	0	75 086
Loans to customers	1 812 806	2 776 332	13 163 191	18 719 732	3 079 389	0	39 551 451
- Of which foreign currency	803 432	953 336	3 969 686	6 266 569	1 099 269	0	13 092 292
Other assets	0	0	0	0	0	1 975 775	1 975 775
- Of which foreign currency	0	0	0	0	0	310 894	310 894
Total assets	1 898 235	2 776 332	13 163 191	18 719 732	3 079 389	1 975 775	41 612 654
Debt to banks	5 586 408	4 590 059	12 538 006	10 424 800	611 380	0	33 750 584
- Of which foreign currency	1 033 908	1 984 540	5 778 510	5 664 368	0	0	14 461 325
Deposits from customers	284 968	0	0	0	0	0	284 968
- Of which foreign currency	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Issued notes and bonds	0	0	504 505	777 238	0	0	1 281 743
- Of which foreign currency	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other debt	0	0	0	0	0	1 251 780	1 251 780
- Of which foreign currency	0	0	0	0	0	167 572	167 572
Subordinated loan capital	0	0	0	0	655 183	0	655 183
- Of which foreign currency	0	0	0	0	104 487	0	104 487
Equity	0	0	0	0	0	4 388 396	4 388 396
- Of which foreign currency	0	0	0	0	0	115 074	115 074
Total liabilities and equity	5 871 376	4 590 059	13 042 512	11 202 037	1 266 494	5 640 176	41 612 654

#### Note 9 - Interest risk and interest adjustments period at 31.12.10

All amounts in million NOK								
	=< 1 month	>1<=3 months	>3<12 months	>1 year <5 year	>5 year	No maturity	Total	Interest sensitivity
Loans / rec, on banks	85	-	-	-	-	-	85	0
Loans to customers	14 557	20 529	2 111	1 224	222	909	39 551	99
Other assets	-	-	-	-	-	1 976	1 976	0
Total assets	14 642	20 529	2 111	1 224	222	2 885	41 613	99
Debt to banks	13 387	17 301	863	2 199	-	-	33 751	103
Deposits from customers	285	-	-	-	-	-	285	0
Issued notes and bonds	470	607	205	-	-	-	1 282	3
Other debt	-	-	-	-	-	1 256	1 256	0
Subordinated loan capital	80	260	311	-	-	-	651	3
Equity	-	-	-	-	-	4 388	4 388	0
Total liabilities and equity	14 122	18 169	1 380	2 199	-	5 644	41 613	109
Interest rate exposure on balance sheet items Interest rate exposure on financial derivatives	421	2 360	731	-975	222	-2 759 -	-	-
Net interest rate exposure	421	2 360	731	-975	222	-2 759	-	-

Interest rate sensitivity states the value as the present value of the financial consequence of an interest rate increase of 1% point per 31.12.

#### Note 10 – Net foreign currency position

	Bala	ance	Net pos	itions
All amounts in thousands of NOK	Asset	Debt	in currency	in NOK
SEK	8 589 203	8 531 562	66 254	57 641
DKK	5 071 185	5 029 984	39 371	41 201
EUR	1 223 501	1 224 600	-141	-1 099
USD	4 095	-	702	4 095
Total 2010	14 883 889	14 786 146		101 838
Total 2009	11 264 182	11 237 539		26 643

#### Note 11 - Loans and losses by main sectors

All amounts in thousands of NOK	Loans 31.12.10	Write-down 31.12.10	Loans 31.12.09	Write-down 31.12.09
Public sector	230 927	-56	175 571	-2 351
Agriculture and forestry	163 301	-100	181 464	-1 784
Industry	337 203	-154	309 523	-3 368
Building and construction	1 387 277	-680	1 305 332	-13 495
Trade in goods	2 051 101	-2 237	2 059 303	-27 978
Proprietary management	234 560	-177	265 028	-1 771
Various	2 473 920	-1 623	2 045 976	-17 048
Transportation	1 604 837	-1 286	1 839 500	-14 082
Private individuals	18 436 412	-5 326	16 126 503	-28 270
Foreign	13 164 350	-33 206	9 651 507	-31 182
Total	40 083 887	-44 845	33 959 707	-141 329

Only individual write-downs on loans are listed.

#### Note 12 - Loans by geographic region

All amounts in thousands of NOK	Loan 31.12.10	Guarantees 31.12.10	Loan 31.12.09	Guarantees 31.12.09
Eastern Norway	14 110 288	73 282	13 134 850	62 078
Western Norway	4 889 707	10 804	3 001 076	5 304
Southern Norway	3 519 711	12 131	4 398 810	10 361
Mid Norway	2 830 216	6 766	2 380 615	4 418
Northern Norway	1 571 339	6 310	1 392 850	5 636
Foreign	13 162 627	-	9 651 507	-
Total	40 083 887	109 293	33 959 707	87 797

The distribution is undertaken on the basis of the customers' registered addresses.

#### Note 13 - Pension expenses

Santander Consumer Bank has a service pension scheme under the Act of Occupational Pensions through Vital. In addition employees can take an early retirement pension at the age of 62. This scheme only applies to employees in Norway and forms part of a group agreement. The scheme gives the right to defined future benefits, which are mainly dependent on number of years worked, salary level at time of retirement and the amount of payment from the national insurance fund. The agreement also includes a disability pension, a spouse's pension and a child pension. In addition there are pension commitments to certain employees additional to the ordinary collective agreement. This applies to employees with a lower pension age, employees with a salary above 12 G and supplementary pensions. The former multi-employer plan called AFP was terminated in February 2010. The profit from the termination has been accounted for in 2010 as a reduction of pension cost. This same amount has been accrued as part of the pension-liability based on the calculation from the actuary. Pension costs from defined contribution schemes amounts to tnok 16 459 incl payroll tax.

#### Pension expenses

All amounts in thousands of NOK	2010	2009
Present value of year's pension earnings	15 728	17 265
Interest cost on accrued liability	11 383	11 188
Return on pension funds	-9 253	-9 667
Administration costs	1 130	1 124
Amortization of actuarial (gain) /loss	5 691	2 422
Accrual payroll tax	2 702	2 852
Net pension expenses	27 382	25 186
Pension liabilities in balance sheet	31.12.10	31.12.09
Pension funds at market value	168 535	160 009
Estimated pension liability	338 230	294 363
Net pension funds	169 695	134 354
Unrecognized gain/loss	-98 614	-73 984
Capitalised net pension liability	71 080	60 371
Payroll tax	18 900	16 631

The following assumptions have been used in calculating future pensions:

	31.12.10	31.12.09
Discount rate	3,60 %	4,40%
Expected return	5,00 %	5,60%
Salary growth	4,00 %	4,25%
G-adjustment	3,75 %	4,00%
Increase in pensions being paid	3,75 %	4,00%

Note 14 – Changes in equity

		Share capital		<b>T</b> . ( . )
All amounts in thousands of NOK	Share capital	premium	Other equity	Total
Equity as at 31.12.2009	1 512 469	891 314	1 481 946	3 885 729
Capital increase	1 150 000			1 150 000
Share dividend			-1 200 000	-1 200 000
Conversion differences foreign currencies (branches)			-575	-575
Profit for the year			553 242	553 242
Equity as at 31.12.2010	2 662 469	891 314	834 613	4 388 396

#### Note 15 - Receivables and liabilities to companies in the same group

Receivables and liabilities to companies in the same group

All amounts in thousands of NOK Santander Consumer Group	31.12.09	Interest 2009	31.12.08
Loans from credit institutions Of which:	33 750 584	842 039	29 060 121
Banco Madesant Santander Benelux Santander Consumer Finance S.A.	29 275 097 4 475 487		25 922 343 3 137 778
Accrued interest / other debt	153 206		99 811
Subordinated loan capital Of which	655 183	29 952	750 000
Banco Santander Santander Benelux Santander Consumer Finance S.A.	180 000 210 000 265 183		380 000 210 000 160 000
Accrued interest / other debt	722		2 999
Subordinated Ioan capital MNOK 200, maturity August 2010, 6 month NIBOR + 1,00 % MNOK 180, maturity September 2016, 3 month NIBOR + 0,55 % MNOK 80, maturity October 2017, 3 month NIBOR + 1,00 % MNOK 80, maturity September 2018, 3 month NIBOR + 2,41 % MNOK 210, maturity June 2019, 6 month NIBOR + 3,43 % MNOK 105, maturity December 2020, 12 month EURIBOR + 3,20% Total subordinated Ioan capital		<b>2010</b> 0 180 000 80 000 210 000 105 183 <b>655 183</b>	2009 200 000 180 000 80 000 210 000 0 <b>750 000</b>

Financial information in accordance with the capital requirement regulation is published at www.santander.no

#### Note 16 – Ownership

The share capital is divided into 266 246 912 shares, of NOK 10,- par value. All shares are owned by Santander Consumer Finance S.A.

Note 17 – Capital adequacy

All amounts in thousands of NOK	31.12.10	31.12.09
Core capital	4 120 130	3 642 994
Eligible supplementary capital	655 183	550 000
Total primary capital	4 775 313	4 192 994
Minimum capital requirement (pilar I)		
Credit risk	2 760 246	2 207 791
Market risk	8 235	-
Operational risk	229 609	193 393
Deductions in capital requirement	-37 527	-23 213
Total minimum capital requirement (pilar I)	2 960 563	2 377 970
Capital ratio	12,90%	14.11%
Core capital ratio	11,13%	12.26%

Financial information in accordance with the capital requirement regulation is published at www.santander.no

#### Note 18 – Interest Expenses

All amounts in thousands of NOK	31.12.10	31.12.09
To credit institutions		
Interest expenses	843 628	787 677
Average loan	32 443 080	27 146 379
Average nominal interest rate	2,58 %	2,86 %
To customers		
Interest expenses	8 210	17 451
Average deposit	374 164	567 385
Average nominal interest rate	2,18 %	3,04 %
To bondholders		
Interest expenses	12 175	-
Average issued notes	386 560	-
Average nominal interest rate	3,15 %	-

#### Note 19 – Guarantee liabilities

Santander Consumer Bank has as at 31.12.2010 a guarantee liability of NOK 124,7 M. This is mainly payment guarantees.

#### Note 20 - Ownership interests in group companies

Santander Consumer Bank AS owns 100% of the stocks in Santander Consumer Finance OY. The address is Hermannin Rantatie 10, 00580 Helsinki, Finland.

To reduce the risk related to changes in foreign exchange values it is established a hedge loan on EUR 157 M. According to IAS 39 the historical cost price on the stocks is adjusted with the same amount as value change on the hedge.

As of 31.12.2010 the following changes on the hedge loan and the owner interests in Santander Consumer Finance OY are booked:

Adjustment of the hedge loan on EUR 157 M to the exchange value as of 31.12.10	NOK 143,4 M
Historical cost price of the stocks in Santander Consumer Finance OY	NOK 1 366 M
+ Adjusted value on the shares due to the hedge loan	NOK -143,4 M
= Book value of the stocks in Santander Consumer Finance OY	NOK 1223,5 M

Company name	Share capital (1,2)	Number of shares	Book value (1)	Equity (1)	Result 2010 (1)	Result 2009 (1,3)
Santander Consumer Finance OY (1) amounts in thousands of NOK	1.050.447	600.000	1.223.501	1.066.260	61.222	(27.243)

(2) Incl share capital premium

(3) Incl merged company SCF Rahoitus OY

#### Note 21 - Classification of financial instruments

Classification of financial assets	201	0	2009		
All amounts in thousands of NOK	Booked value	Fair value	Booked value	Fair value	
Deposits with and receivables on financial institutions Deposits with Norwegian financial institutions	85 429	85 429	102 018	102 018	
Total deposits with and loans to financial institutions	85 429	85 429	102 018	102 018	
Loans to customers					
Credit cards Installment loans Financial leasing	1 647 403 29 981 090 8 455 394	1 647 403 29 981 090 8 455 394	1 535 428 24 920 897 7 503 381	1 535 428 24 920 897 7 503 381	
Total loans before individual and group write-downs - Individual write-downs	<b>40 083 887</b> 44 845	<b>40 083 887</b> 44 845	<b>33 959 707</b> 141 329	<b>33 959 707</b> 141 329	
- Group write-downs Net loans	487 591 <b>39 551 451</b>	487 591 <b>39 551 451</b>	309 435 <b>33 508 942</b>	309 435 33 508 942	
Ownership interests in group companies Ownership interest in credit institutions Sum ownership interest in group companies	1 223 501 1 223 501	1 223 501 1 223 501	1 101 226 1 101 226	1 101 226 1 101 226	
Other assets Operational leasing Other assets Sum other assets	0 0 0	0 0 <b>0</b>	0 0 <b>0</b>	0 0 <b>0</b>	
Total financial assets	40 860 381	40 860 381	33 610 960	33 610 960	

The last known sales value is used as fair value.

Classification of financial liabilities	201	0	2009	
All amounts in thousands of NOK	Booked value	Fair value	Booked value	Fair value
Debt to credit institutions Loans and deposits from credit institutions	33 750 584	33 750 584	29 272 496	29 272 496
Total loans and deposits from financial institutions	33 750 584	<b>33 750 584</b>	29 272 496	29 272 496
Deposits from and debt to customers				
Deposits from and debt to customers repayable on notice	284 968	284 968	446 488	446 488
Total deposits from customers	284 968	284 968	446 488	446 488
Debt established by issuing securities				
Certificates and other short term loan raising	504 833	504 833	0	0
Bonds and other long term loan raising	776 910	776 910	0	0
Total debt established by issuing securities	1 281 743	1 281 743	0	0
Other debt	0	0	0	0
Subordinated loan capital				
Other subordinated loan capital	655 183	655 183	750 000	750 000
Total subordinated loan capital	655 183	655 183	750 000	750 000
Total financial liabilities	35 972 478	35 972 478	30 468 984	30 468 984

Note 22 – Issued securities

	2010	2009
All amounts in thousands NOK		
Issued commercial papers	504.833	0
Issued bonds	776.910	0
Total liability issued securities	1.281.743	0

#### Changes in liability issued securities

All amounts in thousands NOK Issued commercial papers Issued bonds Total liability issued securities		Book value 31.12.09 - -		Payments - - -	Amortisation 87 183 <b>269</b>	Book value 31.12.10 504.833 776.910 1.281.743
Specification of issued securities All amounts in thousands NOK			_			
ISIN number	lssuer	Net nominal value	Currency	Interest	Call date	Book value 31.12.10
Commercial papers NO0010588171 NO0010589658 Amortisation Total issued commercial papers	Santander CB AS Santander CB AS	300.000 300.000	NOK NOK	Fixed Floating	23.09.2011 05.10.2011	299.760 299.910 87 <b>599.757</b>
<b>Bonds</b> NO0010588098 NO0010588080 NO0010590466 Amortisation	Santander CB AS Santander CB AS Santander CB AS	450.000 250.000 300.000	NOK NOK NOK	Floating Floating Floating	24.09.2012 24.09.2013 26.04.2012	449.280 249.400 299.730 183
Totals issued bonds						998.593
Repurchase Repurchased own issued commercial papers Repurchased own issued bonds Total repurchased own securities						94.924 221.682 <b>316.606</b>
Total issued securities						1.281.743

Note 23 – Risk Management

#### Credit risk/counterparty risk

Counterparty credit risk is considered to be the most significant risk for the bank. Credit risk is to be kept at a level that over time corresponds to the average of companies within the Santander Consumer Finance group, taken into account differences among the companies with regard to collection and product mix. The company has established credit policies that ensure a good diversification among the customers with regard to geography, occupation, age and so on. Single large credit exposures are to be reported to the Board.

Credit process and policies describe the guiding principles for the type of customer that Santander wants. Processes are divided into "Standardised" and "Non-Standardised" where Standardised credit follows a standard, very much automated credit approval process and Non-Standardised (Credits which do not meet the score requirements, larger credit and credit limits, as well as stock finance) are handled manually. Such credits are granted according to delegated credit authorities in accordance with current credit policy.

#### Market risk

Santander Consumer Bank AS' strategy is to not take on market risk in excess of what follows directly from the operation of the company. Market risk for the company is connected to currency positions as a result of operations in Sweden, Finland, and Denmark. Treasury policy limits possible exposure for each currency and the same limit applies to the total net currency position. Treasury policy further specifies that currency risk should be minimised as far as possible through asset and debt items being in the same currency, as far as possible. Net currency positions are shown in the attached Treasury Report. As a result of the modest size of the positions, a more detailed assessment of sensitivities is not considered to be necessary.

Santander Consumer Bank AS does not have a trading portfolio or positions in securities, commodities etc. Risk that follows from the company's net currency position is considered low in relation to the company's size, and is considered to involve an increased capital requirement in excess of the Pillar 1 requirement with 10 % of maximum allowed net position from currency in treasury policy; currently this corresponds to 10 mill NOK, particularly as unused credit card limits are not included in the Pillar I capital requirement.

#### Liquidity risk

Santander Consumer Bank AS' liquidity situation is monitored continuously. Treasury Policy lays down minimum levels for available liquidity and trigger levels for obtaining new liquidity. SCB has a goal of establishing more financing from outside the Santander group. The short dated nature of the bank's assets also constitute a significant liquidity risk reducing factor. This gives a possibility to generate liquidity by reducing new business should the need arise.

#### Operational risk

For operational risk, the basis method is used. In the company's risk assessments, no areas of operational risk have been identified that involve a loss potential in excess of that covered under Pillar 1. The company's review of the risk situation is timed so that it can coincide as far as possible with the company's plan and budget processes, so that any conclusions and risk-reducing measures can be taken into consideration in the company's plans.

The company has satisfactory monitoring and follow-up of operational risks. This is based both on the checks that were carried out in the company's own internal audit (contracted out to a third party) and on the checks carried out by the group's internal Audit function. The company's own risk assessments carried out in connection with the annual internal checking process were also used as a basis for evaluation.

### NOTES SANTANDER CONSUMER BANK AS CASH FLOW STATEMENT

All amounts in thousands of NOK	2010	2009
Operations	2 001 502	
Interest receipts Interest payments	2 991 592 -860 761	2 740 537 -934 331
Other receipts	-478 917	-159 303
Operating payments	-555 089	-487 431
Recovered on previously recognized losses	41 579	23 314
Taxes paid	-123 874	-91 375
Net cash flow from operations	1 014 531	1 091 411
Financial activities		
Increase/ reduction in lending	-6 395 598	-4 162 723
Increase/ reduction in other receivables	-137 009	-53 649
Increase/ reduction in prepayments	55 751	-44 204
Net cash flow from financial activities	-6 476 856	-4 260 575
Investments		
Increase/ reduction in real assets	-98 112	-256 598
Increase/ reduction in other operating assets	-122 276	-744 897
Net cash flow from investment activities	-220 388	-1 001 495
Long-term financing		
Increase/ reduction in deposits from customers	-161 520	-67 371
Increase/ reduction in share capital	1 150 000	784 000
Increase/ reduction in equity capital	-574 749	-793 115
Increase/ reduction in loans from credit institutions	5 848 028	3 631 724
Increase/ reduction in subordinated loan	-94 817	210 000
Increase/ reduction in debt	132 799	534 654
Expenses incurred	-7 791	-68 280
Group transfers/ dividends	-1 200 000	0
Net cash flow from long-term financing activities	5 666 124	4 231 611
Net cash flow for the period	-16 589	60 952
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	102.010	41.000
Holding of cash and cash equivalents at start of period	102 018 85 429	41 066 102 018
Holding of cash and cash equivalents at end of period	85 429	102 018

# ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

The annual accounts for Santander Consumer Bank AS were drawn up in accordance with the rules of the Norwegian Accounting Act, the regulations of the Financial Supervisory Authority of Norway and generally accepted accounting practice. The accounts show the activities of the company in Norway, Sweden and Denmark. In the group note section, the Finnish subsidiary is included. All figures and notes were prepared on the assumption that the business is a going concern.

#### **Basic principles**

The accounts were prepared in accordance with simplified IFRS as described the Norwegian accounting act § 3-9 and the accounting regulations issued by Finanstilsynet (the Financial Supervisory Authority of Norway). This means that all items in the profit and loss statement and balance sheet follow EU-approved accounting rules, International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), whilst the requirements of the Norwegian Accounting Act form the basis of the layout and note information, with the exception of IFRS 7 on financial instruments.

The company has undertaken individual reclassifications in the comparable figures for 2009, in accordance with the changes undertaken in 2010. No changes in principles took place in 2010.

#### Use of estimates in the preparation of the annual accounts

When submitting annual accounts in accordance with IFRS, it is necessary that management uses estimates in individual cases. The estimates used in the annual accounts are based on historical experiences and data. The estimates affect assets, liabilities, income, expenses and note information. The estimates are continuously evaluated against the background of historical experience and factors relating to future events. Actual figures can deviate from the estimates used in the accounts and the most important estimated items are therefore discussed below:

- Intangible assets
- Amortisation of loans
- Write-down of loans
- Actuarial calculation of pension liabilities

#### Intangible assets

On-balance sheet goodwill is subject to regular write-down tests. Capitalised software is classified as intangible assets, if the balance sheet criteria are fulfilled and are depreciated in a straight line after an estimated lifetime of 3-10 years. The cost of maintaining the economic value of EDB systems is charged directly to expenses.

#### **Amortisation of loans**

Loans are valued and measured at amortised cost according to the effective interest method. The company undertakes regular assessments of the conditions forming the basis or amortisation, including the expected term of the portfolio. If the estimate changes, the adjustment is included as income or expense in the accounts.

#### Write-down of loans

If there is objective evidence that a loan or group of loans has been subject to a fall in value, a write-down will be calculated for the fall in value that is equal to the difference between capitalised value and the net present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted by the financial asset's original effective interest (i.e. the effective interest calculated at initial rates).

Objective evidence that a loan has fallen in value includes significant problems for the debtor, non-payment or other significant breach of contract, and if it is considered likely that a debtor will enter debt negotiations or if other concrete events have occurred. The company follows Grupo Santander's 12 month expected losses write-down model including write downs on incurred but not recognised (IBNR) exposures.

#### **Pension liabilities**

The Norwegian company has both defined contribution and defined benefit schemes, whilst the branches and subsidiary have only defined contribution schemes. Pension calculations are carried out by an actuary and are based on conditions that can change in the future.

#### Inclusion

Interest income and interest expenses are included in the profit/loss statement at amortised cost through the use of the effective interest method.

Received and paid commission and fees and the like are included in the calculation of the effective interest.

#### **Financial leasing**

Financial leasing is classified as lease financing and is accounted for as lending. Contracts with residual value are written down to agreed residual value, distributed over the term. The interest part of the leasing fee is entered as interest income according to the principles described under the point for loans, whereas the repayment of the principal reduces the balance sheet value. In taxation terms, the leasing objects depreciate according to the balance method. Sales profits from leasing are entered under other operating profits.

#### **Operational leasing**

Contracts in which Santander Consumer Bank AS guarantees residual value are classified as operational leasing. Income from leasing fees consists of interest and repayment of principal and is classified under the item interest income. Operating equipment is included under the item fixed assets.

#### Operating equipment used by the company

The company's fixed assets consist of machines, inventory, EDB systems and cars. The company's fixed assets are entered at acquisition cost less straight-line depreciation and possible write-downs.

The following linear depreciations apply:Inventory5-10 yearsEDB equipment3 yearsCars and vehicles5-7 years

### Presentation currency and the conversion of foreign companies and assets and liabilities in foreign currency

The company's presentation currency is Norwegian kroner. Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are classified as financial items and valued at exchange rates on balance day. When converting currency exchange rates, the average rate on 31.12 for all balance sheet items is applied. Income and costs are converted using the average transaction exchange rate. Branches are valued according to currently applicable rules and any conversion differences are included in the result.

#### **Branches and subsidiaries**

Separate accounts are prepared for the branches in Sweden and Denmark and for the subsidiary in Finland. The branches' accounts are included in the company's accounts and notes.

The subsidiary Santander Consumer Finance Rahoitus Oy (former GE Money Oy) merged with Santander Consumer Finance Oy in 2010. Key figures from Santander Group is available at www.santander.com.

When investing in foreign companies hedges are established. This is done in the same currency and the same amount as the issued shares. The ownership of the shares is then booked at historical cost adjusted for the effect of the hedges.

#### Тах

The annual tax costs include tax payable for the income year and changes in deferred tax liabilities and assets. Any changes in deferred tax and deferred tax assets are shown as the year's tax costs in the profit/loss statement together with tax payable for the income year.

Deferred tax is calculated at 28 percent (26 percent for the Finnish subsidiary) on the basis of temporary differences between accounting and tax values at the end of the financial year. Deferred tax assets are entered as assets on the balance sheet when it is probable that the tax-reducing elements will be realised.

#### **Internal transactions**

Outstanding accounts, internal profit and loss and the like with group companies are eliminated in the group accounts.

#### **Consignment goods**

Consignment goods are goods held for resale. Consignment goods are booked at lowest of acquisition cost and fair value. Net selling price is estimated selling price deducted for estimated expenses concerning preparation of goods, marketing and distribution. Acquisition cost is allocated using the FIFO method and includes necessary purchase and placement expenses.

#### **Issued bonds and notes**

Issued bonds and notes related to our commercial paper program are measured at amortised cost. The corresponding interest expense is charged to profit and loss using the effective interest method. The effective interest method includes set-up charges.

### Deloitte.

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To the Annual Shareholders' Meeting of Santander Consumer Bank AS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Santander Consumer Bank AS, which comprise the financial statements for the parent company and the financial statements for the group. The financial statements comprise the balance sheets as at December 31, 2010, profit and less account, the statements of comprehensive income and cash flow statements for the year then ended and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

#### The Board of Directors and the Managing Director's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Board of Directors and the Managing Director is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with simplified IFRS according to the Norwegian accounting act § 3-9, and for such internal control as the Board of Directors and the Managing Director determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements hased on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with laws, regulations, and auditing standards and practices generally accepted in Norway, including International Standards on Auditing. These standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of Santander Consumer Bank AS and of the group as at December 31, 2010, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with simplified IFRS according to the Norwegian accounting act § 3-9.

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#### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Opinion on the Board of Directors' report and the allocation of the profit

Based on our audit of the financial statements as described above, it is our opinion that the information presented in the Board of Directors report concerning the financial statements and the going concern assumption, and the proposal for the allocation of the profit complies with the law and regulations and that the information is consistent with the financial statements.

#### Opinion on Registration and Documentation

Based on our audit of the financial statements as described above, and control procedures we have considered necessary in accordance with the International Standard on Assurance Engagements (ISAE) 3000, «Assurance Engagements Other than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information», it is our opinion that the company's management has fulfilled its duty to produce a proper and clearly set out registration and documentation of the company's accounting information in accordance with the law and bookkeeping standards and practices generally accepted in Norway.

Oslo, 23 March 2011

Deloitte AS aiom

Terje Boasson State Authorised Public Accountant (Norway)

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#### Kontrollkomitéens uttalelse

Til Representantskapet og Generalforsamlingen i Santander Consumer Bank AS

Kontrollkomitéen i Santander Consumer Bank AS har gjennom regnskapsåret 2010 ført tilsyn med banken i henhold til Forretningsbankloven § 13 og forskrift om Instruks for kontrollkomiteer fastsatt av Finanstilsynet 18. desember 1995.

Kontrollkomitéen har gjennomgått årsregnskapet for 2010 for Santander Consumer Bank AS, styrets årsberetning for 2010 og revisors beretning for 2010.

Komitéen finner at styrets vurdering av bankens økonomiske stilling er dekkende, og anbefaler at bankens årsregnskap for 2010 fastsettes.

Lysaker, 23. mars 2011

Finn Myhre

Leder

gil Dalviken

Nestleder

Tone Bjørnov

Medlem

Translation from the original Norwegian version:

The statement of the control committee

#### To the Committee of Representatives and to the General Shareholder's meeting

The Control Committee in Santander Consumer Bank AS has through the fiscal year 2010 kept attention with the bank according to the commercial bank law 13nd § and instructions for the control committees set by the Securities Commission December 18th, 1995.

The Control Committee has gone through the Annual Report for 2010 of Santander Consumer Bank AS, the Annual Report for the Group for 2010, the Board of Directors Annual Report for 2010 and the Auditors Report for 2010.

The committee finds the Board of Directors evaluation of the banks economic position is adequate and recommends that the Annual Report is determined for the bank for 2010.

Til Generalforsamlingen i Santander Consumer Bank AS

Representantskapet har i møte 23.03.2011 gått gjennom bankens årsoppgjør og revisjonsberetningen for 2010, samt kontrollkomitéens uttalelse. Representantskapet behandlet samtidig styrets forslag til resultatregnskap og balanse og styrets forslag til disponering av årets resultat.

Representantskapet anbefaler at styrets forslag til resultatregnskap og balanse fastsettes som bankens regnskap for 2010. Representantskapet anbefaler også at styrets forslag til disponering av årets resultat godkjennes.

Lysaker 23. mars 2011

For Representantskapet

Representantskapets leder

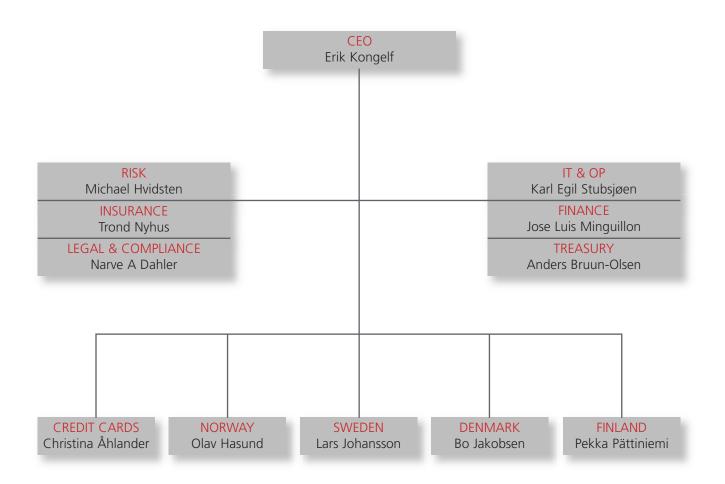
Translation from the original Norwegian version:

#### To the General Meeting in Santander Consumer Bank AS

To the General Meeting in Santander Consumer Bank AS The Committee of Representatives has in the meeting 23.03.2011 reviewed the financial statements for 2010, the auditors report and the report from the Control Committee. Likewise the board of Directors' proposition for annual reports and accounts and allocation of earnings was reviewed.

The Committee of Representatives recommends that the board of Directors' proposition for annual report and accounts is established as the financial statements for 2010. The Committee of Representatives further recommends that the board of Directors' proposition for allocation of earnings is maintained."

### SANTANDER CONSUMER BANK AS



# **2010** ANNUAL REPORT

Santander CONSUMER BANK

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