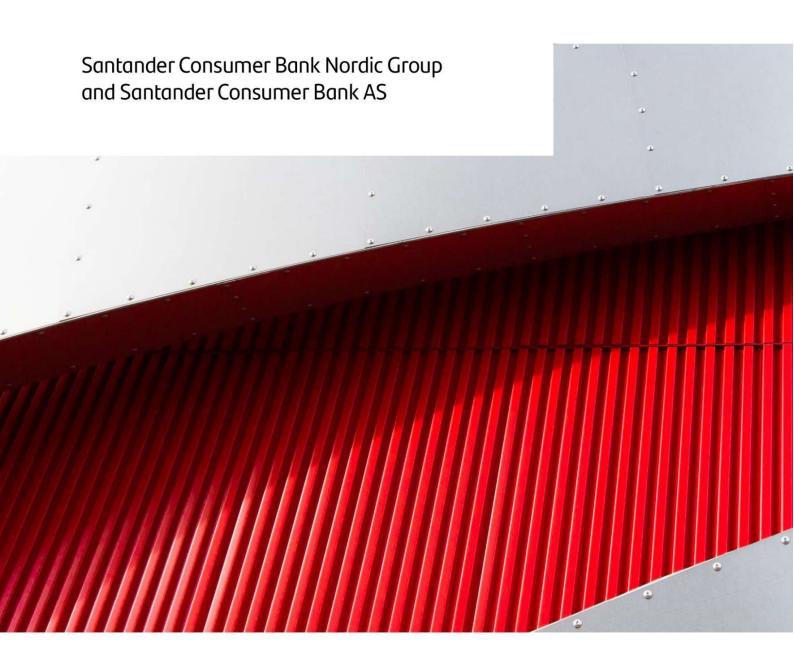
Third Quarter Report 2019



Letter from CEO

Stabil results in an ever-changing market

Third quarter proves that we continue to deliver robust results. Santander in the Nordics is a stabile bank in an environment that continues to change, both from a regulatory and from a market perspective.

To follow the changing environment, we are continuously reviewing our operations to ensure that we stay a competitive and agile bank that can offer value to our customers and partners.

Auto remains at the core of our business and the auto market is rapidly evolving. We continue to develop new products and services to keep our position as the business changes into a mobility industry.

We are expanding our partnerships and this presents new opportunities across the region. In the beginning of November we announced an acquisition of Forso Nordic AB, the captive finance operation of Ford Motor Company in the Nordics. Part of the agreement is a long term partnership offering financial services to Ford dealers and customers in the region. This will provide a major growth opportunity through an extended service offering for our customers.

In the Nordics, and internationally, the regulators issue new regulations that raise the bar on how to do banking. This affect our playing field. The regulatory changes pay special attention to risk management, something we strongly support. In Santander, risk is at our core. To maintain our trustworthiness among our customers and partners we are even more focused and working harder than ever to secure compliance.

We close the third quarter with a growth that remains sustainable, experiencing positive increase in results on the bottom line.



Michael Hvidsten, CEO

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Third quarter report 2019

Highlights

- Net interest income increased with 6% and gross margin with 4%, compared to the third quarter of 2018.
- Lending rose 7% compared to the same period in 2018, strongly driven by growth in the auto business.
- Deposit volumes increased by 22%, compared to the third quarter of 2018, and continues to be the largest funding source of the Group.
- The Group's Profit before tax in Q3 was 662 MM NOK, a decrease of 11% compared to the same period in 2018. Profit before tax year to date was 2 976 MM NOK compared to 2 792 MM NOK per Q3 2018.
- Ford Motor Company and Santander Consumer Bank AS have agreed to a sale of Forso Nordic AB (Ford Credit) to Santander Consumer Bank AS. The transaction is expected to take effect in Q1 2020, subject to regulatory approval.

Key figures Santander Consumer Bank Group

All amounts in millions of NOK	Q3 2019	Q3 2018	YTD Q3 2019	YTD Q3 2018	2018
Net interest income	1 832	1 723	5 372	5 136	6 919
Growth*	6%	3%	5%	5%	5 %
Profit before tax	662	746	2 976	2 792	4 134
Growth*	-11%	-16%	7%	-8%	3 %
Profit after tax	488	565	2 250	2 101	3 139
Growth*	-14%	-14%	7%	-9%	3 %
Total assets	182 024	167 791	182 024	167 791	176 108
Growth*	8%	10%	8%	10%	11 %
Net Loans to customers	161 975	151 290	161 975	151 290	159 284
Growth*	7%	10%	7%	10%	10 %
Customer deposits	64 613	53 119	64 613	53 119	54 645
Growth*	22%	10%	22%	10%	8 %

^{*} Year on year.

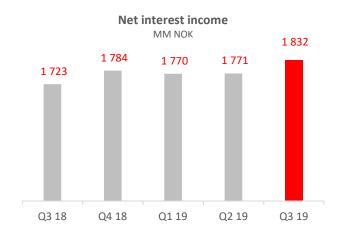


Financial Performance for the third quarter of 2019

Results

The Group's profit before tax in the third quarter of 2019 was 662 MM NOK, a decrease of 11% compared to the third quarter last year. These results were driven by an increase in administrative expenses due to cost of restructuring and higher impairment losses compared to the third quarter of 2018. Profit before tax year to date was 2 976 MM NOK compared to 2 792 MM NOK per Q3 2018.

Net interest income increased by 108 MM NOK compared with Q3 2018, up 6%. Higher lending volumes resulted in an increase in interest income with 140 MM NOK while higher cost of funding increased the interest expenses with 32 MM NOK. In addition, lower lending margins, mainly due to a shift towards more secured financing in the portfolio product mix, had a negative effect on net interest income.



Net fee and commission income decreased by 40 MM NOK from the third quarter of 2018.

Operating expenses for the period was 768 MM NOK, compared with 669 MM NOK in the third quarter of 2018. The increase in Q3 2019 is mainly driven by higher IT and consultants cost, due to investments from the ONE IT initiative.

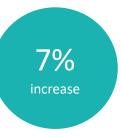
Other income and costs decreased by 157 MM NOK from Q3 2018, thanks largely to reduced loss allowances on off-balance exposures.

Net impairment losses on loans in the period shows a loss of 475 MM NOK, an increase of 209 MM NOK compared to the same period last year. A higher non-performing portfolio is the main driver for the increase. In addition, the implementation of the debt register in Norway is causing higher impairments for the unsecured portfolio and there is higher impairments in auto portfolios due to an increased share of used cars in the portfolio.

Loans and Deposits Performance

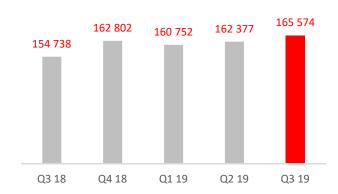
Loans to Customers

The Group's gross outstanding loans to customers were 165.6 Bn NOK at Q3 2019. This is an increase of 7% (10.8 Bn NOK) compared to Q3 2018. The growth is driven by good market conditions with sharper focus on financing as a tool to improve car sales and customer loyalty.



Gross loans to customers

MM NOK



Auto and Leisure Financing

Total new car sales (PC & LCV) in the Nordic market reached 716.343 units during the third quarter of 2019, a decrease of 6,9% compared to the same period in 2018. Norway and Denmark are still showing growth, while Sweden and Finland are experiencing a reduction in car sales. Sweden is subject to the largest slump, down 14%. The main driver behind this is changes to car taxation (Bonus Malus) implemented in Sweden in July 2018, which led to a substantial increase in car sales during first half of last year.

Expectations for the full year 2019 is a total new car sales of 945.000 units which is in line with 2018 numbers. The used car market is strong, showing an increase of 4%, ending up at 2.332.206 units. Under these circumstances, the Group has financed 204.966 new and used cars, down 11.1% compared to the same period in 2018. Present outstanding volume is 130.7 Bn NOK vs 121.3 Bn NOK YTD 2018, an increase of 8% compared to last year.

Intensified competition with pressure on margins is affecting the performance and has effected the market negatively. Balancing growth and profitability is thus a key priority for the bank.

In all markets, there is increased sales of hybrid and electrical cars. Norway is in front where more than 45% of all new cars sold is fully electric.

The auto industry is expected to be transformed, driven by digitalization and technology, environmental requirements and customers' behavior.

A new EU legislation phased-in from 2020, fully effective from 2021, sets mandatory Co2 emission reduction targets for new cars sold in Europe. Max 95g Co2/km with fee to be paid by the manufacturer if the target is not met. It is expected that the manufacturers will postpone the sales of low emission cars until next year and sell out cars with a high Co2 per km this year. Together with increased digitalization, technology and changes in customers' behavior, these are elements, which will be drivers for the transformation for the auto Industry going forward. SCB has several initiatives to support their partners in this transformation.

The Group is expanding their partnerships which will present new opportunities and a strengthened position across the region. On 4 November 2019, The Group announced that they had entered into an agreement with Ford Motor Company to acquire their captive finance operations, Forso Nordic AB. Forso Nordic AB is headquartered in Sweden, Gothenburg, with a subsidiary in Finland and branches in Norway and Denmark. The total outstanding portfolio, consisting of auto loans and leasing contracts, is approximately EUR 1,3bn., which is 8% of the total balance of The Group. The acquisition will be fully financed through an intra group loan from the parent company of Santander Consumer Bank AS. The agreement also includes a long term partnership offering financial services to Ford dealers and customers in the Nordic region. The transaction is subject to regulatory approval, which is expected to take place in the first half of 2020. The Group is currently evaluating the accounting consequence for the Group.

Unsecured Financing

The third quarter closed with an unsecured product portfolio of 35 723 MM NOK. Sweden was the biggest contributor in absolute terms (1 277 MM NOK) while Denmark saw the highest growth in percentage (+20%) versus third quarter 2018. Consumer loans continue to be the primary product in all four Nordic countries and represent the majority of the outstanding volumes.

The Nordic consumer loan market continues to be highly competitive, with both traditional players, as well as new competitors continuously entering the market. We continue to adapt and align our business with the regulatory landscape in which we operate, which is of key importance both to our business and to our customers. The effects from new regulations and the implementation of a debt credit registry in Norway is likely to dampen the pace of loan growth in Norway to a more sound level. In addition, brokers continue to play a significant role in the consumer loan markets. For Finland, broker presence and customer preferences for using them is still increasing, making it a highly relevant acquisition channel for us. Whereas in Denmark, the first brokers have entered the market with success and are expected to grow rapidly, putting pressure on acquisition cost, as well as on yield. However, it is also an opportunity to attract more customers and new segments.

Within the Sales Finance business, we are continuously enriching our commercial offering, in order to be the preferred commercial partner for merchants in the mid-to-high ticket segment for products and services across the Nordic markets. The competition is intensifying with online players moving aggressively into the point-of-sale (physical) environment, building on the same value proposition as online with ease of mind for the consumer and increased conversion for the retailer. In the third quarter, we continue to onboard merchants in the e-commerce space, which we see as a key area, as more and more merchants prefer to relate to one finance provider, both in the online and point-of-sale channel.

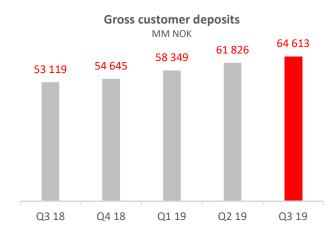
Santander, and other banks across Europe, are now operating in a PSD II-environment with increased standards, enhanced security and improved transparency for consumers. Open APIs for account information services and payment initiations, as well as additional requirement on strong customer authentication, have removed painpoints and addressed key risks affecting consumers and the overall market. PSD II provides opportunity for us as a bank to find suitable partners, in a growing financial services ecosystem, to co-develop banking services that meet new customer demands. Santander views this as the starting point of a wider movements of banks and nonbanks coming together to securely and effectively deliver the next generation of banking.

Deposits

Customer deposits are the largest funding source of the Group and it continues to be a strategic priority to grow in this area. Deposittaking capabilities have been developed in Norway, Sweden and Denmark over the last years. The focus

increase

in the third quarter of 2019 has been on optimizing the existing portfolio and developing new products, while also searching for new opportunities and adjust to changed legal requirements as e.g. new calculation methods for Deposits guarantee fund and Resolution Fund. Total outstanding volumes is 64 613 MM NOK per September 2019, representing an increase of 11 494 MM NOK (22%), compared to September 2018.



Risk Management

The Group leverages from pan-Nordic initiatives and strategies, resulting in highly homogeneous risk practices across the business units, while at the same time taking into consideration the local markets' needs and climate.

Credit Risk

The Group's Credit Risk profile in Q3 2019 remains stable for the total portfolio, with only a marginal change in risk profile compared to Q3 2018, in line with business strategy. The consolidated Non-Performing Loans (NPL) Ratio ended at 2.22% in Q3 2019, compared to 2.02% in Q3 2018.

The loan loss reserves have increased in proportion with increase in Non-performing portfolio, from 3 448 MM NOK per Q3 2018 to 3 598 MM NOK per Q3 2019. The total reserves as of Q3 2019 of 3 598 MM NOK include 3 329 MM NOK related to loans to customers and 81 MM NOK connected to off-balance exposures. See note 3, 4 and 5 for further information.

Liquidity and Interest Rate Risk

Liquidity risk is managed by monitoring regulatory metrics: Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) and Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR), in addition to internally developed liquidity stress test models and metrics in order to capture the Group's ability to survive in stressful conditions. The Group has a healthy liquidity position, managed at Nordic level to ensure efficient use of liquidity across the Group. As of September 2019, the Group's LCR was 162%. The latest available NSFR as of March 2019 was 100.90 %. Both metrics are comfortably exceeding the regulatory requirements.

The Group manages interest rate risk by aiming to match the repricing of the liabilities with the repricing of the underlying assets (loans to customers). An appropriate balance sheet structure ensures that the impact of changes in interest rates on net interest income and equity value are contained. Interest rate risk in the Group is measured using the Net Interest Margin (NIM) sensitivity and Market Value of Equity (MVE) sensitivity to account for the impact of various shifts in the underlying market rates over NIM and MVE. Both metrics were within appropriate limits for all currencies at the end of Q3 2019.

Foreign Currency Risk

The Group operates in countries with various currencies and is exposed to currency risk from these operations. The Group's strategy is to have a composition of the balance sheet that minimizes currency risk by ensuring that the assets and liabilities are denominated in the same currency. When the Group raises funding through the

international debt markets, FX derivatives are used to swap liquidity to the currency when funds are needed and to offset the position created. The total open currency exposure as of end of Q3 2019 was 1 683 MMNOK equivalent for consolidated SEK, DKK, and EUR exposures.

Funding

Maintaining a diversified funding platform is a strategic priority for

the Group, as it enables flexibility, optimization of the cost of funds, and reduces reliance on support from the parent bank. Over the past six years, the Group has developed deposit products across three of its four markets, it has been active in the Norwegian, Danish and Swedish domestic bond markets, as well as in



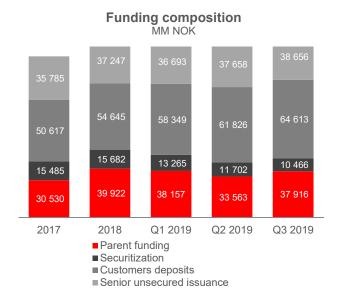
the Euro-market, and it has issued securitization transactions with assets from all four Nordic countries. Intragroup funding provides a buffer where strategically helpful, particularly in the short-term. The Group aims to maintain a consistent self-funding strategy, however there will be some variation due to seasonal fluctuations and timing of transactions. Self-funding sources totaled 75% per Q3 2019, with parent funding providing the remaining 25%.

Customer deposits are the largest source of funding, comprising 41% of total funding per September 2019. The total outstanding volume sums to 64 613 MM NOK across the three Nordic markets where the Group is present. Deposit volumes have increased 18% (9 967 MM NOK) from year-end 2018, with expectations of continued significant importance.

Senior unsecured issuance and certificates comprises 24% of our funding per Q3 2019. Senior unsecured issuance and certificates year-to-date Q3 2019 includes 2 000 MM EUR in the Euro market, 8 055 MM SEK in the Swedish market, 1 250 MM DKK in the Danish market and 7 150 MM NOK in the Norwegian market. In addition, we are present in the certificates of deposits market in Norway and Sweden, with 900 MM NOK and 1 720 MM SEK currently outstanding as of end of Q3 2019.

Total outstanding bond and certificate issuance equals 38 656 MM NOK per September 2019, an increase of 1 409 MM NOK (4%) from end of 2018. The weighted average remaining term to maturity, excluding certificate issuances, is 2.47 years. This number fluctuates somewhat and typically remains around 2 years.

The Group is rated by Fitch (A-/F2/Outlook Stable) and Moody's (A3/P2/Outlook Stable). The rating was first received in 2016, and has been maintained at the same level since then.



The Group has not accessed the asset-backed securities market yearto-date Q3 2019. Securitization issuance in Norway has been paused due to the change in Norwegian law. Securitizing the Finnish portfolio, however, remains as a source of funding, since SCF OY is not impacted by the change in law in 2016. The loss of funding from the Norwegian securitization program has caused total outstanding securitization volumes across the Group to trend downwards, currently equaling 10 466 MM NOK, or 7% of the Group's funding.

The Group looks to utilize its securitization capabilities more frequently going forward, once Norwegian legislation is harmonized with the new Securitization Regulation (Regulation (EU) 2017/2402), together with the amendment to the Capital Requirements Regulation (Regulation (EU) 2017/2401). The new Securitization Regulation establishes a standardized framework for securitization and creates a specific framework for simple, transparent and standardized securitizations. The Norwegian Ministry of Finance released in June a consultation paper on the adoption of the new regulations. The deadline for responses to the consultation paper was September 2019.

Loans and drawing rights from the parent bank and companies within Grupo Santander provide any remaining funding needs. These loans are priced at market rates, denominated in the local Nordic currencies and are currently concentrated in the shorter-end maturities.

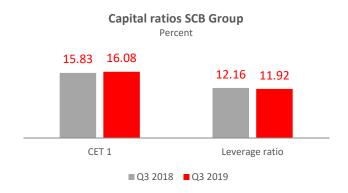
The Group expects parent funding to decrease slightly over time, even as it continues as an important buffer in our overall funding strategy.

Solvency and Capital Adequacy

The Group is supervised by the Norwegian FSA and has to comply with the capital requirements for banks in Norway. The Group has to comply with the capital requirements both at group level (the Group) and at stand-alone level (SCB AS). The Group had per September

2019 a strong capital adequacy position well above regulatory requirements. The figures presented below include profit after tax attributable to the first half of 2019, assuming a dividend payout ratio of 50%.

Following implementation of IFRS 9 in 2018, the Group publishes capital ratios both using the transitional rules for IFRS 9 impact (2019 allows for an 85% reversal of the capital impact) and capital ratios showing the full impact of IFRS 9 implementation. The capital ratios using the transitional rules (phase-in), are the official ratios that have to meet minimum capital adequacy requirements. The CET1ratio per end of third quarter 2019, allowing for phase-in of IFRS 9 impact, was 16.08% for the Group and 16.60% for SCB AS. The CET1-ratio per end of third quarter 2019 with the full IFRS 9 impact was 15.81% for the Group and 16.36% for SCB AS.



The required leverage ratio for the Group is 5%. Per end of third quarter 2019, the Group had a leverage ratio, allowing for phase-in of IFRS 9 impact, of 11.92%, while SCB AS established a leverage ratio of 13.16%.

For further details regarding Capital Adequacy, please see Note 7 "Capital adequacy" for details on capital composition, risk weighted exposure and capital ratios per June 2019.

Regulatory Changes

There are several regulatory initiatives in the financial sector, mainly EU driven, but also from a local national perspective. The Bank also strives to take an active role in the public debate and in legislative processes related to Norwegian banks.

During the third quarter of this year, the Ministry of Finance issued a proposal for a new Norwegian Act on loan mediation. The obligation to report unsecured debt to the licensed national Debt Registries in Norway entered into force and proposal for changes to the Mortgage Regulation and the Regulation on Unsecured Lending was submitted for consultation, all expected to further enhance consumer protection. In September, the PSD II requirements on strong customer authentication entered into force, although with a delay for certain transactions, and the Consultation deadline for the new Norwegian legislation implementing the EU Securitization Regulation expired.

Digital Transformation

Santander Consumer Bank (SCB) is operating in a rapidly changing market with customers demanding complete personalization, bundled services and seamless integration across borders. Digitalization, mobility and ease of use are important competitive factors in our industry.



In 2017, Santander Group launched its Digital Transformation Program as a key component of its overall innovation and digitalization strategy, laying out the Group's strategy for becoming a truly digital organization. To achieve its digital ambitions, the Group continues its focus upon progressing along two separate, yet complementary axes, (i) achieving greater digital customer engagement, through developing outstanding digital products and services and (ii) achieving increased operating efficiencies through establishing more efficient and flexible operating platforms and processes.

In support of this initiative, in Q1 2019, the bank mobilized the ONE IT program. In Q3 2019 the new Nordic IT Management structure

was set and a transformation of the whole IT organization was initiated. Balancing the organizational changes and ensuring that ongoing activities and operational risk is within agreed parameters is of high importance to the new Nordic IT organization in the time to

During Q3 the ONE IT projects have moved to the implementation phase. Agile principles to deliveries and results on the project implementation and adoption plans, have resulted in closer relationships between business and IT and also across the region.

Future Prospects

The auto industry is facing substantial changes. Car sharing, electrification, digitalization and connected cars are all trends that will heavily influence the industry. Flexible mobility solutions bundled with car-related services, offering a residual value guarantee, are increasing in popularity, especially in the private leasing market. Buying cars online is another trend, and dealers and importers are testing different concepts. The Group is offering such solutions for financing cars in the Norwegian market. There are plans to expand this concept to the other Nordic markets.

The Nordic car markets are showing a clear trend with reduced demand for diesel and petrol fueled cars and boosted popularity for EV and hybrids. Going forward, this will represent a challenge for the auto industry, in terms of reduced prices for used fossil-fueled cars, as well as lowered income from associated services. The related residual value risk of used cars is a concern, and the Group is, through strategic partnerships with third parties, offering to handle the residual value risk for the dealers.

Regarding unsecured lending, the growth in e-commerce and retail finance offers opportunities in goods financing, both at point of sale and online. New entrants have emerged from outside the traditional finance company sector and further players are expected. Technology will play an even more important role ahead. The competitive pressures in direct unsecured lending remain, with several new bank start-ups focusing on high-margin lending, with considerable risk appetite. Additionally, loan brokers are gaining ground across the Nordics. The introduction of rules and legislations, as well as media attention will counterbalance and possibly moderate some of the excesses introduced by the new players.



Customer deposits is the single most important funding source for the Group, and is expected to grow even more in the future. Hence, one should expect further impending diversification in terms of products and markets.

Finding ways to contribute to the UN's Sustainable Development Goals is important to the Bank. As part of the Banco Santander family, our approach is guided by the goals recently established by our Chairwoman, Ana Botin, as a signatory on the UN-led global initiative Principles for Responsible Banking. She has identified 8 key areas for all of Banco Santander's businesses to focus on. These include 1) Top Employer 2) Women in Leadership 3) Equal Pay 4) Financial Empowerment 5) Green Economy 6) Environmental Footprint 7) Universal Education and 8) Supporting Communities.

The Bank already has in place initiatives supporting several of these key goals, and looks to incorporate them more comprehensively in its strategy going forward.

In general, the Group is well positioned for future challenges. In addition to securing the needed commercial execution and needed investments, the Group continues to work on Pan-Nordic technology and infrastructure architecture, to secure competitiveness in the years

Lysaker, 14 November 2019

The Board of Directors of Santander Consumer Bank

Erik Kongelf (Chairman)	Bruno Montalvo Wilmot (Deputy Chairman)	Javier Anton
Frederico José Maria Ysart Alvarez de Toledo	Niels Christian Aall	Henning Strøm
Øyvind Ertzaas (Employee Representative)	Arja Pynnönen (Employee Representative)	Michael Hvidsten (Chief Executive Officer)

Profit and Loss - Santander Consumer Bank Nordic Group

		Q3	Q3	YTD Q3	YTD Q3	FY
All amounts in millions of NOK	Note	2019	2018	2019	2018	2018
-		0.000	0.000	0.440	0.440	0.450
Total interest income		2 203	2 063	6 440	6 118	8 158
Total interest expenses		-371	-340	-1 068	-982	-1 239
Net interest income	9	1 832	1 723	5 372	5 136	6 919
Fee and commission income		137	152	440	418	561
Fee and commission expenses		-55	-30	-150	-94	-132
Value change and gain/loss on foreign exchange and securities		-9	-4	19	36	27
Other operating income		67	57	188	163	216
Other operating expenses		-58	-52	-159	-161	-208
Gross margin	9	1 914	1 847	5 710	5 498	7 384
Salaries and personnel expenses		-321	-308	-1 024	-989	-1 339
Administrative expenses		-399	-332	-1 193	-1 111	-1 744
Depreciation and amortisation		-49	-30	-149	-128	-162
Net operating income		1 146	1 178	3 345	3 269	4 139
Other income and costs		-9	-166	7	-203	-189
Impairment losses on loan, guarantees etc.	3, 4, 5, 13	-475	-265	-376	-274	184
Profit before tax		662	746	2 976	2 792	4 134
Income tax expense		-174	-182	-727	-691	-995
Profit after tax		488	565	2 250	2 101	3 139
Allocation of profit after tax						
Transferred to other earned equity		452	521	2 146	1 974	2 969
Transferred to additional Tier 1 capital	16	36	43	104	127	170
Total allocations	-	488	565	2 250	2 101	3 139
Profit after tax		488	565	2 250	2 101	3 139
Items not to be recycled to profit and loss						
Actuarial gain/loss on post-employment benefit obligations		-	-	-34	-15	-37
Items to be recycled to profit and loss						
Net exchange differences on translating foreign operations		70	-14	-15	-93	48
Measured at FVTOCI		4	-	4	-	3
Cash flow hedge		-21	-15	-8	-39	-41
Net investment hedge			4	-	37	-11
Other comprehensive income for the period net of tax		53	-24	-53	-107	-37
Total comprehensive income for the period		541	540	2 197	1 994	3 102
Total comprehensive income for the period		J -1 1	J 1 U	£ 191	1 334	3 102

Balance Sheet - Santander Consumer Bank Group

		Q3	Q3	FY
All amounts in millions of NOK	Note	2019	2018	2018
Assets				
Cash and receivables on central banks	10	66	65	65
Deposits with and receivables on financial institutions	10	3 957	3 934	2 982
Loans to customers	3, 4, 5, 10, 12	161 975	151 290	159 284
Commercial papers and bonds	10, 11	11 944	9 438	10 363
Financial derivatives	10, 11	46	38	64
Repossessed assets		22	12	12
Other ownership interests	10, 11	30	26	26
Intangible assets		1 064	1 018	1 093
Deferred tax assets		-	265	_
Fixed assets		1 174	644	691
Other assets		1 747	1 061	1 528
Total assets		182 024	167 791	176 108
Liabilities				
Debt to credit institutions	10, 15	38 175	43 747	40 253
Deposits from customers		64 613	53 119	54 645
Debt established by issuing securities	10, 14	49 122	43 519	52 929
Financial derivatives	10, 11	26	15	45
Tax payable		382	465	140
Other financial liabilities		443	337	345
Deferred tax		646	594	259
Pension liabilities		162	98	126
Other liabilities		2 303	1 944	2 298
Subordinated loan capital	10, 15	1 698	1 692	1 731
Total liabilities		157 569	145 530	152 772
Equity				
Share capital		9 652	9 652	9 652
Share capital premium		891	891	891
Additional Tier 1 capital		2 250	2 250	2 250
Other equity		11 649	9 472	10 478
OCI items		12	-5	65
Total equity		24 455	22 261	23 336
Total liabilities and equity		182 024	167 791	176 108

Cash Flow - Santander Consumer Bank Group

		Q3	Q3	YTD Q3	YTD Q3	FY
All amounts in millions of NOK	Note	2019	2018	2019	2018	2018
Cash flow from operations						
Profit before tax		662	746	2 976	2 792	4 134
Adjustments for:					0	
- Depreciation, amortisation and impairment on fixed and intangible assets		80	57	238	206	266
- Net interest income	9	-1 832	-1 723	-5 372	-5 136	-6 919
- Value change and gain/loss on foreign exchange and securities		9	4	-19	-36	-27
- Dividends on financial assets at FVOCI		-	-	-	-	
Changes in:						
- Loans to customers	12	-1 432	-9 080	-4 530	-13 100	-14 711
- Operational lease		-64	183	-173	1 055	-151
- Repossessed assets		-2	-	-10	1	1
- Other assets		-283	397	-218	584	116
- Deposits from customers		2 787	2 327	9 967	4 358	4 028
- Other liabilities and provisions		-928	548	96	192	751
Interests received		2 220	2 067	6 487	6 120	8 158
Dividends received		-	-	-	-	-
Interests paid		-120	-513	-806	-1 205	-1 216
Net income taxes paid		-118	-83	-617	-332	-1 008
Net cash flow from operations		979	-5 071	8 019	-4 500	-6 579
Cash flow from investments Purchase of bonds		-7 311	-4 807	-12 153	-10 623	-13 924
Proceeds from matured bonds		3 402	1 959	10 535	8 283	10 397
Purchase of fixed and intangible assets		-25	-167	-98	-97	-156
Proceeds from sale of fixed and intangible assets		2	9	5	7	9
Net cash flow from investments		-3 932	-3 005	-1 711	-2 431	-3 674
Cash flow from financing						
Proceeds from issued securities		7 526	2 055	17 673	10 074	12 169
Repayments of issued securities		-8 088	-431	-20 394	-16 590	-10 834
Change in loans and deposits from credit institutions		3 817	7 837	-1 461	14 528	9 202
Proceeds from issue of subordinated loans	15	-	_	_	_	_
Repayment of subordinated loans	15	-	_	_	_	-22
Dividend payments		-	_	-1 000	-350	-350
Interest payments on additional Tier 1 capital	16	-	-43	-68	-127	-170
Net cash flow from financing		3 255	9 418	-5 250	7 535	9 995
Exchange gains / (losses) on cash and cash equivalents		-109	-3	-41	103	14
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		194	1 340	1 017	708	-244
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period		3 653	2 659	3 047	3 291	3 291
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period		3 737	3 999	4 023	3 999	3 047

Statement of changes in equity - Santander Consumer Bank Nordic Group

Q3 2019

					Translation					
		٥			differences					
			dditional		from		Cash	Net		
	Share	Capital	Tier 1	Other	foreign	Measured		investment	Actuarial	
All amounts in millions of NOK	Capital	Premium	Capital	Equity	currencies	at FVTOCI	hedge	hedge	gain/loss	Total
Balance at 30 June 2019	9 652	891	2 250	11 189	140	26	-7	-61	-140	23 940
Profit for the period	-	-	36	452	-	-	-	-	-	488
OCI movements (net of tax)	-	-	-	-	70	4	-26	6	-	54
Interest payments additional Tier 1 capital	-	-	-36	-	-	-	-	-	-	-36
Tax on interest payment additional Tier 1 capital	-	-	-	9	-	-	-	-	-	9
Share dividend	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance at 30 September 2019	9 652	891	2 250	11 650	210	30	-33	-55	-140	24 455

YTD Q3 2019

					Translation					
					differences					
		Share A	dditional		from		Cash	Net		
	Share	Capital	Tier 1	Other	foreign	Measured	flow	investment	Actuarial	
All amounts in millions of NOK	Capital	Premium	Capital	Equity	currencies	at FVTOCI	hedge	hedge	gain/loss	Total
Balance at 1 January 2019	9 652	891	2 250	10 478	225	26	-20	-61	-106	23 336
Profit for the period	-	-	104	2 146	-	-	-	-	-	2 250
OCI movements (net of tax)	-	-	-	-	-15	4	-13	6	-34	-52
Interest payments additional Tier 1 capital	-	-	-104	-	-	-	-	-	-	-104
Tax on interest payment additional Tier 1 capital	-	-	-	26	-	-	-	-	-	26
Share dividend	-	-	-	-1 000	-	-	-	-	-	-1 000
Balance at 30 September 2019	9 652	891	2 250	11 650	210	30	-33	-55	-140	24 455

Total shares registered as at September 30, 2019, was 965 241 842.

Restricted capital as at September 30, 2019, was 9 652 MM NOK. The split between restricted and unrestricted capital is in accordance with the Norwegian limited companies act.

All shares are owned by Santander Consumer Finance S.A. The annual consolidated accounts and the address of Santander Consumer S.A. in which Santander Consumer Bank AS is included, is published on www.santanderconsumer.com.

Financial Year 2018

		Oh ava 4) al al!4! I		Translation differences		0	Nea		
			Additional		from		Cash	Net		
	Share	Capital	Tier 1	Other	foreign	Measured		investment	Actuarial	
All amounts in millions of NOK	Capital	Premium	Capital	Equity	currencies	at FVTOCI	hedge	hedge	gain/loss	Total
Balance at 1 January 2018	9 652	891	2 250	8 274	178	32	21	-50	-70	21 180
Changes in initial application of IFRS 9*	-	-	-	-601	-	-12	-	-	-	-614
Changes in initial application of IFRS 9 - tax	-	-	-	144	-	3	-	-	-	147
Restated balance at 1 January 2018	9 652	891	2 250	7 817	177	23	21	-50	-70	20 712
Profit for the period	-	-	170	2 969	-	-	-	-	-	3 139
OCI movements (net of tax)	-	-	-	-	48	3	-41	-11	-37	-37
Interest payments additional Tier 1 capital	-	-	-170	-	-	-	-	-	-	-170
Tax on interest payment additional Tier 1 capital	-	-	-	42	-	-	-	-	-	42
Share dividend	-	-	-	-350	-	-	-	-	-	-350
Balance at 31 December 2018	9 652	891	2 250	10 478	225	26	-20	-61	-106	23 336

Total shares registered as at December 31, 2018, was 965 241 842, each with a par value of 10 NOK.

Restricted capital as at December 31, 2018, was 9 652 MM NOK and unrestricted capital was 13 684 MM NMOK. The split between restricted and unrestricted capital is in accordance with the Norwegian limited companies act.

All shares are owned by Santander Consumer Finance S.A. The annual consolidated accounts and the address of Santander Consumer S.A. in which Santander Consumer Bank AS is included, is published on www.santanderconsumer.com.

Profit and Loss - Santander Consumer Bank AS

		Q3	Q3	YTD Q3	YTD Q3	FY
All amounts in millions of NOK	Note	2019	2018	2019	2018	2018
Total interest income		1 925	1 765	5 601	5 243	7 004
Total interest expenses		-351	-297	-1 013	-891	-1 161
Net interest income	9	1 574	1 469	4 589	4 353	5 844
Fee and commission income	<u> </u>	124	145	407	398	532
Fee and commission expenses		-49	-24	-132	-77	-109
•		-49 -10	-24 -4	11	34	-109
Value change and gain/loss on foreign exchange and securities		39	-4 26	100	73	96
Other operating expenses		-32	-25	-80	-83	-105
Other operating expenses		1 646	1 587	4 896	4 698	6 280
Gross margin						
Salaries and personnel expenses		-283 -308	-265	-918 -948	- 857	-1 328 -1 301
Administrative expenses Depreciation and amortisation		-306 -43	-295 -27	-946 -131	-960 -120	-1 301 -149
•			1 001			
Net operating income		1 013		2 898	2 761	3 501
Other income and costs	2 4 5 42	-19	-167	8	-204	-190
Impairment losses on loan, guarantees etc.	3, 4, 5, 13	-415	-234	-372	-186	159
Profit before tax		578	600	2 534	2 372	3 469
Income tax expense Profit after tax		-157 421	-152 447	-638 1 896	-607 1 765	-862 2 607
Allocation of profit after tax						
Transferred to other earned equity		385	404	1 792	1 638	2 437
Transferred to additional Tier 1 capital	16	36	43	104	127	170
Total allocations		421	447	1 896	1 765	2 607
Profit after tax		421	447	1 896	1 765	2 607
Items not to be recycled to profit and loss						
Actuarial gain/loss on post-employment benefit obligations		-	-	-34	-15	-37
Items to be recycled to profit and loss						
Net exchange differences on translating foreign operations		3	-	-4	4	2
Measured at FVTOCI		4	-	4	3	3
Cash flow hedge		-1	-17	2	-39	-35
Other comprehensive income for the period net of tax		6	-17	-32	-47	-66
Total comprehensive income for the period		427	430	1 864	1 718	2 541

Balance Sheet - Santander Consumer Bank AS

All amounts in millions of NOK	Note			
		2019	2018	2018
Assets				
Cash and receivables on central banks	10	66	65	65
Deposits with and receivables on financial institutions	10	2 369	2 569	1 216
Loans to customers	3, 4, 5, 10, 12	126 543	121 246	125 624
Commercial papers and bonds	10, 11	8 813	7 361	8 025
Financial derivatives	10, 11	16	37	50
Repossessed assets	-,	10	8	7
Loans to subsidiaries and SPV's	10, 15	12 453	8 545	8 872
Investments in subsidiaries	75, 75	1 285	1 229	1 292
Other ownership interests	10, 11	30	26	26
Intangible assets	-,	634	605	653
Deferred tax assets		_	77	_
Fixed assets		724	247	256
Other assets		1 639	1 074	1 314
Total assets		154 581	143 088	147 400
Liabilities				
Debt to credit institutions	10, 15	23 696	30 620	29 269
Deposits from customers		64 613	53 119	54 645
Debt established by issuing securities	10, 14	38 656	33 791	37 247
Financial derivatives	10, 11	5	15	38
Tax payable		382	465	140
Other financial liabilities		427	333	343
Deferred tax		803	598	468
Pension liabilities		162	98	126
Other liabilities		1 744	1 540	1 784
Subordinated loan capital	10, 15	1 698	1 692	1 731
Total liabilities		132 186	122 270	125 790
Earlie.				
Equity Share capital		9 652	9 652	9 652
Share capital Share capital premium		9 652 891	9 652 891	9 652 891
Additional Tier 1 capital		2 250	2 250	2 250
Other equity		9 739	2 230 8 110	8 920
OCI items		-137	-86	-105
Total equity		22 395	20 818	21 609
Total equity		ZZ 390	20 010	£1 003
Total liabilities and equity		154 581	143 088	147 400

Cash Flow - Santander Consumer Bank AS

All amounts in millions of NOK Cash flow from operations Profit before tax Adjustments for: Depreciation, amortisation and impairment on fixed and intangible assets Net interest income Value change and gain/loss on foreign exchange and securities Dividends on financial assets at FVOCI Changes in:	Note 9	578 50 -1 574	2018 600 30	2019 2 534	2018 2 372	2018 3 469
Profit before tax Adjustments for: Depreciation, amortisation and impairment on fixed and intangible assets Net interest income Value change and gain/loss on foreign exchange and securities Dividends on financial assets at FVOCI	9	50		2 534		3 469
Adjustments for: Depreciation, amortisation and impairment on fixed and intangible assets Net interest income Value change and gain/loss on foreign exchange and securities Dividends on financial assets at FVOCI	9	50		2 534		3 469
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment on fixed and intangible assets Net interest income Value change and gain/loss on foreign exchange and securities Dividends on financial assets at FVOCI	9		30			
Net interest income Value change and gain/loss on foreign exchange and securities Dividends on financial assets at FVOCI	9		30		-	
· Value change and gain/loss on foreign exchange and securities · Dividends on financial assets at FVOCI	9	-1 574		148	128	162
Dividends on financial assets at FVOCI			-1 469	-4 589	-4 353	-5 844
		10	4	-11	-34	-22
Changes in:		-	-	-	-	
- Loans to customers	12	-941	-6 721	-2 926	-8 209	-8 645
Operational lease		-58	-7	-169	316	-45
- Repossessed assets		1	1	-3	-2	1
Other assets		-1	-11	-325	375	134
- Deposits from customers		2 787	2 327	9 967	4 358	4 028
Other liabilities and provisions		619	140	851	50	512
Interests received		1 940	1 772	5 650	5 254	7 021
Dividends received		-	-	-	-	-
nterests paid		-120	-473	-799	-1 128	-1 176
Net income taxes paid		-84	-51	-517	-230	-876
Net cash flow from operations		3 207	-3 861	9 811	-1 102	-1 281
Cash flow from investments						
Purchase of bonds		-3 043	-1 716	-7 594	-4 473	-6 875
Proceeds from matured bonds		2 572	1 768	6 845	4 778	5 200
Purchase of fixed and intangible assets		-21	-25	-76	-79	-132
Proceeds from sale of fixed and intangible assets		1	2	3	3	-132
Net cash flow from investments		-492	29	-822	228	-1 804
ver cash now nom investments		-432	23	-022	220	-1 004
Cash flow from financing						
Proceeds from issued securities		7 526	2 055	17 673	10 074	12 154
Repayments of issued securities		-7 071	794	-15 925	-10 834	-10 833
Change in loans to and deposits from credit institutions		-3 135	3 066	-8 448	3 736	2 133
Proceeds from issue of subordinated loans	15	-	-	-	-	-
Repayment of subordinated loans	15	-	-	-	-	-
Dividend payments		-	-	-1 000	-350	-350
nterest payments on additional Tier 1 capital	16	-	-43	-68	-127	-170
Net cash flow from financing		-2 680	5 873	-7 768	2 499	2 933
Exchange gains / (losses) on cash and cash equivalents		-65	-5	-34	48	17
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		-30	1 581	1 187	1 218	-135
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period		2 388	1 053	1 281	1 416	1 416
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period		2 293	2 634	2 434	2 634	1 281

Statement of changes in equity - Santander Consumer Bank AS

Q3 2019					Translation				
<u> </u>					differences				
		Share	Additional		from		Cash		
	Share	Capital	Tier 1	Other	foreign	Measured	flow	Actuarial	
All amounts in millions of NOK	Capital	Premium	Capital	Equity	currencies	FVTOCI	hedge	gain/loss	Total
Balance at 30 June 2019	9 652	891	2 250	9 344	-17	26	-12	-140	21 995
Profit for the period	-	-	36	385	-	-	-	-	421
OCI movements (net of tax)	-	-	-	-	3	4	-1	-0	6
Interest payments additional Tier 1 capital	-	-	-36	-	-	-	-	-	-36
Tax on interest payment additional Tier 1 capital	-	-	-	9	-	-	-	-	9
Share dividend	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance at 30 September 2019	9 652	891	2 250	9 739	-14	30	-13	-140	22 395

YTD Q3 2019

					Translation				
					differences				
		Share	Additional		from		Cash		
	Share	Capital	Tier 1	Other	foreign	Measured	flow	Actuarial	
All amounts in millions of NOK	Capital	Premium	Capital	Equity	currencies	FVTOCI	hedge	gain/loss	Total
Balance at 1 January 2019	9 652	891	2 250	8 920	-9	26	-15	-106	21 609
Profit for the period	-	-	104	1 792					1 896
OCI movements (net of tax)	-	-		-	-4	4	2	-34	-32
Interest payments additional Tier 1 capital	-	-	-104	-	-	-	-	-	-104
Tax on interest payment additional Tier 1 capital	-	-	-	26	-	-	-	-	26
Share dividend	-	-	-	-1 000	-	-	-	-	-1 000
Balance at 30 September 2019	9 652	891	2 250	9 739	-13	30	-13	-140	22 395

Total shares registered as at September 30, 2019, was 965 241 842, each with a par value of 10 NOK.

Restricted capital as at September 30, 2019, was 9 652 MM NOK. The split between restricted and unrestricted capital is in accordance with the Norwegian limited companies act.

All shares are owned by Santander Consumer Finance S.A. The annual consolidated accounts and the address of Santander Consumer S.A. in which Santander Consumer Bank AS is included, is published on www.santanderconsumer.com.

Financial Year 2018					differences				
		Share	Additional		from		Cash		
	Share	Capital	Tier 1	Other	foreign	Measured	flow	Actuarial	
All amounts in millions of NOK	Capital	Premium	Capital	Equity	currencies	FVTOCI	hedge	gain/loss	Total
Balance at 1 January 2018	9 652	891	2 250	7 164	-12	31	20	-70	19 928
Changes in initial application of IFRS 9*	-	-	-	-498	-	-11	-	-	-509
Changes in initial application of IFRS 9 - tax*	-	-	-	124	-	3	-	-	127
Restated balance at 1 January 2018	9 652	891	2 250	6 791	-12	23	20	-70	19 546
Profit for the period	-	-	170	2 437	-	-	-	-	2 607
OCI movements (net of tax)	-	-	-	-	2	3	-35	-37	-66
Interest payments additional Tier 1 capital	-	-	-170	-	-	-	-	-	-170
Tax on interest payment additional Tier 1 capital	-	-	-	42	-	-	-	-	42
Share dividend	-	-	-	-350	-	-	-	-	-350
Balance at 31 December 2018	9 652	891	2 250	8 920	-10	26	-15	-107	21 609

Total shares registered as at December 31, 2018, was 965 241 842, each with a par value of 10 NOK.

Restricted capital as at December 31, 2018, was 9 652 MM NOK. The split between restricted and unrestricted capital is in accordance with the Norwegian limited companies act.

All shares are owned by Santander Consumer Finance S.A. The annual consolidated accounts and the address of Santander Consumer S.A. in which Santander Consumer Bank AS is included, is published on www.santanderconsumer.com.

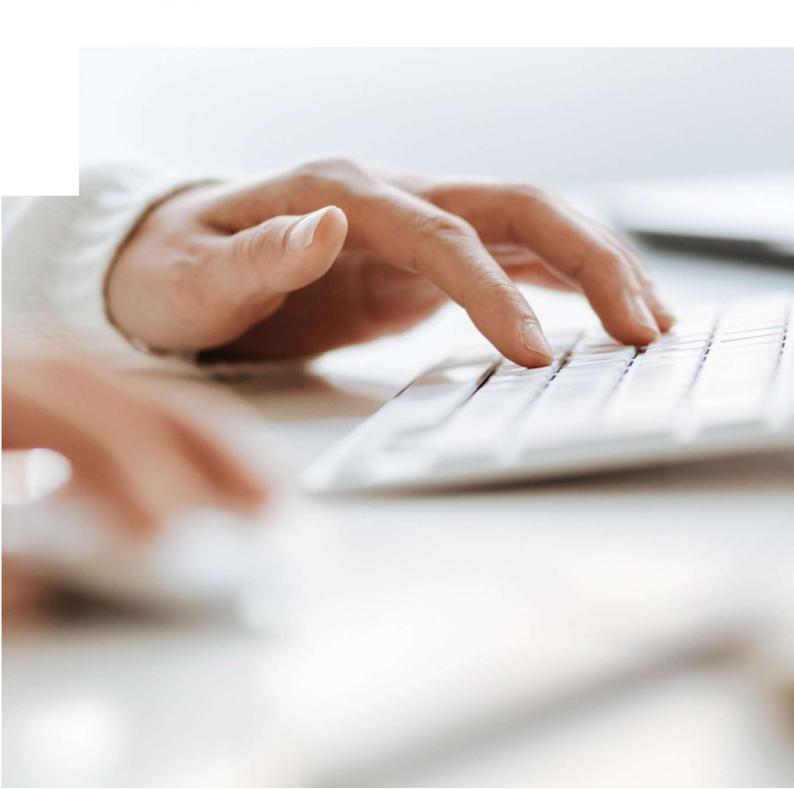
Lysaker, 14 November 2019

The Board of Directors of Santander Consumer Bank

Erik Kongelf (Chairman)	Bruno Montalvo Wilmot (Deputy Chairman)	Javier Anton
Frederico José Maria Ysart Alvarez de Toledo	Niels Christian Aall	Henning Strøm
Øyvind Ertzaas (Employee Representative)	Arja Pynnönen (Employee Representative)	Michael Hvidsten (Chief Executive Officer)

Group notes





Note 1 - Basis of preparation

The accounts show the activities of the company in Norway, Sweden and Denmark (Santander Consumer Bank AS). In the group accounts, the Finnish subsidiary (Santander Consumer Finance OY) and the special purpose entities are included. All figures and notes were prepared under the assumption that the business is a going concern.

The Santander Consumer Bank interim accounts for the third quarter of 2019 have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting, and should be read in conjunction with the Group's last annual report as at and for the year ended 31 December

The annual report for 2018 may be obtained by contacting Santander Consumer Bank AS, Strandveien 18, Lysaker – or by visiting www.santander.no.

These interim financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 14th November 2019.

Note 2 - Accounting principles

The Group's accounting policies are consistent with those of the previous financial year as described in the 2018 annual report except as described below.

The preparation of the interim financial statements requires the use of evaluations, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of the accounting principles and amounts recognized as assets and liabilities, income and expenses. The important assessments underlying the application of the Group's accounting policies and the main sources of uncertainty are the same for the interim financial statements as for the consolidated financial statements for 2018, except for the critical judgements in determining the lease term following the implementation of IFRS 16.

Critical judgements in determining the lease term

From 1 January 2019 the Group has implemented the new leasing standard IFRS 16. For all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low value, a lease liability and a corresponding right-of-use asset is recognized in the consolidated statement of financial position.

In determining the lease term, management considers all facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive to exercise an extension option, or not exercise a termination option. Extension options are only included in the lease term if the lease is reasonably certain to be extended. Periods after a termination option are included in the lease term unless it is reasonably certain that the option will be exercised.

The assessment is reviewed if a significant event or a significant change in circumstances occurs which affects this assessment and that is within the control of the Group.

Note 3 - Credit risk exposure

All amounts in millions of NOK

Maximum exposure to credit risk - Financial instruments subject to impairment

The following table contains an analysis of the credit risk exposure of financial instruments for which an ECL allowance is recognised. The gross carrying amount of financial assets below also represents the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk on these assets.

Q3 2019

	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	
	12-month	Lifetime	Lifetime	
Unsecured loans	ECL	ECL	ECL	Total
Credit grade				
Loans not past due date	30 044	775	-	30 818
Standard monitoring	1 095	1 504	-	2 599
Special monitoring	-	177	-	177
Default	-	-	2 130	2 130
Gross carrying amount	31 139	2 455	2 130	35 724
Loss allowance	-488	-361	-1 225	-2 074
Carrying amount	30 651	2 095	905	33 650
Loss allowance (off balance exposures)	48	17	16	81

Loans not past due date: Exposures that are not in arrears and not in default.

Standard monitoring: Exposures in early arrears.

Special monitoring: Exposures under special monitoring.

Default: Defaulted loans.

Q3 2019

	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	
	12-month		Lifetime	
Secured loans	ECL	ECL	ECL	Total
Credit grade				
Loans not past due date	119 990	2 472	-	122 462
Standard monitoring	3 718	1 861	-	5 578
Special monitoring	1	247	20	268
Default	-	-	1 542	1 542
Gross carrying amount	123 708	4 579	1 562	129 850
Loss allowance	-553	-206	-767	-1 525
Carrying amount	123 155	4 374	796	128 325

Loans not past due date: Exposures that are not in arrears and not in default.

Standard monitoring: Exposures in early arrears.

Special monitoring: Exposures under special monitoring.

Default: Defaulted loans.

^{*}Secured loans include secured auto loans and financial lease where the underlying assets serve as collateral.

Q3 2019

	Stage 1 12-month	Stage 2 Lifetime	Stage 3 Lifetime	
Commercial papers and bonds	ECL	ECL	ECL	Total
Credit grade				
Investment grade	11 945	-	-	-
Standard monitoring	-	-	-	-
Special monitoring	-	-	-	-
Default	-	-	-	-
Gross carrying amount	11 945	-	-	-
Loss allowance	-1	-	-	-
Carrying amount	11 944	-	-	_

Maximum exposure to credit risk - Financial instruments not subject to impairment

The following table contains an analysis of the maximum credit risk exposure from financial assets not subject to impairment (i.e. FVTPL):

Maximum exposure to credit risk

Financial derivatives

Q3 2018

	Stage 1 12-month	Stage 2 Lifetime	Stage 3 Lifetime	
Loans to customers				Total
	ECL	ECL	ECL	Total
Credit grade				
Loans not past due date	132 177	8 199	-	140 376
Standard monitoring	4 423	3 134	-	7 557
Special monitoring	-	464	-	464
Default	-	-	3 144	3 144
Gross carrying amount	136 600	11 797	3 144	151 541
Loss allowance	-1 115	-560	-1 773	-3 448
Carrying amount	135 485	11 237	1 371	148 093

Q3 2018

Stage 1 12-month	Stage 2 Lifetime	Stage 3 Lifetime		
ECL	ECL	ECL	Total	
9 197	-	-	9 197	
-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	
9 197	-	-	9 197	
-1	-	-	-1	
9 196	-	-	9 196	
	12-month ECL 9 197 - - - 9 197 -1	12-month Lifetime ECL ECL 9 197 9 197 1 -	12-month ECL Lifetime ECL Lifetime ECL 9 197 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - 9 197 - - -1 - -	

Maximum exposure to credit risk - Financial instruments not subject to impairment

The following table contains an analysis of the maximum credit risk exposure from financial assets not subject to impairment (i.e. FVTPL):

Maximum exposure to credit risk

Financial derivatives

Note 4 - Risk classification

The tables below show the past due portfolio at certain aging intervals. The purpose of the note is to show the credit risk associated with the loans to customers.

	Balance			Loss reserves			
All amounts in millions of NOK	Q3 2019	Q3 2018	FY 2018	Q3 2019	Q3 2018	FY 2018	
Current - not past due date	153 708	140 376	150 742	-1 110	-1 151	-1 029	
Current - past due date	8 194	8 021	8 741	-497	-524	-574	
Total impaired loans	3 672	3 144	3 319	-1 991	-1 773	-1 915	
Total gross loans to customers	165 574	151 541	162 802	-3 599	-3 448	-3 518	

	Balance			Loss reserves			
Ageing of past due but not impaired loans	Q3 2019	Q3 2018	FY 2018	Q3 2019	Q3 2018	FY 2018	
1 - 29 days	6 396	6 082	7 129	-200	-268	-286	
30 - 59 days	1 319	1 117	1 174	-182	-160	-177	
60 - 89 days	480	375	437	-115	-95	-112	
Total loans due but not impaired	8 194	7 573	8 741	-497	-524	-574	

		Balance		Loss reserves			
Ageing of impaired loans	Q3 2019	Q3 2018	FY 2018	Q3 2019	Q3 2018	FY 2018	
90 - 119 days	313	240	273	-145	-125	-142	
120 - 149 days	231	188	222	-114	-99	-112	
150 - 179 days	204	167	184	-100	-85	-96	
180 + days	1 394	902	1 110	-797	-574	-709	
Economic doubtful*	1 530	1 646	1 530	-835	-891	-855	
Total impaired loans	3 672	3 144	3 319	-1 991	-1 773	-1 915	

^{*} Economic doubtful contracts are loans where there is a reasonable doubt of full repayment due to reasons other than payment arrears.

Note 5 - Loss allowance

All amounts in millions of NOK

The following tables explain the changes in the loss allowance between the beginning and the end of the reporting period due to these factors:

	Stage 1	Stage 2 Lifetime	Stage 3 Lifetime	Total
	12-month			
Unsecured loans	ECL	ECL	ECL	
Loss allowance as at 1 January 2019	505	310	1 205	2 019
Transfers:	-	-	-	-
Transfer from Stage 1 to Stage 2	-188	807	-	619
Transfer from Stage 1 to Stage 3	-7	-	112	105
Transfer from Stage 2 to Stage 3	-	-552	872	321
Transfer from Stage 2 to Stage 1	72	-492	-	-419
Transfer from Stage 3 to Stage 2	-	34	-183	-149
Transfer from Stage 3 to Stage 1	0	-	-0	-0
Assets remaining in same Stage	74	218	-131	161
Methodological changes	-21	59	-81	-43
Financial assets derecognised that are not write-offs	-49	-20	-89	-158
of which 'account that have closed in the period'	-49	-20	-89	-158
of which 'foreclosed'	-	-	-	-
of which 'sold'	-	_	-	-
of which 'change of perimeter'	-	_	-	-
Write-offs	-	-	-466	-466
New financial assets originated or purchased	111	-	-	111
Changes in PDs/LGDs/EADs	-	-	-	-
Modification of contractual cash flows of financial assets	-	-	-	-
FX and other movements	-10	-3	-14	-27
Loss allowance as at 30 September 2019	488	361	1 225	2 074

	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	
	12-month	Lifetime	Lifetime	
Secured loans	ECL	ECL	ECL	Tota
Loss allowance as at 1 January 2019	535	281	683	1 499
Transfers:	-	-	-	
Transfer from Stage 1 to Stage 2	-124	405	-	282
Transfer from Stage 1 to Stage 3	-14	-	206	193
Transfer from Stage 2 to Stage 3	-	-180	471	29
Transfer from Stage 2 to Stage 1	46	-245	-	-200
Transfer from Stage 3 to Stage 2	-	33	-222	-18
Transfer from Stage 3 to Stage 1	0	-	-1	-'
Assets remaining in same Stage	-21	54	74	100
Methodological changes	7	-100	9	-84
Financial assets derecognised that are not write-offs	-109	-41	-108	-25
of which 'account that have closed in the period'	-109	-41	-108	-25
of which 'foreclosed'	-	-	-	
of which 'sold'	-	-	-	
of which 'change of perimeter'	-	-	-	
Write-offs	-	-	-345	-34
New financial assets originated or purchased	240	-	-	240
Changes in PDs/LGDs/EADs	-	-	-	
Modification of contractual cash flows of financial assets	-	-	-	
FX and other movements	-6	-1	-2	-9
Loss allowance as at 30 September 2019	553	206	767	1 52
Q3 2019				
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	
	12-month	Lifetime	Lifetime	
Commercial papers and bonds	ECL	ECL	ECL	Tota
Loss allowance as at 1 January 2019	1	-	-	•
Transfers:				
Transfer from Stage 1 to Stage 2				
	-	-	_	
	-	-	<u>-</u>	
Transfer from Stage 1 to Stage 3	- -	- - -	- - -	
Transfer from Stage 1 to Stage 3 Transfer from Stage 2 to Stage 3	- - -	- - -	- - - -	
Transfer from Stage 1 to Stage 3 Transfer from Stage 2 to Stage 3 Transfer from Stage 2 to Stage 1	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	
Transfer from Stage 1 to Stage 3 Transfer from Stage 2 to Stage 3 Transfer from Stage 2 to Stage 1 Transfer from Stage 3 to Stage 2	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - -	
Transfer from Stage 1 to Stage 3 Transfer from Stage 2 to Stage 3 Transfer from Stage 2 to Stage 1 Transfer from Stage 3 to Stage 2 Transfer from Stage 3 to Stage 1	- - - - - 1		- - - - -	
Transfer from Stage 1 to Stage 3 Transfer from Stage 2 to Stage 3 Transfer from Stage 2 to Stage 1 Transfer from Stage 3 to Stage 2 Transfer from Stage 3 to Stage 1 Assets remaining in same Stage	- - - - - 1		- - - - - -	
Transfer from Stage 1 to Stage 3 Transfer from Stage 2 to Stage 3 Transfer from Stage 2 to Stage 1 Transfer from Stage 3 to Stage 2 Transfer from Stage 3 to Stage 1 Assets remaining in same Stage Methodological changes	- - - - - 1 -	- - - - - -	- - - - - -	
Transfer from Stage 1 to Stage 3 Transfer from Stage 2 to Stage 3 Transfer from Stage 2 to Stage 1 Transfer from Stage 3 to Stage 2 Transfer from Stage 3 to Stage 1 Assets remaining in same Stage Methodological changes Financial assets derecognised that are not write-offs	- - - - - 1 -		- - - - - - -	
Transfer from Stage 1 to Stage 3 Transfer from Stage 2 to Stage 3 Transfer from Stage 2 to Stage 1 Transfer from Stage 3 to Stage 2 Transfer from Stage 3 to Stage 1 Assets remaining in same Stage Methodological changes Financial assets derecognised that are not write-offs of which 'account that have closed in the period'	- - - - - 1 - -		- - - - - - -	
Transfer from Stage 1 to Stage 3 Transfer from Stage 2 to Stage 3 Transfer from Stage 2 to Stage 1 Transfer from Stage 3 to Stage 2 Transfer from Stage 3 to Stage 1 Assets remaining in same Stage Methodological changes Financial assets derecognised that are not write-offs of which 'account that have closed in the period' of which 'foreclosed'	- - - - - 1 - - -		- - - - - - - -	
Transfer from Stage 1 to Stage 3 Transfer from Stage 2 to Stage 3 Transfer from Stage 2 to Stage 1 Transfer from Stage 3 to Stage 2 Transfer from Stage 3 to Stage 1 Assets remaining in same Stage Methodological changes Financial assets derecognised that are not write-offs of which 'account that have closed in the period' of which 'foreclosed' of which 'sold'	- - - - - 1 - - -		- - - - - - - -	
Transfer from Stage 1 to Stage 3 Transfer from Stage 2 to Stage 3 Transfer from Stage 2 to Stage 1 Transfer from Stage 3 to Stage 2 Transfer from Stage 3 to Stage 1 Assets remaining in same Stage Methodological changes Financial assets derecognised that are not write-offs of which 'account that have closed in the period' of which 'foreclosed' of which 'sold' of which 'change of perimeter'	- - - - - 1 - - - -		- - - - - - - - -	
Transfer from Stage 1 to Stage 3 Transfer from Stage 2 to Stage 3 Transfer from Stage 2 to Stage 1 Transfer from Stage 3 to Stage 2 Transfer from Stage 3 to Stage 1 Assets remaining in same Stage Methodological changes Financial assets derecognised that are not write-offs of which 'account that have closed in the period' of which 'foreclosed' of which 'sold' of which 'change of perimeter' Write-offs	- - - - - 1 1 - - - - -		- - - - - - - - - -	
Transfer from Stage 1 to Stage 3 Transfer from Stage 2 to Stage 3 Transfer from Stage 2 to Stage 1 Transfer from Stage 3 to Stage 2 Transfer from Stage 3 to Stage 1 Assets remaining in same Stage Methodological changes Financial assets derecognised that are not write-offs of which 'account that have closed in the period' of which 'foreclosed' of which 'change of perimeter' Write-offs New financial assets originated or purchased	- - - - - 1 1 - - - - - -		- - - - - - - - - -	
Transfer from Stage 1 to Stage 3 Transfer from Stage 2 to Stage 3 Transfer from Stage 2 to Stage 1 Transfer from Stage 3 to Stage 2 Transfer from Stage 3 to Stage 1 Assets remaining in same Stage Methodological changes Financial assets derecognised that are not write-offs of which 'account that have closed in the period' of which 'foreclosed' of which 'sold' of which 'change of perimeter' Write-offs New financial assets originated or purchased Changes in PDs/LGDs/EADs	- - - - - 11 - - - - - - -		- - - - - - - - - - - -	
Transfer from Stage 1 to Stage 3 Transfer from Stage 2 to Stage 3 Transfer from Stage 2 to Stage 1 Transfer from Stage 3 to Stage 2 Transfer from Stage 3 to Stage 1 Assets remaining in same Stage Methodological changes Financial assets derecognised that are not write-offs of which 'account that have closed in the period' of which 'foreclosed' of which 'sold' of which 'change of perimeter'	- - - - - 1 - - - - - - - -		- - - - - - - - - - - - -	

Q3 2019

	Stage 1	Stage 2 Lifetime	Stage 3 Lifetime	
	12-month			
Off balance exposure	ECL	ECL	ECL	Total
Loss allowance as at 1 January 2019	82	14	27	122
Transfers:				
Transfer from Stage 1 to Stage 2	-8	36	-	29
Transfer from Stage 1 to Stage 3	-	-	8	8
Transfer from Stage 2 to Stage 3	-	-6	14	8
Transfer from Stage 2 to Stage 1	5	-36	-	-30
Transfer from Stage 3 to Stage 2	-	4	-20	-15
Transfer from Stage 3 to Stage 1	-	-	-	-
Assets remaining in same Stage	-6	5	5	4
Methodological changes	-38	1	-5	-42
Financial assets derecognised that are not write-offs	-6	-1	-8	-16
of which 'account that have closed in the period'	-6	-1	-8	-16
of which 'foreclosed'	-	-	-	-
of which 'sold'	-	-	-	-
of which 'change of perimeter'	-	-	-	-
Write-offs	-	-	-5	-5
New financial assets originated or purchased	20	-	-	20
Changes in PDs/LGDs/EADs	-	-	-	-
Modification of contractual cash flows of financial assets	-	-	-	-
FX and other movements	-2		<u>-</u>	-2
Loss allowance as at 30 September 2019	48	17	16	81

	Stage 1 12-month	Stage 2	Stage 3	
Loans to customers	12-month ECL	Lifetime ECL	Lifetime ECL	Tatal
Loss allowance as at 1 January 2018	1 170	542	1 709	Total 3 420
Transfers:	•	· · -		
Transfer from Stage 1 to Stage 2	-72	267	-	195
Transfer from Stage 1 to Stage 3	-22	_	449	427
Transfer from Stage 2 to Stage 3	22	-121	-	-99
Transfer from Stage 2 to Stage 1	-	-67	230	163
Transfer from Stage 3 to Stage 2	-	12	-102	-90
Transfer from Stage 3 to Stage 1	5	-	-5	_
Assets remaining in same Stage	-	-	-	-
Methodological changes	-227	-19	25	-221
Financial assets derecognised that are not write-offs	-170	-78	-157	-404
of which 'account that have closed in the period'	-170	-78	-157	-404
of which 'foreclosed'	-	-	-	-
of which 'sold'	-	-	-	-
of which 'change of perimeter'	-	-	-	-
Write-offs	-17	-86	-504	-607
New financial assets originated or purchased	385	123	157	665
Changes in PDs/LGDs/EADs	-	-	-	-
Modification of contractual cash flows of financial assets	-	-	-	-
FX and other movements	-	-	-	-
Loss allowance as at 30 September 2018	1 073	573	1 802	3 448

	Stage 1	Stage 2 Lifetime	Stage 3 Lifetime	
	12-month			
Commercial papers and bonds	ECL	ECL	ECL	Total
Loss allowance as at 1 January 2018	2	-	-	2
Transfers:				
Transfer from Stage 1 to Stage 2	-	-	-	-
Transfer from Stage 1 to Stage 3	-	-	-	-
Transfer from Stage 2 to Stage 3	-	-	-	-
Transfer from Stage 2 to Stage 1	-	-	-	-
Transfer from Stage 3 to Stage 2	-	-	-	-
Transfer from Stage 3 to Stage 1	-	-	-	-
Assets remaining in same Stage	-	-	-	-
Methodological changes	-	-	-	-
Financial assets derecognised that are not write-offs	-2	-	-	-2
of which 'account that have closed in the period'	-2	-	-	-
of which 'foreclosed'	-	-	-	-
of which 'sold'	-	-	-	-
of which 'change of perimeter'	-	-	-	-
Write-offs	-	-	-	-
New financial assets originated or purchased	1	-	-	1
Changes in PDs/LGDs/EADs	-	-	-	-
Modification of contractual cash flows of financial assets	-	-	-	-
FX and other movements	-	-	-	-
Loss allowance as at 30 September 2018	1	-	-	1

Note 6 - Liquidity coverage ratio

All amounts in millions of NOK

Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) measures the capability to meet obligations in the next 30 days by means of liquidity assets. It is defined as LCR = liquidity assets / (cash outflows - cash inflows). The minimum LCR level (CRD IV) is 100% from 31 December 2017. With a stable basis of High Quality Liquid Assets, The Group fulfils the minimum LCR requirements.

Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) %	Q3 2019	Q3 2018	Q4 2018
Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) Total	162	123	134
Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) NOK	118	94	88
Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) SEK	133	155	129
Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) DKK	878	154	219
Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) EUR	136	115	142

Note 7 - Capital adequacy

All amounts	in	millions	of	NOK
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Balance sheet equity	Q3 2019	Q3 2018	FY 2018
Paid in equity	9 652	9 652	9 652
Share premium	891	891	891
Other equity	11 649	9 472	10 478
Tier 1 Capital	2 250	2 250	2 250
Other reserves	12	-5	65
Total Equity	24 455	22 261	23 336
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital			
(-) Profit not eligible as capital	-1 369	-1 102	-1 000
Cash-flow hedge adjustment	-	-	
IRB Expected Loss - Reserves	-428	-337	-327
Goodwill	-699	-672	-705
Other intangible assets	-279	-266	-302
Deferred tax assets	-	-	-
Adjustment Prudent Valuation (AVA)	-12	-9	-10
Tier 1 Capital	-2 250	-2 250	-2 250
Total common Equity Tier 1 Capital (with full IFRS9 impact)	19 419	17 625	18 741
Capital adjustment according to IFRS9 Transitional rules	389	434	434
Total common Equity Tier 1 Capital (with IFRS9 transitional rules)	19 808	18 059	19 175
Tier 1 Capital			
Paid in Tier 1 capital instruments	2 250	2 250	2 250
Total Tier 1 Capital (with full IFRS9 impact)	21 669	19 875	20 991
Total Tier 1 Capital (after IFRS9 transitional rules)	22 058	20 309	21 425
Total Capital			
Paid up subordinated loans	1 694	1 689	1 711
Subordinated loans not eligible	1 054	-	
Total Capital (with full IFRS9 impact)	23 363	21 563	22 702
Total Capital (with IFRS9 transitional rules)	23 752	21 998	23 136
Risk exposure on Standard Approach			70
Regional governments or local authorities	64	63	73
Institutions	637	751	836
Corporates	8 631	4 851	9 156
Retail Standard Approach	57 080	53 121	56 206
Exposures in default SA	1 208	921	999
Covered bonds	396	417	466
Other Exposures	3 541	6 750	3 490
Total Risk exposure amount on Standard Approach	71 557	66 875	71 226
Risk exposure on Internal Rating Based Approach			
Retail Other	36 388	33 819	35 571
Total Risk exposure amount on Internal Rating Based Approach	36 388	33 819	35 571
Risk weighted exposure amounts for credit, counterparty credit and dilution risks and free deliveries	107 945	100 694	106 797
Foreign exchange (zero if under threshold)	1 675	1 042	1 472
,	1 070		

Risk exposure amount for position, foreign exchange and commodities risks	1 675	11 896	1 472
Basic indicator approach	13 168	11 896	13 168
Risk exposure amount for operational risk	13 168	11 896	13 168
	10 100		10 100
Standardized method	68	99	105
Risk exposure amount for credit valuation adjustment	68	99	105
Total risk exposure amount (with full IFRS9 impact)	400.050	113 731	121 542
Risk Exposure adjustment according to IFRS9 Transitional rules	122 856 340	380	380
Total risk exposure amount (with IFRS9 transitional rules)	123 196	114 110	121 921
Total risk exposure amount (with it Nos transitional rules)	123 190	114 110	121 321
Total exposure for Leverage Ratio			
Derivatives: Add-on under market-to-market method	423	493	642
Off-balance sheet items with 10% CCF	2 653	2 458	2 399
Off-balance sheet items with 20% CCF	756	867	788
Off-balance sheet items with 50% CCF	37	34	37
Adjusted On balance sheet exposure	180 607	162 655	174 763
Total exposure for Leverage Ratio (with full IFRS9 impact)	184 476	166 507	178 630
Exposure adjustment according to IFRS9 Transitional rules	511	571	571
Total exposure for Leverage Ratio (with IFRS9 transitional rules)	184 987	167 078	179 201
			_
Minimum Regulatory Capital			
Minimum Core Equity	4,50 %	4,50 %	4,50 %
Pillar 2 Requirement	2,60 %	2,30 %	2,30 %
Countercyclical Buffer (combined)	1,45 %	1,13 %	1,13 %
Conservation Buffer	2,50 %	2,50 %	2,50 %
Systemic Risk Buffer	3,00 %	3,00 %	3,00 %
Minimum Regulatory Capital ratio (CET1)	14,05 %	13,43 %	13,44 %
Minimum Degulatory Conital			
Minimum Regulatory Capital Minimum Core Equity	5 529	5 118	5 469
Pillar 2 Requirement	3 194	2 616	2 795
Countercyclical Buffer (combined)	1 781	1 285	1 386
Conservation Buffer	3 071	2 843	3 039
Systemic Risk Buffer			
- <u>'</u>	3 686	3 412	3 646
Minimum Regulatory Capital amount (full IFRS9 impact)	17 261	15 274	16 335
Surplus of Core Equity Tier 1 capital (full IFRS9 impact)	2 158	2 351 0	2 406
Minimum Regulatory Capital amount (with IFRS9 transitional rules)	17 309	15 325	16 386
Surplus of Core Equity Tier 1 capital (after IFRS9 transitional rules)	2 499	2 734	2 789
Common equity tier 1 capital ratio (full IFRS9 impact)	15,81 %	15,50 %	15,42 %
Common equity tier 1 capital ratio (with IFRS9 transitional rules)	16,08 %	15,83 %	15,73 %
CET1 regulatory requirements	14,05 %	13,43 %	13,44 %
OLT Trogulatory requirements	14,05 70	10,40 70	10,44 70
Tier 1 capital ratio (full IFRS9 impact)	17,64 %	17,48 %	17,27 %
Tier 1 capital ratio (with IFRS9 transitional rules)	17,90 %	17,80 %	17,57 %
Tire 1 regulatory requirements	15,55 %	14,93 %	14,94 %
Total capital ratio (full IFRS9 impact)	40.00.0/	18,96 %	18,68 %
Total capital ratio (with IFRS9 transitional rules)	19,02 %	19,28 %	18,98 %
Total capital regulatory requirements	19,28 %	16,93 %	16,94 %
Total capital regulatory requirements	17,55 %	10,33 70	10,54 70
Leverage ratio (full IFRS9 impact)	11,75 %	11,94 %	11,75 %
Leverage ratio (with IFRS9 transitional rules)	11,92 %	12,16 %	11,96 %
LR regulatory requirements	5,00 %	5,00 %	5,00 %
	-,	-	•

Specification of IFRS Transition rules (based on initial impact)

IFRS 9 Increase in Loss Reserves	-601
- whereof Internal Rating Based	-
Tax impact from increased loss reserves	144
Deferred tax assets impact on capital	-
Initial IFRS9 net impact on capital	-457
Base amount for IFRS9 transitional rule on capital	457
Transition %	85 %
Capital adjustment due to Transitional rule	389
Std Approach value adjustments Spec Reserves	-601
- whereof Retail (75%RW)	-600
- whereof Covered Bonds (10%RW)	-2
Deferred tax assets impact on Risk Exposure Amount (250%RW) *	20
Initial IFRS9 net impact on Risk Exposure Amount	-400
Base amount for IFRS9 transitional rule on Risk Exposure Amount	400
Transition %	85 %
Risk Exposure adjustment due to Transitional rule	340
Impact from Transitional rules on capital ratios (same impact for Additional tier 1 and 2)	0.07.07
impact from Transitional rules on capital ratios (same impact for Additional fier 1 and 2)	0.27 %

Impact from Transitional rules on capital ratios (same impact for Additional tier 1 and 2)

0,27 %

From December 2015 the Group are calculating credit risk capital requirement using advanced internal rating based models (IRB- A models) for part of its exposures.

Financial information in accordance with the capital requirement regulation is published at www.santander.no. The Pillar 3 Discloure report is be published at www.santander.no.

^{*} IFRS9 impact on Deferred Tax Assets relates to subsidiary in Finland

Note 8 - Segment information

All amounts in millions of NOK

Financial management in Santander is oriented towards the various geographical markets. Monitoring of the overall profitability of the geographic areas are important dimensions of the strategic priorities and allocation of resources in the SCB Group. Reported figures for the various segments reflect the SCB Group's total sales of products and services in the geographical area.

Segment information is based on the internal financial reporting as it is reported to SCB Group management. SCB Group management uses the segment reporting as an element to assess historical and expected future development and allocation of resources.

Reporting from the segments is based on Santander's governance model and the SCB Group's accounting policies. The figures are based on a number of assumptions and estimates.

The Segments are responsible for profits after tax, with the corresponding return on allocated capital according to the SCB Group's governance model. All the SCB Group's trade activities are divided into the reported segments with corresponding balances, income and expenses.

Deficit liquidity from the segments are funded by the SCB Group treasury at market conditions. Surplus liquidity is transferred to the SCB Group treasury at market conditions.

Internal agreements at market conditions or simulated market conditions are made when segments cooperate on the delivery of financial services to customers.

Services provided by the Group's central functions and staff are charged segments based on an allocation agreement.

Product segmentation per country (gross lending before expected losses)

Q3 2019

	Unsecured Ioans	Secured loans	Financial lease	Operational lease	Total
Norway	10 410	37 966	10 623	-	59 000
Sweden	14 748	17 439	5 349	-	37 537
Denmark	6 995	23 752	2 387	401	33 535
Finland	3 570	29 883	2 450	439	36 343
Total	35 724	109 040	20 810	840	166 414

	Unsecured Ioans	Secured loans	Financial lease	Operational lease	Total
Norway	11 097	37 176	10 780	-	59 053
Sweden	13 472	16 264	4 865	-	34 601
Denmark	5 811	22 103	2 623	198	30 735
Finland	2 646	25 470	2 432	384	30 932
Total	33 027	101 012	20 701	582	155 320

P&L and Balance sheet per country

Q3 2019

	Norway	Sweden	Denmark	Finland	Eliminations	Total Group
Total interest income	1 072	457	463	156	55	2 203
Total interest expenses	-271	-101	-37	105	-68	-371
Net interest income	802	355	426	261	-13	1 832
Fee and commission income	49	46	31	27	-16	137
Fee and commission expenses	-38	-12	-6	-15	16	-55
Value change and gain/loss on foreign exchange and securities	-10	1	-	-	-	-9
Other operating income	10	2	27	29	-	67
Other operating expenses	-12	-6	-14	-26	-	-58
Gross margin	799	387	464	277	-12	1 914
Salaries and personnel expenses	-148	-77	-58	-33	-4	-320
Administrative expenses	-111	-105	-101	-98	17	-399
Depreciation and amortisation	-22	-11	-10	-6	-	-49
Net operating income	518	194	294	139	-	1 146
Other income and costs	-9	2	-2	-	-	-9
Impairment losses on loan, guarantees etc.	-201	-116	-102	-56	1	-475
Profit before taxes	307	80	191	83	1	662
Income tax expense	-70	-19	-68	-17	-	-174
Profit after tax	237	61	123	66	1	488

YTD Q3 2019

	Norway	Sweden	Denmark	Finland	Eliminations	Total Group
Total interest income	3 104	1 338	1 364	1 355	-721	6 440
Total interest expenses	-781	-299	-115	-586	713	-1 068
Net interest income	2 323	1 039	1 249	769	-8	5 372
Fee and commission income	136	141	133	94	-64	440
Fee and commission expenses	-99	-37	-20	-59	64	-150
Value change and gain/loss on foreign exchange and securities	15	1	-4	7	-	19
Other operating income	24	6	70	88	-	188
Other operating expenses	-27	-15	-38	-79	-	-159
Gross margin	2 372	1 136	1 390	820	-8	5 710
Salaries and personnel expenses	-483	-238	-198	-102	-4	-1 024
Administrative expenses	-334	-313	-301	-255	10	-1 193
Depreciation and amortisation	-69	-31	-31	-17	-	-149
Net operating income	1 486	553	861	446	-1	3 345
Other income and costs	19	-2	-9	-1	-	7
Impairment losses on loan, guarantees etc.	-238	-36	-101	-3	1	-376
Profit before taxes	1 267	516	751	442	-	2 976
Income tax expense	-337	-119	-182	-88	-	-727
Profit after tax	931	397	569	354	-	2 250
Cash and receivables on central banks	66	_	_	_	-	66
Deposits with and receivables on financial institutions	649	1 368	713	1 227	_	3 957
Total gross loans to customers	58 999	37 537	33 135	35 903	-	165 574
Write-downs	-1 472	-853	-803	-471	-	-3 599
Commercial papers and bonds	3 187	3 418	2 209	5 568	-2 438	11 944
Financial derivatives	16	-	-	30	-	46
Investments in subsidiaries	1 285	-	-	-	-1 285	-
Other assets	20 825	428	1 704	8 902	-27 823	4 038
Total assets	83 554	41 898	36 958	51 159	-31 545	182 024

Debt to credit institutions	-3 492	-7 081	-15 487	-31 926	19 812	-38 175
Deposits from customers	-26 495	-19 419	-18 699	-	-	-64 613
Debt established by issuing securities	-28 616	-13 653	-1 729	-7 561	2 438	-49 121
Financial derivatives	-5	-	-	-21	-	-26
Other liabilities	-2 795	-1 610	-933	-8 740	8 445	-5 634
Equity	-22 152	-135	-109	-2 911	851	-24 456
Total liabilities and equity	-83 554	-41 898	-36 958	-51 159	31 545	-182 024

Q3 2018

Q0 2010	Norway	Sweden	Denmark	Finland	Eliminations	Total Group
Total interest income	967	392	429	289	-14	2 063
Total interest expenses	-220	-36	-48	-26	-11	-339
Net interest income	747	356	381	263	-	1 724
Fee and commission income	57	36	45	15	-	152
Fee and commission expenses	-18	-1	-6	-4	-	-29
Value change and gain/loss on foreign exchange and securities	-7	0	4	-0	-	-4
Other operating income	10	1	14	31	-	57
Other operating expenses	-8	-5	-12	-26	-	-52
Gross margin	781	386	427	278	-	1 847
Salaries and personnel expenses	-97	-95	-72	-44	-	-308
Administration expenses	-134	-89	-71	-61	-	-332
Depreciation and amortisation	-14	-4	-8	-3	-	-31
Net operating income	536	197	275	170	-	1 177
Other income and costs	-162	-3	-1		-	-167
Impairment losses on other assets	-	-	-	-	-	
Impairment losses on loan, guarantees etc.	-92	-77	-74	-23	-	-265
Profit before taxes	282	117	201	147	-	745
Income tax expense	-73	-28	-52	-29	-	-181
Profit after tax	209	90	149	118	-	565

YTD Q3 2018

	Norway	Sweden	Denmark	Finland	Eliminations	Total Group
Total interest income	2 853	1 179	1 283	844	-41	6 118
Total interest expenses	-657	-108	-149	-85	16	-982
Net interest income	2 196	1 071	1 134	759	-	5 136
Fee and commission income	134	109	131	45	-	418
Fee and commission expenses	-58	-5	-17	-14	-	-94
Value change and gain/loss on foreign exchange and securities	22	-1	14	2	-	36
Other operating income	23	5	44	90	-	163
Other operating expenses	-28	-17	-38	-77	-	-161
Gross margin	2 289	1 161	1 269	804	-	5 498
Salaries and personnel expenses	-359	-275	-222	-133	-	-989
Administration expenses	-460	-290	-210	-174	23	-1 111
Depreciation and amortisation	-80	-12	-27	-9	-	-128
Net operating income	1 390	583	809	488	-	3 269
Other income and costs	-164	-37	-2	1	-	-203
Impairment losses on other assets	-	-	-	-	-	-
Impairment losses on loan, guarantees etc.	30	-77	-161	-67	-	-274
Profit before taxes	1 256	469	647	422	-	2 792
Income tax expense	-355	-109	-143	-84	-	-691
Profit after tax	901	361	504	338	-	2 101

Cash and receivables on central banks	65	-	-	-	-	65
Deposits with and receivables on financial institutions	824	1 690	604	815	-	3 934
Total gross loans to customers	59 053	33 457	30 247	28 785	-	151 541
Write-downs	-1 773	-668	-503	-504	-	-3 448
Commercial papers and bonds	1 981	1 877	1 529	4 051	-	9 438
Financial derivatives	37	-	-	1	-	38
Investments in subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other assets	336	1 448	1 684	2 403	351	6 222
Total assets	60 524	37 803	33 561	35 552	351	167 791
Debt to credit institutions	4 893	12 932	16 075	27 954	-18 108	43 747
Deposits from customers	22 601	14 576	15 941	-	-	53 119
Debt established by issuing securities	28 862	9 099	653	4 906	-	43 519
Financial derivatives	15	-	-	-	-	15
Other liabilities	2 533	1 307	930	410	-49	5 130
Equity	20 964	-110	-37	2 278	-834	22 261
Total liabilities and equity	79 868	37 804	33 562	35 548	-18 991	167 791

Note 9 - Net interest income

All amounts in millions of NOK

			YTD Q3	YTD Q3	
	Q3 2019	Q3 2018	2019	2018	FY 2018
Interest and similar income on loans to and receivables from credit institutions	37	25	47	73	86
Interest and similar income on loans to and receivables from customers	2 149	2 025	6 334	5 990	8 028
Interest and similar income on comm. paper, bonds and other securities	17	14	59	55	44
Total interest income	2 203	2 063	6 440	6 118	8 158
Interest and similar expenses on debt to credit institutions	-48	-45	-143	-148	-206
Interest and similar expenses on deposits from and debt to customers	-207	-168	-581	-502	-666
Interest and similar expenses on issued securities	-101	-88	-301	-260	-321
Interest on subordinated loan capital	-13	-12	-39	-34	-46
Other interest expenses and similar expenses	-2	-28	-4	-39	-
Total interest expense	-371	-340	-1 068	-982	-1 239
Net interest income	1 832	1 723	5 372	5 136	6 919

The table show average interest rate on interest bearing debt. Average interest is calculated as actual interest expense through the year in percent of weighted average balance.

			YTD Q3	YTD Q3	
To credit institutions	Q3 2019	Q3 2018	2019	2018	FY 2018
Interest expenses	-48	-45	-143	-148	-206
Average loan	42 000	39 479	42 000	39 479	35 637
Average nominal interest rate	0,46 %	0,46 %	0,68 %	0,75 %	0,58 %
			YTD Q3	YTD Q3	
To customers	Q3 2019	Q3 2018	2019	2018	FY 2018
Interest expenses	-207	-168	-581	-502	-666
Average deposit	53 882	50 708	53 882	50 708	52 631
Average nominal interest rate	1,53 %	1,32 %	2,16 %	1,98 %	1,27 %
			YTD Q3	YTD Q3	
To bondholders	Q3 2019	Q3 2018	2019	2018	FY 2018
Interest expenses	-101	-88	-301	-260	-321
Average issued notes and bonds	48 224	43 803	48 224	43 803	52 100
Average nominal interest rate	0,84 %	0,80 %	1,25 %	1,19 %	0,62 %
			YTD Q3	YTD Q3	
Subordinated loan capital*	Q3 2019	Q3 2018	2019	2018	FY 2018
Interest expenses	-13	-12	-39	-34	-46
Average subordinated loan capital	1 712	1 754	1 712	1 754	1 742
Average nominal interest rate	3,14 %	2,64 %	4,51 %	3,86 %	2,64 %
			YTD Q3	YTD Q3	
Total of tables above:	Q3 2019	Q3 2018	2019	2018	FY 2018
Interest expenses	-370	-312	-1 063	-944	-1 239
Loan	145 818	135 744	145 818	135 744	142 110
Average nominal interest rate	1,01 %	0,92 %	1,46 %	1,39 %	0,87 %

Other financial liabilities

Subordinated loan capital

Total financial liabilities

Note 10 - Classification of financial instruments

	Financial assets at	Financial assets at		
	fair value through	fair value through		
Classification of financial assets 30 September 2019	P&L	OCI	Amortized cost	Book value
Cash and receivables on central banks	-	-	66	66
Deposits with and receivables on financial institutions	-	-	3 957	3 957
Loans to customers	-	-	161 975	161 975
Commercial papers and bonds	-	-	11 944	11 944
Financial derivatives	46	-	-	46
Other ownership interests	-	30	-	30
Total financial assets	46	30	177 942	178 018
	ſ	Non-financial assets		4 006
	=	Non-financial assets Total assets		4 006 182 024
	į	Total assets		
	Financial assets at	Financial assets at		
	į	Financial assets at		
Classification of financial liabilities 30 September 2019	Financial assets at	Financial assets at	Amortized cost	
Classification of financial liabilities 30 September 2019 Debt to credit institutions	Financial assets at fair value through	Financial assets at fair value through	Amortized cost	182 024
•	Financial assets at fair value through	Financial assets at fair value through		182 024 Book value
Debt to credit institutions	Financial assets at fair value through	Financial assets at fair value through	38 175	182 024 Book value 38 175
	Financial assets at fair value through	Financial assets at fair value through		

26

Total liabilities and equity	182 024
Non-financial liabilities and equity	27 948

443

1 698

154 050

443

1 698

154 076

		Financial assets at		
	fair value through	=		
Classification of financial assets 31 December 2018	P&L	OCI	Amortized cost	Book value
Cash and receivables on central banks	-	-	65	65
Deposits with and receivables on financial institutions	-	-	2 982	2 982
Loans to customers	-	-	159 284	159 284
Commercial papers and bonds	-	-	10 363	10 363
Financial derivatives	64	-	-	64
Other ownership interests	-	-	-	26
Other financial assets	-	-	-	-
Total financial assets	64	26	172 693	172 783
	1	Non-financial assets		3 325
	-	Total assets		176 108
	-			
	Financial assets at	Financial assets at		
	fair value through	fair value through		
Classification of financial liabilities 31 December 2018	P&L	OCI	Amortized cost	Book value
Debt to credit institutions	-	_	40 253	40 253
Deposits from customers	_	_	54 645	54 645
Debt established by issuing securities	-	_	52 929	52 929
Financial derivatives	45	_	-	45
Other financial liabilities	-	_	345	345
Subordinated loan capital	-	_	1 731	1 731
Total financial liabilities	-	-	149 904	149 949
	,	Non-financial liabilities a	nd equity	26 159
	-	Total liabilities and equ		176 108
	·-	i otai nabiiities and eqt	пту	176 106

Note 11 - Valuation Hierarchy

All amounts in millions of NOK

Q3	20	19
	20	ıJ

Q3 2019			Quoted market price	Using Observable inputs	With significant unobservable inputs	
Financial instruments measured at fair value)		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets						
Name	Туре	Notional				
Bilkreditt 7 Fixed	Cross Currency Swap		-	16	-	16
KIMI5 Pass Through	Interest Rate Swap	MM EUR 27	-	-	-	
KIMI6 Pass Through	Interest Rate Swap	MM EUR 172	-	6	-	6
KIMI7 Pass Through	Interest Rate Swap	MM EUR 370	-	24	-	24
Total financial trading derivatives			-	46	-	46
Name	Туре					
VISA	Equity		-	30	-	30
Total other ownership interests			-	30	-	30
Total Assets			-	76	-	76
Financial liabilities						
Name	Туре	Notional				
KIMI6 Fixed	Interest Rate Swap	MM EUR 171	-	4	-	4
Bilkreditt 7 Pass Through	Cross Currency Swap	MM EUR 8	-	5	-	5
KIMI5	Interest Rate Swap	MM EUR 27	-	-	-	-
KIMI7 Fixed	Interest Rate Swap	MM EUR 353	-	18	-	18
KIMI5 Fixed	Interest Rate Swap	MM EUR 36	-	-	-	-
Total financial derivatives			-	26	-	26
Total Liabilities			-	26	-	26
Derivatives designated for hedge accounting	g - assets					
Name	Туре	Notional				
Bilkreditt 7	Cross Currency Swap		-	5	-	5
DK EMTN MEUR 250	Cross Currency Swap		-	17	-	17
DK EMTN MEUR 200	Cross Currency Swap		-	73	-	73
DK EMTN MEUR 150	Cross Currency Swap	MM EUR 150	-	20	-	20
Total derivatives designated for hedging - as	ssets*		-	115	-	115
Derivatives designated for hedge accounting	g - liabilities					
Name	Туре	Notional				
DK EMTN MEUR 150	Cross Currency Swap		-	10	-	10
KIMI6	Interest Rate Swap	MM EUR 172	-	6	-	6
KIMI7	Interest Rate Swap	MM EUR 370	-	24	-	24
Total derivatives designated for hedging - lia	abilities*		-	40	-	40

* Derivatives designated for hedge accounting are included in the balance sheet line "Other Assets" for the derivatives that represent an asset and in "Other liabilities" for derivatives that represent a liability for the entity.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date in the principal or, in its absence, the most advantageous market to which the Group has access to at that date. When available, the fair value of an instrument is measured using the quoted price in an active market for that instrument. If there is no quoted price in an active market, then the instruments fair value is measured using valuation techniques that maximize the use of relevant observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. The chosen valuation technique incorporates all of the factors that market participants would take into account in pricing a transaction.

Level 1:

Instruments at this level obtain fair value from quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity has access by the reporting date. Examples of instruments at Level 1 are listed government bonds.

Level 2.

Instruments at this level is not considered to have an active market. Fair value is obtained from relevant observable market data. This includes prices based on identical instruments, as well as prices based on similar assets and price indicators that are observable for the asset or liability. Examples of instruments at Level 2 are securities priced out of interest rate paths. The fair value at level 2 is calculated by discounting future cash flows. The cash flows are known from contractual conditions, in addition to a marked regulated interest rate element (e.g. EURIBOR).

Instruments at Level 3 have no observable market inputs, or they traded on markets that are considered inactive. The price is based mainly on calculations based on internal data and the best information available given the circumstances.

* Derivatives designated for hedge accounting are included in the balance sheet line "Other Assets" for the derivatives that represent an asset and in "Other liabilities" for derivatives that represent a liability for the entity.

Q3 2018			Quoted market price	Using Observable inputs	With significant unobservable inputs	
Financial instruments measured at fair value			Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets						
Name	Туре	Notional				
Bilkreditt 6 Fixed	Cross Currency Swap	MM EUR 14	-	19	-	19
Bilkreditt 7 Fixed	Cross Currency Swap	MM EUR 95	-	18	-	18
KIMI4 Pass Through	Interest Rate Swap	MM EUR 0	-	-	-	-
KIMI5 Fixed	Interest Rate Swap	MM EUR 139	-	-	-	-
KIMI6 Pass Through	Interest Rate Swap	MM EUR 383	-	-	-	-
KIMI6 Fixed	Interest Rate Swap	MM EUR 365	-	1	-	1
Total financial trading derivatives			-	38	-	38
						
Name	Туре			00		26
VISA	Equity		-	26	<u> </u>	26
Total other ownership interests			-	26	-	26
Total Assets			-	64	-	64
Financial liabilities						
Name	Туре	Notional				
KIMI5	Interest Rate Swap	MM EUR 135	-	-	-	-
Bilkreditt 7 Pass Through	Cross Currency Swap		-	15	-	15
KIMI4 Fixed	Interest Rate Swap	MM EUR 10	-	-	-	-
KIMI5 Pass Through	Interest Rate Swap	MM EUR 135	-	-	-	
Total financial derivatives			-	15	-	15
Total Liabilities			-	15	-	15
Derivatives designated for hedge accounting - as	sets					
Name	Туре	Notional				
Bilkreditt 7	Cross Currency Swap		-	15	-	15
DK EMTN MEUR 250	Cross Currency Swap		-	6	-	6
DK EMTN MEUR 240	Cross Currency Swap		-	6	-	6
SW EMTN MEUR 100	Cross Currency Swap		-	66	-	66
DK EMTN MEUR 245	Cross Currency Swap		-	2	-	2
DK EMTN MEUR 200	Cross Currency Swap		-	20	-	20
Total derivatives designated for hedging - assets			-	115	-	115
Derivatives designated for hedge accounting - lia	bilities					
Name	Туре	Notional				
Name						
KIMI6	Interest Rate Swap	MM EUR 383	-	1	-	1

^{*} Derivatives designated for hedge accounting are included in the balance sheet line "Other Assets" for the derivatives that represent an asset and in "Other liabilities" for derivatives that represent a liability for the entity.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date in the principal or, in its absence, the most advantageous market to which the Group has access to at that date. When available, the fair value of an instrument is measured using the quoted price in an active market for that instrument. If there is no quoted price in an active market, then the instruments fair value is measured using valuation techniques that maximize the use of relevant observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. The chosen valuation technique incorporates all of the factors that market participants would take into account in pricing a transaction.

Instruments at this level obtain fair value from quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity has access by the reporting date. Examples of instruments at Level 1 are listed government bonds.

Instruments at this level is not considered to have an active market. Fair value is obtained from relevant observable market data. This includes prices based on identical instruments, as well as prices based on similar assets and price indicators that are observable for the asset or liability. Examples of instruments at Level 2 are securities priced out of interest rate paths. The fair value at level 2 is calculated by discounting future cash flows. The cash flows are known from contractual conditions, in addition to a marked regulated interest rate element (e.g. EURIBOR).

Level 3:

Instruments at Level 3 have no observable market inputs, or they traded on markets that are considered inactive. The price is based mainly on calculations based on internal data and the best information available given the circumstances.

Note 12 - Loans to customers

All amounts in millions of NOK

	YTD Q3	YTD Q3	FY 2018
	2019	2018	
Credit Card	6 820	6 732	27 372
Unsecured loans	28 903	26 294	7 030
Auto loans	129 851	121 712	128 400
- Instalment loans	109 041	101 012	106 981
- Financial leasing	20 810	20 701	21 419
Total gross loans to customers	165 575	154 738	162 802
- Loan loss allowance - Stage 1	-1 041	-1 115	-1 039
- Loan loss allowance - Stage 2	-567	-560	-591
- Loan loss allowance - Stage 3	-1 991	-1 773	-1 888
Total net loans to customers	161 976	151 290	159 284

Note 13 - Impairment losses on loan, guarantees etc.

All amounts in millions of NOK

The following tables explain the changes in the loan loss provisions between the beginning and the end of the reporting period due to these factors:

	Q3 2019	Q3 2018	YTD Q3 2019	YTD Q3 2018
Change in loss allowance - Unsecured loans	-218	20	-97	-77
Change in loss allowance - Secured loans	-21	15	-36	-55
Change in loss allowance - Commercial papers and bonds	-	-	-	1
+/- Fx rate adjustment opening balance	-	-	-	-
+ Total realized losses	-277	-420	-1 221	-1 501
- Recoveries on previously realized losses	41	120	221	488
- Gain on sold portfolios	-	-	757	869
Impairment losses on loan, guarantees etc.	-475	-265	-376	-274

Note 14 - Issued securities

All amounts in millions of NOK			
	Q3 2019	Q3 2018	FY 2018
Issued certificates	2 498	903	1 751
Senior unsecured issued securities	36 158	32 888	35 495
Asset backed issued securities	10 466	9 728	15 683
Total issued securities	49 122	43 519	52 929

Santander Consumer Bank AS issued certificates of deposits on the Irish Stock exchange in January to a value of SEK 70 MM (NOK 67 MM) Santander Consumer Bank AS issued bonds on the Irish Stock exchange in January to a value of EUR 500 MM (NOK 4 872) Santander Consumer Bank AS issued certificates of deposits on the Irish Stock exchange in February to a value of SEK 50 MM (NOK 47 MM) Santander Consumer Bank AS issued certificates of deposits on the Irish Stock exchange in February to a value of SEK 130 MM (NOK 121 MM) Santander Consumer Bank AS issued certificates of deposits on the Irish Stock exchange in February to a value of SEK 60 MM (NOK 56 MM) Santander Consumer Bank AS issued certificates of deposits on the Irish Stock exchange in February to a value of SEK 120 MM (NOK 112 MM) Santander Consumer Bank AS issued certificates of deposits on the Irish Stock exchange in February to a value of SEK 150 MM (NOK 138 MM) Santander Consumer Bank AS issued certificates of deposits on the Irish Stock exchange in February to a value of SEK 175 MM (NOK 161 MM) Santander Consumer Bank AS issued bonds on the Oslo Stock exchange in February to a value of NOK 1 000 MM Santander Consumer Bank AS issued certificates of deposits on the Irish Stock exchange in March to a value of SEK 200 MM (NOK 185 MM) Santander Consumer Bank AS issued certificates of deposits on the Irish Stock exchange in March to a value of SEK 67 MM (NOK 62 MM) Santander Consumer Bank AS issued bonds on the Oslo Stock exchange in March to a value of NOK 500 MM Santander Consumer Bank AS issued bonds on the Irish Stock exchange in April to a value of DKK 750 MM (NOK 969 MM) Santander Consumer Bank AS issued certificates of deposits on the Irish Stock exchange in April to a value of SEK 200 MM (NOK 185 MM) Santander Consumer Bank AS issued certificates of deposits on the Irish Stock exchange in April to a value of SEK 150 MM (NOK 137 MM) Santander Consumer Bank AS issued certificates of deposits on the Irish Stock exchange in May to a value of SEK 100 MM (NOK 91 MM) Santander Consumer Bank AS issued certificates of deposits on the Oslo Stock exchange in May to a value of NOK 250 MM Santander Consumer Bank AS issued certificates of deposits on the Irish Stock exchange in May to a value of SEK 100 MM (NOK 91 MM) Santander Consumer Bank AS issued bonds on the Irish Stock exchange in May to a value of SEK 105 MM (NOK 96 MM) Santander Consumer Bank AS issued bonds on the Oslo Stock exchange in May to a value of NOK 300 MM Santander Consumer Bank AS issued certificates of deposits on the Irish Stock exchange in June to a value of SEK 100 MM (NOK 92 MM) Santander Consumer Bank AS issued certificates of deposits on the Irish Stock exchange in June to a value of SEK 200 MM (NOK 184 MM) Santander Consumer Bank AS issued certificates of deposits on the Oslo Stock exchange in June to a value of NOK 150 MM Santander Consumer Bank AS issued certificates of deposits on the Irish Stock exchange in June to a value of SEK 70 MM (NOK 64 MM) Santander Consumer Bank AS issued certificates of deposits on the Oslo Stock exchange in July to a value of NOK 250 MM (NOK 250 MM) Santander Consumer Bank AS issued certificates of deposits on the Irish Stock exchange in July to a value of SEK 100 MM (NOK 91 MM) Santander Consumer Bank AS issued certificates of deposits on the Irish Stock exchange in July to a value of SEK 250 MM (NOK 230) Santander Consumer Bank AS issued certificates of deposits on the Irish Stock exchange in July to a value of SEK 350 MM (NOK 321 MM) Santander Consumer Bank AS issued certificates of deposits on the Irish Stock exchange in July to a value of SEK 100 MM (NOK 92 MM) Santander Consumer Bank AS issued bonds on the Irish Stock exchange in July to a value of SEK 1 000 MM (NOK 912) Santander Consumer Bank AS issued certificates of deposits on the Irish Stock exchange in September to a value of SEK 100 MM (NOK 93 MM) Santander Consumer Bank AS issued certificates of deposits on the Irish Stock exchange in September to a value of SEK 100 MM (NOK 93 MM) Santander Consumer Bank AS issued certificates of deposits on the Irish Stock exchange in September to a value of SEK 70 MM (NOK 65 MM) Santander Consumer Bank AS issued bonds on the Irish Stock exchange in September to a value of EUR 500 MM (NOK 4 937) Santander Consumer Bank AS issued bonds on the Irish Stock exchange in September to a value of SEK 500 MM (NOK 461)

The additional change in balance sheet value of senior unsecured issued securities is the reevaluation of the Euro and SEK bonds.

Note 15 - Receivables and liabilities to related parties

Amounts in millions of NOK						
		Accrued		Accrued interest		Accrued interest
Debt to related parties:	Q3 2019	interest Q3 2019	Q3 2018	Q3 2018	FY 2018	FY 2018
Santander Benelux	-	-	254	-	-	-
Santander Consumer Finance S.A.	37 895	8	43 301	8	39 912	10
Total	37 895	8	43 555	8	39 912	10
Balance sheet line: "Subordinated Ioan capital" - Bonds MNOK 250, maturity March 2025, 3 months NIBOR + 2.2575% (Santander Consumer Finance S.A)	250	-	250	-	250	-
MNOK 250, maturity July 2025, 3 months NIBOR+3.135% (Santander Consumer Finance S.A)	250	3	250	2	250	2
MSEK 750, maturity December 2024, 3 months STIBOR+2.2825% (Santander Consumer Finance S.A)	694	-	689	-	728	-
MNOK 500, maturity September 2027, 3 months NIBOR + 1,66% (Santander Consumer Finance S.A)	500	1	500	1	500	-
Total	1 694	4	1 689	3	1 728	2

The interest rate on intercompany loans are carried out on market terms.

Financial information in accordance with the capital requirement regulation is published at www.santander.no

Note 16 - Transaction with related parties

All amounts in millions of NOK

The group is controlled by Santander Consumer Finance S.A. which owns 100% of the company's shares. The group's ultimate parent is Grupo Santander. All companies within Grupo Santander is considered related parties.

Transactions with related parties are mostly interest expenses on funding from the parent company and the ultimate parent company.

The following transactions were carried out with related parties:

			YTD Q3	YTD Q3	Financial year
	Q3 2019	Q3 2018	2019	2018	2018
Interest income	-	-3	-	9	13
Interest expenses	-32	-2	-104	-74	-132
Interest payments additional Tier 1 capital	-36	-43	-104	-127	-169
Fees	-	2	-	7	10
Other	-7	-2	-18	-2	-22
Net transactions	-74	-48	-225	-187	-301

Santander Consumer Bank Group had transactions with the following related parties per 30 September 2019:

Santander Consumer Finance, S.A.

Santander Seguros Y Reaseguros, S.A.

Banco Santander, S.A.

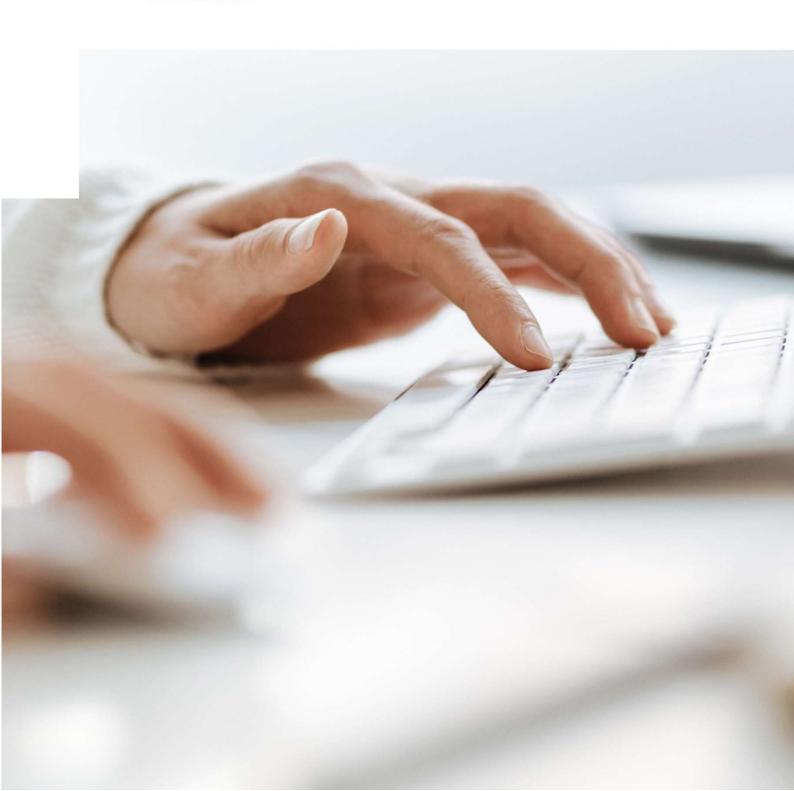
Santander Sonsumer Finance Global Services, S.L.

Santander Global Operations, S.A.

Santander Global Technology, S.L.

AS notes





Note 1 - Basis of preparation

The accounts show the activities of the company in Norway, Sweden and Denmark (Santander Consumer Bank AS). All figures and notes were prepared under the assumption that the business is a going concern.

The Santander Consumer Bank interim accounts for the third quarter of 2019 have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting, and should be read in conjunction with the Group's last annual report as at and for the year ended 31 December 2018.

The annual report for 2018 may be obtained by contacting Santander Consumer Bank AS, Strandveien 18, Lysaker – or by visiting www.santander.no.

These interim financial statements were authorised by the Board of Directors the 14th of November 2019.

Note 2 - Accounting principles

The Santander Consumer Banks AS's accounting policies are consistent with those of the previous financial year as described in the 2018 annual report and in the Q1 2019 report where accounting principles of Leases was updated according to IFRS 16.

Note 3 - Credit risk exposure

All amounts in millions of NOK

Maximum exposure to credit risk - Financial instruments subject to impairment

The following table contains an analysis of the credit risk exposure of financial instruments for which an ECL allowance is recognised. The gross carrying amount of financial assets below also represents the SCB AS's maximum exposure to credit risk on these assets.

Q3 2019

	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	
	12-month	Lifetime	Lifetime	
Unsecured loans	ECL	ECL	ECL	Total
Credit grade				
Loans not past due date	26 912	766	-	27 678
Standard monitoring	852	1 437	-	2 289
Special monitoring	-	173	-	173
Default	-	-	2 014	2 014
Gross carrying amount	27 764	2 376	2 014	32 153
Loss allowance	-442	-339	-1 179	-1 960
Carrying amount	27 322	2 036	835	30 193
Loss allowance (off balance exposures)	48	17	16	81

Loans not past due date: Exposures that are not in arrears and not in default.

Standard monitoring: Exposures in early arrears.

Special monitoring: Exposures under special monitoring.

Default: Defaulted loans.

Q3 2019

	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	
	12-month	Lifetime	Lifetime	
Secured loans	ECL	ECL	ECL	Total
Credit grade				
Loans not past due date	91 303	1 306	-	92 610
Standard monitoring	2 264	1 190	-	3 454
Special monitoring	-	220	3	223
Default	-	-	1 230	1 230
Gross carrying amount	93 567	2 716	1 233	97 517
Loss allowance	-388	-148	-631	-1 167
Carrying amount	93 180	2 568	602	96 350

Loans not past due date: Exposures that are not in arrears and not in default.

Standard monitoring: Exposures in early arrears.

Special monitoring: Exposures under special monitoring.

Default: Defaulted loans.

^{*}Secured loans include secured auto loans and financial lease where the underlying assets serve as collateral.

Q3 2019

	Stage 1 12-month	Stage 2 Lifetime	Stage 3 Lifetime	
Commercial papers and bonds	ECL	ECL	ECL	Total
Credit grade				
Investment grade	8 814	-	-	8 814
Standard monitoring	-	-	-	-
Special monitoring	-	-	-	-
Default	-	-	-	-
Gross carrying amount	8 814	-	-	8 814
Loss allowance	-1	-	-	-1
Carrying amount	8 813	-	-	8 813

Maximum exposure to credit risk - Financial instruments not subject to impairment

The following table contains an analysis of the maximum credit risk exposure from financial assets not subject to impairment (i.e. FVTPL):

Maximum exposure to credit risk

Financial derivatives

Q3 2018

	Stage 1 12-month	Stage 2 Lifetime	Stage 3 Lifetime	
Loans to customers	ECL	ECL	ECL	Total
Credit grade				
Loans not past due date	107 484	6 544	-	114 028
Standard monitoring	3 163	2 229	-	5 392
Special monitoring	-	427	-	427
Default	-	-	2 910	2 910
Gross carrying amount	110 647	9 199	2 910	122 756
Loss allowance	-864	-418	-1 662	-2 944
Carrying amount	109 783	8 781	1 248	119 812

Q3 2018

	Stage 1 12-month	Stage 2 Lifetime	Stage 3 Lifetime	
Commercial papers and bonds	ECL	ECL	ECL	Total
Credit grade				
Investment grade	5 156	-	-	5 156
Standard monitoring	-	-	-	-
Special monitoring	-	-	-	-
Default	-	-	-	-
Gross carrying amount	5 156	-	-	5 156
Loss allowance	-1	-	-	-1
Carrying amount	5 156	-	-	5 156

Maximum exposure to credit risk - Financial instruments not subject to impairment

The following table contains an analysis of the maximum credit risk exposure from financial assets not subject to impairment (i.e. FVTPL):

Maximum exposure to credit risk

Financial derivatives

Note 4 - Risk classification

The tables below show the past due portfolio at certain aging intervals. The purpose of the note is to show the credit risk associated with the loans to customers.

		Balance		Loss reserves		
All amounts in millions of NOK	Q3 2019	Q3 2018	FY 2018	Q3 2019	Q3 2018	FY 2018
Current - not past due date	120 672	114 028	119 880	-881	-867	-783
Current - past due date	5 755	5 819	5 728	-436	-415	-442
Total impaired loans	3 244	2 910	3 007	-1 810	-1 662	-1 766
Total gross loans to customers	129 670	122 756	128 615	-3 127	-2 944	-2 991

		Balance		Lo		
Ageing of past due but not impaired loans	Q3 2019	Q3 2018	FY 2018	Q3 2019	Q3 2018	FY 2018
1 - 29 days	4 325	4 191	4 455	-179	-204	-206
30 - 59 days	1 032	885	908	-156	-129	-143
60 - 89 days	397	324	365	-101	-82	-94
Total loans due but not impaired	5 755	5 401	5 728	-436	-415	-442

		Balance		Lo		
Ageing of impaired loans	Q3 2019	Q3 2018	FY 2018	Q3 2019	Q3 2018	FY 2018
90 - 119 days	265	216	243	-131	-114	-129
120 - 149 days	209	170	203	-107	-90	-104
150 - 179 days	182	158	168	-93	-80	-89
180 + days	1 335	899	1 077	-774	-572	-693
Economic doubtful*	1 253	1 467	1 316	-706	-805	-751
Total impaired loans	3 244	2 910	3 007	-1 810	-1 662	-1 766

^{*} Economic doubtful contracts are loans where there is a reasonable doubt of full repayment due to reasons other than payment arrears.

Note 5 - Loss allowance

All amounts in millions of NOK

The following tables explain the changes in the loss allowance between the beginning and the end of the reporting period due to these factors:

Q3 2019

	Stage 1	Stage 2 Lifetime	Stage 3	
	12-month		Lifetime	
Unsecured loans	ECL	ECL	ECL	Total
Loss allowance as at 1 January 2019	469	240	1 161	1 870
Transfers:	-	-	-	-
Transfer from Stage 1 to Stage 2	-166	743	-	577
Transfer from Stage 1 to Stage 3	-6	-	109	103
Transfer from Stage 2 to Stage 3	-	-506	826	319
Transfer from Stage 2 to Stage 1	68	-459	-	-392
Transfer from Stage 3 to Stage 2	-	32	-177	-146
Transfer from Stage 3 to Stage 1	-	-	-	-
Assets remaining in same Stage	81	208	-141	149
Methodological changes	-43	100	-67	-10
Financial assets derecognised that are not write-offs	-44	-17	-89	-149
of which 'account that have clossed in the period'	-44	-17	-89	-149
of which 'foreclosed'	-	-	-	-
of which 'sold'	-	-	-	-
of which 'change of perimeter'	-	-	-	-
Write-offs	-	-	-430	-430
New financial assets originated or purchased	93	-	-	93
Changes in PDs/LGDs/EADs	-	-	-	-
Modification of contractual cash flows of financial assets	-	-	-	-
FX and other movements	-10	-2	-13	-24
Loss allowance as at 30 September 2019	442	339	1 179	1 960

	Stage 1	Stage 2 Lifetime	Stage 3	
Secured loans	12-month ECL	ECL	Lifetime ECL	Total
Loss allowance as at 1 January 2019	345	198	578	1 121
Transfers:	-	-	-	-
Transfer from Stage 1 to Stage 2	-90	308	-	218
Transfer from Stage 1 to Stage 3	-10	-	169	159
Transfer from Stage 2 to Stage 3	-	-147	374	227
Transfer from Stage 2 to Stage 1	39	-203	-	-164
Transfer from Stage 3 to Stage 2	-	28	-192	-164
Transfer from Stage 3 to Stage 1	-	-	-1	-1
Assets remaining in same Stage	2	53	38	93
Methodological changes	22	-62	25	-15
Financial assets derecognised that are not write-offs	-88	-27	-80	-195
of which 'account that have clossed in the period'	-88	-27	-80	-195
of which 'foreclosed'	-	-	-	-
of which 'sold'	-	-	-	-
of which 'change of perimeter'	-	-	-	-
Write-offs	-	-	-278	-278
New financial assets originated or purchased	171	-	-	171
Changes in PDs/LGDs/EADs	-	-	-	-
Modification of contractual cash flows of financial assets	-	-	-	-
FX and other movements	-4	-1	-2	-7
Loss allowance as at 30 September 2019	388	148	631	1 167

Q3 2019

	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	
	12-month	Lifetime	Lifetime	
Commercial papers and bonds	ECL	ECL	ECL	Total
Loss allowance as at 1 January 2019	1	-	-	1
Transfers:				
Transfer from Stage 1 to Stage 2	-	-	-	-
Transfer from Stage 1 to Stage 3	-	-	-	-
Transfer from Stage 2 to Stage 3	-	-	-	-
Transfer from Stage 2 to Stage 1	-	-	-	-
Transfer from Stage 3 to Stage 2	-	-	-	-
Transfer from Stage 3 to Stage 1	-	-	-	-
Assets remaining in same Stage	1	-	-	-
Methodological changes	-	-	-	-
Financial assets derecognised that are not write-offs	-	-	-	-
of which 'account that have clossed in the period'	-	-	-	-
of which 'foreclosed'	-	-	-	-
of which 'sold'	-	-	-	-
of which 'change of perimeter'	-	-	-	-
Write-offs	-	-	-	-
New financial assets originated or purchased	-	-	-	-
Changes in PDs/LGDs/EADs	-	-	-	-
Modification of contractual cash flows of financial assets	-	-	-	-
FX and other movements	-	-	-	-
Loss allowance as at 30 September 2019	1	-	-	1

Off balance exposure	Stage 1 12-month ECL	Stage 2 Lifetime ECL	Stage 3 Lifetime ECL	Total
Loss allowance as at 1 January 2019	82	14	27	122
Transfers:	-	-	-	-
Transfer from Stage 1 to Stage 2	-8	36	-	29
Transfer from Stage 1 to Stage 3	-	-	8	8
Transfer from Stage 2 to Stage 3	-	-6	14	8
Transfer from Stage 2 to Stage 1	5	-36	-	-30
Transfer from Stage 3 to Stage 2	-	4	-20	-15
Transfer from Stage 3 to Stage 1	-	-	-	-
Assets remaining in same Stage	-6	5	5	4
Methodological changes	-38	1	-5	-42
Financial assets derecognised that are not write-offs	-6	-1	-8	-16
of which 'account that have clossed in the period'	-6	-1	-8	-16
of which 'foreclosed'	-	-	-	-
of which 'sold'	-	-	-	-
of which 'change of perimeter'	-	-	-	-
Write-offs	-	-	-5	-5
New financial assets originated or purchased	20	-	-	20
Changes in PDs/LGDs/EADs	-	-	-	-
Modification of contractual cash flows of financial assets	-	-	-	-
FX and other movements	-2		-	-2
Loss allowance as at 30 September 2019	48	17	16	81

Q3 2018

	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	
	12-month	Lifetime	Lifetime	
Loans to customers	ECL	ECL	ECL	Total
Loss allowance as at 1 January 2018	908	406	1 607	2 920
Transfers:				
Transfer from Stage 1 to Stage 2	-51	208	-	157
Transfer from Stage 1 to Stage 3	-21	-	415	394
Transfer from Stage 2 to Stage 3	18	-99	-	-81
Transfer from Stage 2 to Stage 1	-	-60	203	143
Transfer from Stage 3 to Stage 2	-	11	-97	-86
Transfer from Stage 3 to Stage 1	5	-	-5	-
Assets remaining in same Stage	-	-	-	-
Methodological changes	-186	-3	25	-164
Financial assets derecognised that are not write-offs	-137	-57	-137	-331
of which 'account that have clossed in the period'	-137	-57	-137	-331
of which 'foreclosed'	-	-	-	-
of which 'sold'	-	-	-	-
of which 'change of perimeter'	-	-	-	-
Write-offs	-16	-69	-460	-546
New financial assets originated or purchased	303	95	140	538
Changes in PDs/LGDs/EADs	-	-	-	-
Modification of contractual cash flows of financial assets	-	-	-	-
FX and other movements	<u> </u>		<u>-</u>	<u> </u>
Loss allowance as at 30 September 2018	823	430	1 691	2 944

	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	
	12-month	Lifetime	Lifetime	
Commercial papers and bonds	ECL	ECL	ECL	Total
Loss allowance as at 1 January 2018	2			2
Transfers:				
Transfer from Stage 1 to Stage 2	-	-	-	-
Transfer from Stage 1 to Stage 3	-	-	-	-
Transfer from Stage 2 to Stage 3	-	-	-	-
Transfer from Stage 2 to Stage 1	-	-	-	-
Transfer from Stage 3 to Stage 2	-	-	-	-
Transfer from Stage 3 to Stage 1	-	-	-	-
Assets remaining in same Stage	-	-	-	-
Methodological changes	-	-	-	-
Financial assets derecognised that are not write-offs	-2	-	-	-2
of which 'account that have clossed in the period'	-2	-	-	-2
of which 'foreclosed'	-	-	-	-
of which 'sold'	-	-	-	-
of which 'change of perimeter'	-	-	-	-
Write-offs	-	-	-	-
New financial assets originated or purchased	1	-	-	_
Changes in PDs/LGDs/EADs	-	-	-	-
Modification of contractual cash flows of financial assets	-	-	-	-
FX and other movements			<u>-</u>	
Loss allowance as at 30 September 2018	1	-	-	1

Note 6 - Liquidity Coverage Ratio

All amounts in millions of NOK

Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) measures the capability to meet obligations in the next 30 days by means of liquidity assets. It is defined as LCR = liquidity assets / (cash outflows - cash inflows). The minimum LCR level (CRD IV) is 100% from 31 December 2017. With a stable basis of High Quality Liquid Assets, SCB AS fulfils the minimum LCR requirements.

Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) %	Q3 2019	Q3 2018	Q4 2018
Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) Total	184	126	126
Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) NOK	118	94	88
Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) SEK	133	155	129
Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) DKK	878	154	219
Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) EUR	-	-	_

Note 7 - Capital adequacy

All amounts in millions of NOK

Balance sheet equity	Q3 2019	Q3 2018	FY 2018
Paid in equity	9 652	9 652	9 652
Share premium	891	891	891
Other equity	9 739	8 110	8 920
Tier 1 Capital	2 250	2 250	2 250
Other reserves	-137	-86	-105
Total Equity	22 395	20 818	21 609
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital (-) Profit not eligible as capital	-1 158	-909	-1 000
Cash-flow hedge adjustment	-1 130	-909	-1 000
IRB Expected Loss - Reserves	-219	-206	106
·			-196
Goodwill Other intermible accepts	-290	-281	-294
Other intangible assets	-258	-243	-274
Deferred tax assets	-	-	-
Adjustment Prudent Valuation (AVA)	-8	-5 0.050	-7
Tier 1 Capital	-2 250	-2 250	-2 250
Total common Equity Tier 1 Capital (with full IFRS9 impact)	18 212	16 924	17 588
Capital adjustment according to IFRS9 Transitional rules	318	355	355
Total common Equity Tier 1 Capital (with IFRS9 transitional rules)	18 530	17 279	17 944
Tier 1 Capital			
Paid in Tier 1 capital instruments	2 250	2 250	2 250
Total Tier 1 Capital (with full IFRS9 impact)	20 462	19 174	19 838
Total Tier 1 Capital (with IFRS9 transitional rules)	20 780	19 529	20 194
Total Capital			
Paid up subordinated loans	1 694	1 689	1 711
Subordinated loans not eligible	-	-	-
Total Capital (with full IFRS9 impact)	22 156	20 863	21 549
Total Capital (with IFRS9 transitional rules)	22 474	21 218	21 905
Pick and a second and American			
Risk exposure on Standard Approach Regional governments or local authorities			73
	63	63	
Institutions	347	434	386
Corporates Partial Standard Approach	8 880	7 931	8 778
Retail Standard Approach	50 264	47 422	49 918
Exposures in default SA	997	858	902
Covered bonds	396	395	443
Other Exposures	15 075	12 431	11 075
Total Risk exposure amount on Standard Approach	76 023	69 532	71 575
Risk exposure on Internal Rating Based Approach			
	23 446	22 895	23 589
Retail Other		22 005	23 589
Retail Other Total Risk exposure amount on Internal Rating Based Approach	23 446	22 895	20 000
Retail Other	23 446 99 469	92 426	95 164
Retail Other Total Risk exposure amount on Internal Rating Based Approach			

Basic indicator approach	11 772	10 607	11 772
Risk exposure amount for operational risk	11 772	10 607	11 772
Standardized method	87	99	105
Risk exposure amount for credit valuation adjustment	87	99	105
Total risk exposure amount (with full IFRS9 impact)	111 328	103 132	107 040
Risk Exposure adjustment according to IFRS9 Transitional rules	316	354	354
Total risk exposure amount (with IFRS9 transitional rules)	111 644	103 485	107 394
Total exposure for Leverage Ratio			
Derivatives: Add-on under market-to-market method	354	373	430
Off-balance sheet items with 10% CCF	2 488	2 249	2 286
Off-balance sheet items with 20% CCF	742	858	782
Off-balance sheet items with 50% CCF	37	34	37
Adjusted On balance sheet exposure	153 806	138 838	146 629
Total exposure for Leverage Ratio (with full IFRS9 impact)	157 428	142 352	150 164
Exposure adjustment according to IFRS9 Transitional rules	423	473	473
Total exposure for Leverage Ratio (with IFRS9 transitional rules)	157 851	142 825	150 637
Minimum Regulatory Capital			
Minimum Core Equity	4,50 %	4,50 %	4,50 %
Pillar 2 Requirement	2,60 %	2,30 %	2,30 %
Countercyclical Buffer (combined)	1,87 %	1,46 %	1,47 %
Conservation Buffer	2,50 %	2,50 %	2,50 %
Systemic Risk Buffer	3,00 %	3,00 %	3,00 %
Minimum Regulatory Capital ratio (CET1)	14,47 %	13,76 %	13,77 %
Minimum Regulatory Capital			
Minimum Core Equity	5 010	4 641	4 817
Pillar 2 Requirement	2 895	2 372	2 462
Countercyclical Buffer (combined)	2 082	1 506	1 573
Conservation Buffer	2 783	2 578	2 676
Systemic Risk Buffer	3 340	3 094	3 211
Minimum Regulatory Capital amount (full IFRS9 impact)	16 109	14 191	14 739
Surplus of Core Equity Tier 1 capital (full IFRS9 impact)	2 103	2 733	2 849
Minimum Regulatory Capital amount (with IFRS9 transitional rules)	16 155	14 240	14 788
Surplus of Core Equity Tier 1 capital (after IFRS9 transitional rules)	2 375	3 040	3 155
Common equity tier 1 capital ratio (full IFRS9 impact)	16,36 %	16,41 %	16,43 %
Common equity tier 1 capital ratio (with IFRS9 transitional rules)	16,60 %	16,70 %	16,71 %
CET1 regulatory requirements	14,47 %	13,76 %	13,77 %
Tier 1 capital ratio (full IFRS9 impact)	18,38 %	18,59 %	18,53 %
Tier 1 capital ratio (with IFRS9 transitional rules)	18,61 %	18,87 %	18,80 %
Tire 1 regulatory requirements	15,97 %	15,26 %	15,27 %
Total capital ratio (full IFRS9 impact)	19,90 %	20,23 %	20,13 %
Total capital ratio (with IFRS9 transitional rules)	20,13 %	20,50 %	20,40 %
Total capital regulatory requirements	17,97 %	17,26 %	17,27 %
Leverage ratio (full IFRS9 impact)	13,00 %	13,47 %	13,21 %
Leverage ratio (with IFRS9 transitional rules)	13,16 %	13,67 %	13,41 %
LR regulatory requirements	5,00 %	5,00 %	5,00 %
a	3,00 /0	5,55 75	3,00 70

Specification of IFRS Transition rules (based on initial impact)

- whereof Internal Rating Based	
- whereof internal Rating based	-
Tax impact from increased loss reserves	124
Deferred tax assets impact on capital	-
Initial IFRS9 net impact on capital	-374
Base amount for IFRS9 transitional rule on capital	374
Transition %	85 %
Capital adjustment due to Transitional rule	318
Std Approach value adjustments Spec Reserves	-498
- whereof Retail (75%RW)	-496
- whereof Covered Bonds (10%RW)	-2
Deferred tax assets impact on Risk Exposure Amount (250%RW)	-
Initial IFRS9 net impact on Risk Exposure Amount	-372
Base amount for IFRS9 transitional rule on Risk Exposure Amount	372
Transition %	85 %
Risk Exposure adjustment due to Transitional rule	316
Impact from Transitional rules on capital ratios (same impact for Tier 1 and 2)	0,24 %

From December 2015 the Group are calculating credit risk capital requirement using advanced internal rating based models (IRB- A models) for part of its exposures

Financial information in accordance with the capital requirement regulation is published at www.santander.no. The Pillar 3 Disclsure report is published at www.santander.no.

Note 8 - Segment information

All amounts in millions of NOK

Financial management in Santander is oriented towards the various geographical markets. Monitoring of the overall profitability of the geographic areas are important dimensions of the strategic priorities and allocation of resources in SCB AS reported figures for the various segments reflect SCB AS' total sales of products and services in the geographical area.

Segment information is based on the internal financial reporting as it is reported to SCB AS management. SCB AS management uses the segment reporting as an element to assess historical and expected future development and allocation of resources.

Reporting from the segments is based on Santander's governance model and the SCB AS' accounting policies. The figures are based on a number of assumptions and estimates.

The Segments are responsible for profits after tax, with the corresponding return on allocated capital according to SCB AS' governance model. All SCB AS' trade activities are divided into the reported segments with corresponding balances, income and expenses.

Deficit liquidity from the segments are funded by SCB AS' Treasury at market conditions. Surplus liquidity is transferred to SCB AS' Treasury at market

conditions.

Internal agreements at market conditions or simulated market conditions are made when segments cooperate on the delivery of financial services to customers.

Services provided by SCB AS' central functions and staff are charged segments based on an allocation agreement.

Product segmentation per country (gross lending before expected losses)

		Q3 2019				
	Unsecured loans	Secured loans	Financial lease	Operational lease	Total	
Norway	10 410	37 966	10 623	-	58 999	
Sweden	14 748	17 439	5 349	-	37 537	
Denmark	6 995	23 752	2 387	401	33 535	
Total	32 153	79 157	18 360	401	130 071	

	Q3 2018				
	Unsecured loans	Secured loans	Financial lease	Operational lease	Total
Norway	11 097	37 176	10 780	-	59 053
Sweden	13 472	16 264	4 865	-	34 601
Denmark	5 811	22 103	2 623	198	30 735
Total	30 380	75 542	18 268	198	124 388

P&L and Balance sheet per country

	Q3 2019				
	Norway	Sweden	Denmark	Eliminations	Total
Total interest income	1 055	407	463	-	1 925
Total interest expenses	-256	-58	-37	-	-351
Net interest income	799	349	426	-	1 574
Fee and commission income	48	45	31	-	124
Fee and commission expenses	-37	-6	-6	-	-49
Value change and gain/loss on foreign exchange and securities	-10	-	-	-	-10
Other operating income	10	2	27	-	39
Other operating expenses	-12	-6	-14	-	-32
Gross margin	797	385	464	-	1 646
Salaries and personnel expenses	-148	-77	-58	-	-283
Administrative expenses	-111	-105	-101	-	-318
Depreciation and amortisation	-22	-11	-10	-	-43
Net operating income	516	193	294	-	1 003
Other income and costs	-9	2	-2	-	-9
Impairment losses on loan, guarantees etc.	-199	-115	-102	-	-415
Profit before taxes	308	80	191	-	578
Income tax expense	-70	-19	-68	-	-157
Profit after tax	238	61	123	-	421

	YTD Q3 2019				
	Norway	Sweden	Denmark	Eliminations	Total
Total interest income	3 049	1 189	1 364	-	5 601
Total interest expenses	-728	-170	-115	-	-1 013
Net interest income	2 321	1 019	1 249	-	4 589
Fee and commission income	136	138	133	-	407
Fee and commission expenses	-94	-18	-20	-	-132
Value change and gain/loss on foreign exchange and securities	15	-	-4	-	11
Other operating income	24	6	70	-	100
Other operating expenses	-27	-15	-38	-	-80
Gross margin	2 375	1 131	1 390	-	4 896
Salaries and personnel expenses	-483	-238	-198	-	-918
Administrative expenses	-334	-313	-301	-	-948
Depreciation and amortisation	-69	-31	-31	-	-131
Net operating income	1 488	549	861	-	2 898
Other income and costs	19	-2	-9	-	8
Impairment losses on loan, guarantees etc.	-240	-31	-101	-	-372
Profit before taxes	1 267	515	751	-	2 534
Income tax expense	-337	-119	-182	-	-638
Profit after tax	931	396	569	-	1 896
Cash and receivables on central banks	66	_	-	_	66
Deposits with and receivables on financial institutions	596	1 059	713	-	2 369
Total gross loans to customers	58 297	33 178	33 135	5 061	129 670
Write-downs	-1 472	-853	-803	-	-3 128
Commercial papers and bonds	3 187	3 418	2 209	-	8 813
Financial derivatives	16	-	-	-	16
Investments in subsidiaries	1 285	-	-	-	1 285
Other assets	20 821	428	1 704	-7 463	15 490
Total assets	82 795	37 231	36 958	-2 402	154 581

Debt to credit institutions	3 487	7 081	15 487	-2 359	23 696
Deposits from customers	26 495	19 419	18 699	-	64 613
Debt established by issuing securities	27 878	9 048	1 729	-	38 656
Financial derivatives	5	-	-	-	5
Other liabilities	2 778	1 548	933	-42	5 216
Equity	22 152	135	109	-	22 395
Total liabilities and equity	82 795	37 231	36 958	-2 402	154 581

P&L and Balance sheet per country

	Q3 2018				
	Norway	Sweden	Denmark	Eliminations	Total
Total interest income	954	382	429	-	1 765
Total interest expenses	-215	-33	-48	-	-296
Net interest income	739	349	380	-	1 469
Fee and commission income	59	41	45	-	144
Fee and commission expenses	-16	-2	-6	-	-24
Value change and gain/loss on foreign exchange and securities	-8	-	4	-	-4
Other operating income	10	2	14	-	26
Other operating expenses	-8	-5	-12	-	-25
Gross margin	-1 394	-664	-709	-	1 587
Salaries and personnel expenses	-98	-95	-72	-	-265
Administration expenses	-134	-89	-71	-	-294
Depreciation and amortisation	-14	-4	-8	-	-27
Net operating income	-1 668	-869	-899	-	1 001
Other income and costs	-162	-3	-1	-	-167
Impairment losses on other assets	-	-	-	-	-
Impairment losses on loan, guarantees etc.	-86	-75	-74	-	-235
Profit before taxes	-1 997	-960	-1 000	-	600
Income tax expense	-73	-28	-52	-	-153
Profit after tax	-2 186	-1 098	-1 214	-	448

		Υ	TD Q3 2019		
	Norway	Sweden	Denmark	Eliminations	Total
Total interest income	2 809	1 151	1 283	-	5 243
Total interest expenses	-640	-101	-149	-	-890
Net interest income	2 169	1 050	1 134	-	4 353
Fee and commission income	142	125	131	-	397
Fee and commission expenses	-55	-5	-17	-	-77
Value change and gain/loss on foreign exchange and securities	21	-1	14	-	34
Other operating income	23	6	44	-	73
Other operating expenses	-28	-17	-38	-	-83
Gross margin	102	108	134	-	4 698
Salaries and personnel expenses	-360	-275	-222	-	-857
Administration expenses	-460	-290	-210	-	-960
Depreciation and amortisation	-80	-12	-27	-	-120
Net operating income	-826	-487	-363	-	2 761
Other income and costs	-164	-37	-2	-	-204
Impairment losses on other assets	-	-	-	-	-
Impairment losses on loan, guarantees etc.	48	-73	-161	-	-186
Profit before taxes	-1 023	-610	-552	-	2 372
Income tax expense	-355	-109	-143	-	-607
Profit after tax	-1 494	-829	-858	-	1 765

Cash and receivables on central banks	65	-	-	-	65
Deposits with and receivables on financial institutions	491	1 473	604	-	2 569
Total gross loans to customers	59 053	33 457	30 247	-	122 756
Write-downs	-1 773	-668	-503	-	-2 944
Commercial papers and bonds	3 475	2 356	1 529	-	7 361
Financial derivatives	37	-	-	-	37
Investments in subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	-
Other assets	19 900	1 509	1 684	-9 850	13 243
Total assets	81 249	38 128	33 561	-9 850	143 088
Debt to credit institutions	7 006	17 349	16 075	-9 811	30 620
Deposits from customers	22 601	14 576	15 941	-	53 119
Debt established by issuing securities	28 130	5 008	653	-	33 791
Financial derivatives	15	-	-	-	15
Other liabilities	2 531	1 304	929	-39	4 725
Equity	20 965	-110	-37	-	20 818
Total liabilities and equity	81 249	38 128	33 561	-9 850	143 088

Note 9 - Net interest income

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			YTD Q3	YTD Q3	
	Q3 2019	Q3 2018	2019	2018	FY 2018
Interest and similar income on loans to and receivables from credit institutions	37	92	47	294	398
Interest and similar income on loans to and receivables from customers	-3 164	1 654	303	4 877	6 547
Interest and similar income on comm. paper, bonds and other securities	5 052	19	5 252	72	60
Total interest income	1 925	1 765	5 601	5 243	7 004
Interest and similar expenses on debt to credit institutions	-41	-37	-129	-117	-156
Interest and similar expenses on deposits from and debt to customers	-207	-168	-581	-502	-666
Interest and similar expenses on issued securities	-88	-81	-260	-235	-288
Interest on subordinated loan capital	-13	-12	-39	-34	-46
Other interest expenses and similar expenses	-2	-	-4	-3	-5
Total interest expense	-351	-297	-1 013	-891	-1 161
Net interest income	1 574	1 469	4 589	4 353	5 844

The table show average interest rate on interest bearing debt. Average interest is calculated as actual interest expense through the year in percent of weighted average balance.

			YTD Q3	YTD Q3	
To credit institutions	Q3 2019	Q3 2018	2019	2018	FY 2018
Interest expenses	-41	-37	-129	-117	-156
Average loan	27 158	30 437	27 158	30 437	29 657
Average nominal interest rate	0,61 %	0,49 %	0,95 %	0,77 %	0,53 %
			YTD Q3	YTD Q3	
To customers	Q3 2019	Q3 2018	2019	2018	FY 2018
Interest expenses	-207	-168	-581	-502	-666
Average deposit	58 866	50 708	58 866	50 708	52 631
Average nominal interest rate	1,40 %	1,32 %	1,97 %	1,98 %	1,27 %
			YTD Q3	YTD Q3	
To bondholders	Q3 2019	Q3 2018	2019	2018	FY 2018
Interest expenses	-88	-81	-260	-235	-288
Average issued notes and bonds	36 223	33 532	36 223	33 532	36 516
Average nominal interest rate	0,97 %	0,96 %	1,43 %	1,40 %	0,79 %
			YTD Q3	YTD Q3	
Subordinated loan capital*	Q3 2019	Q3 2018	2019	2018	FY 2018
Interest expenses	-13	-12	-39	-34	-46
Average subordinated loan capital	1 695	1 754	1 695	1 754	1 742
Average nominal interest rate	3,17 %	2,64 %	4,56 %	3,86 %	2,64 %
			YTD Q3	YTD Q3	
Total of tables above:	Q3 2019	Q3 2018	2019	2018	FY 2018
Interest expenses	-349	-297	-1 008	-888	-1 155
Loan	123 942	116 432	123 942	116 432	120 546
Average nominal interest rate	0,56 %	1,02 %	1,63 %	1,53 %	0,96 %

Note 10 - Classification of financial instruments

All amounts in millions of NOK				
	Financial assets at Financ fair value through fair va	ial assets at lue through		
Classification of financial assets 30 September 2019	P&L	OCI	Amortized cost	Book value
Cash and receivables on central banks	-	_	65	65
Deposits with and receivables on financial institutions	-	-	2 369	2 369
Loans to customers	-	-	126 543	126 543
Commercial papers and bonds	-	-	8 813	8 813
Financial derivatives	16	-	-	16
Loans to subsidiaries and SPV's	-	-	12 453	12 453
Other ownership interests	-	30	-	30
Total financial assets	16	30	150 243	150 289
	Non-finar	ncial assets		4 292
	Total ass	sets		154 581
	Financial assets at Financ fair value through fair va			

	fair value through	fair value through		
Classification of financial liabilities 30 September 2019	P&L	OCI	Amortized cost	Book value
Debt to credit institutions	-	-	23 696	23 696
Deposits from customers	-	-	64 613	64 613
Debt established by issuing securities	-	-	38 656	38 656
Financial derivatives	5	-	-	5
Other financial liabilities	-	-	427	427
Subordinated loan capital	-	-	1 698	1 698
Total financial liabilities	5	-	129 090	129 095

Non-financial liabilities and equity	25 486
Total liabilities and equity	154 581

	Financial assets at fair value through	Financial assets at fair value through		
Classification of financial assets 31 December 2018	P&L	OCI	Amortized cost	Book value
Cash and receivables on central banks	-	-	65	65
Deposits with and receivables on financial institutions	-	-	1 216	1 216
Loans to customers	-	-	125 624	125 624
Commercial papers and bonds	-	-	8 025	8 025
Financial derivatives	50	-	-	50
Loans to subsidiaries and SPV's	-	-	8 872	8 872
Other ownership interests	-	26	-	26
Other financial assets	-	-	-	-
Total financial assets	50	26	143 802	143 878
	1	Non-financial assets		3 521
	=	Total assets		147 400

			3 32		
		Total assets	147 400		
	Financial assets at fair value through	Financial assets			
Classification of financial liabilities 31 December 2018	P&L	. 00	CI	Amortized cost	Book value
Debt to credit institutions	-		_	29 269	29 269
Deposits from customers	-		-	54 645	54 645
Debt established by issuing securities	-		-	37 247	37 247
Financial derivatives	38	;	-	-	38
Other financial liabilities	-		-	343	343
Subordinated loan capital	-		-	1 731	1 731
Total financial liabilities	38		-	123 235	123 273
		Non financial-liabiliti	es and	equity	24 127
		Total liabilities and	l equity	 !	147 400

Note 11 - Valuation Hierarchy

All amounts in millions of NOK

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Q3 2019			Quoted market price	Using Observable inputs	With significant unobservable inputs	
Financial instruments measured at fair value			Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets						
Name	Type	Notional				
Bilkreditt 7 Fixed	Cross Currency Swap	MM EUR 25	-	16	-	16
Total financial trading derivatives			-	16		16
Name	Туре					
VISA	Equity		_	30	_	30
Total other ownership interests			-	30		30
Total Assets			-	46		46
Financial liabilities						
Name	Туре	Notional				
Bilkreditt 7 Pass Through	Cross Currency Swap	MM EUR 8	-	5	-	5
Total financial derivatives			-	5	-	5
Total Liabilities			-	5		5
Derivatives designated for hedge accounting - asset	ts					
Name	Туре	Notional				
DK EMTN MEUR 250	Cross Currency Swap		-	17		17
DK EMTN MEUR 200	Cross Currency Swap		-	73		73
DK EMTN MEUR 150	Cross Currency Swap	MM EUR 150	-	20		20
Total derivatives designated for hedging - assets*			-	110		110
Derivatives designated for hedge accounting - liabil	ities					
Name	Туре	Notional				
DK EMTN MEUR 150	Cross Currency Swap	MM EUR 150		10		10
*Total derivatives designated for hedging - liabilities	*		-	10		10

^{*} Derivatives designated for hedge accounting are included in the balance sheet line "Other Assets" for the derivatives that represent an asset and in "Other liabilities" for derivatives that represent a liability for the entity.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date in the principal or, in its absence, the most advantageous market to which the Group has access to at that date. When available, the fair value of an instrument is measured using the quoted price in an active market for that instrument. If there is no quoted price in an active market, then the instruments fair value is measured using valuation techniques that maximize the use of relevant observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. The chosen valuation technique incorporates all of the factors that market participants would take into account in pricing a transaction.

Instruments at this level obtain fair value from quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity has access by the reporting

date. Examples of instruments at Level 1 are listed government bonds.

Level 2.

Instruments at this level is not considered to have an active market. Fair value is obtained from relevant observable market data. This includes prices based on identical instruments, as well as prices based on similar assets and price indicators that are observable for the asset or liability. Examples of instruments at Level 2 are securities priced out of interest rate paths. The fair value at level 2 is calculated by discounting future cash flows. The cash flows are known from contractual conditions, in addition to a marked regulated interest rate element (e.g. EURIBOR).

Instruments at Level 3 have no observable market inputs, or they traded on markets that are considered inactive. The price is based mainly on calculations based on internal data and the best information available given the circumstances.

O2 2019

Q3 2018					14771	
			Quoted	Using	With significant	
			market	•	unobservable	
			price	inputs	inputs	
Financial instruments measured at fair value			Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets						
Name	Туре	Notional				
Bilkreditt 6 Fixed	Cross Currency Swap	MM EUR 14	-	19	-	19
Bilkreditt 7 Fixed	Cross Currency Swap	MM EUR 95	-	18	-	18
Total financial trading derivatives			-	37	-	37
Name	Туре					
VISA	Equity		-	26	-	26
Total other ownership interests			-	26	-	26
Total Assets			-	63	-	63
Financial liabilities						
Name	Туре	Notional				
Bilkreditt 7 Pass Through	Cross Currency Swap	MM EUR 77	-	15	-	15
Total financial derivatives			-	15	-	15
Total Liabilities			-	15	-	15
Derivatives designated for hedge accounting - ass	ets					
Name	Туре	Notional				
DK EMTN MEUR 250	Cross Currency Swap		-	6	-	6
DK EMTN MEUR 240	Cross Currency Swap		-	6	-	6
SW EMTN MEUR 100	Cross Currency Swap		-	66	-	66
DK EMTN MEUR 245	Cross Currency Swap		-	2	-	2
DK EMTN MEUR 200	Cross Currency Swap	MM EUR 200	-	20	-	20
Total derivatives designated for hedging - assets*			-	100	-	100

^{*} Derivatives designated for hedge accounting are included in the balance sheet line "Other Assets" for the derivatives that represent an asset and in "Other liabilities" for derivatives that represent a liability for the entity.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date in the principal or, in its absence, the most advantageous market to which the Group has access to at that date. When available, the fair value of an instrument is measured using the quoted price in an active market for that instrument. If there is no quoted price in an active market, then the instruments fair value is measured using valuation techniques that maximize the use of relevant observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. The chosen valuation technique incorporates all of the factors that market participants would take into account in pricing a transaction

Instruments at this level obtain fair value from quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity has access by the reporting date. Examples of instruments at Level 1 are listed government bonds.

Instruments at this level is not considered to have an active market. Fair value is obtained from relevant observable market data. This includes prices based on identical instruments, as well as prices based on similar assets and price indicators that are observable for the asset or liability. Examples of instruments at Level 2 are securities priced out of interest rate paths. The fair value at level 2 is calculated by discounting future cash flows. The cash flows are known from contractual conditions, in addition to a marked regulated interest rate element (e.g. EURIBOR).

Level 3:

Instruments at Level 3 have no observable market inputs, or they traded on markets that are considered inactive. The price is based mainly on calculations based on internal data and the best information available given the circumstances.

Note 12 - Loans to customers

All amounts in millions of NOK

	YTD Q3	YTD Q3 Fir	nancial year
	2019	2018	2018
Credit Card	6 820	6 728	24 625
Unsecured loans	25 333	23 651	7 026
Auto loans	97 517	93 811	96 964
- Instalment loans	79 157	75 542	78 226
- Financial leasing	18 360	18 268	18 738
Total gross loans to customers	129 670	124 190	128 614
- Loan loss allowance - Stage 1	-830	-864	-814
- Loan loss allowance - Stage 2	-487	-418	-438
- Loan loss allowance - Stage 3	-1 810	-1 662	-1 739
Total net loans to customers	126 543	121 246	125 624

Note 13 - Impairment losses on loan, guarantees etc.

All amounts in millions of NOK

The following tables explain the changes in the loan loss provisions between the beginning and the end of the reporting period due to these factors:

	Q3 2019	Q3 2018	YTD Q3 2019	YTD Q3 2018
Change in loss allowance - Unsecured loans	-202	1	-117	-64
Change in loss allowance - Secured loans	-3	1	-55	-45
Change in loss allowance - Commercial papers and bonds	-	-	-	1
+/- Fx rate adjustment opening balance	-	-	-	0
+ Total realized losses	-247	-351	-1 102	-1 311
- Recoveries on previously realized losses	38	115	200	454
- Gain on sold portfolios	-	-	702	780
Impairment losses on loan, guarantees etc.	-414	-234	-372	-185

Note 14 - Issued securities

All amounts in millions of NOK			
	Q3 2019	Q3 2018	FY 2018
Issued certificates	2 498	903	1 751
Senior unsecured issued securities	36 158	32 888	35 496
Asset backed issued securities	-	-	-
Total issued securities	38 656	33 791	37 247

Santander Consumer Bank AS issued certificates of deposits on the Irish Stock exchange in January to a value of SEK 70 MM (NOK 67 MM) Santander Consumer Bank AS issued bonds on the Irish Stock exchange in January to a value of EUR 500 MM (NOK 4 872) Santander Consumer Bank AS issued certificates of deposits on the Irish Stock exchange in February to a value of SEK 50 MM (NOK 47 MM) Santander Consumer Bank AS issued certificates of deposits on the Irish Stock exchange in February to a value of SEK 130 MM (NOK 121 MM) Santander Consumer Bank AS issued certificates of deposits on the Irish Stock exchange in February to a value of SEK 60 MM (NOK 56 MM) Santander Consumer Bank AS issued certificates of deposits on the Irish Stock exchange in February to a value of SEK 120 MM (NOK 112 MM) Santander Consumer Bank AS issued certificates of deposits on the Irish Stock exchange in February to a value of SEK 150 MM (NOK 138 MM) Santander Consumer Bank AS issued certificates of deposits on the Irish Stock exchange in February to a value of SEK 175 MM (NOK 161 MM) Santander Consumer Bank AS issued bonds on the Oslo Stock exchange in February to a value of NOK 1 000 MM Santander Consumer Bank AS issued certificates of deposits on the Irish Stock exchange in March to a value of SEK 200 MM (NOK 185 MM) Santander Consumer Bank AS issued certificates of deposits on the Irish Stock exchange in March to a value of SEK 67 MM (NOK 62 MM) Santander Consumer Bank AS issued bonds on the Oslo Stock exchange in March to a value of NOK 500 MM Santander Consumer Bank AS issued bonds on the Irish Stock exchange in April to a value of DKK 750 MM (NOK 969 MM) Santander Consumer Bank AS issued certificates of deposits on the Irish Stock exchange in April to a value of SEK 200 MM (NOK 185 MM) Santander Consumer Bank AS issued certificates of deposits on the Irish Stock exchange in April to a value of SEK 150 MM (NOK 137 MM) Santander Consumer Bank AS issued certificates of deposits on the Irish Stock exchange in May to a value of SEK 100 MM (NOK 91 MM) Santander Consumer Bank AS issued certificates of deposits on the Oslo Stock exchange in May to a value of NOK 250 MM Santander Consumer Bank AS issued certificates of deposits on the Irish Stock exchange in May to a value of SEK 100 MM (NOK 91 MM) Santander Consumer Bank AS issued bonds on the Irish Stock exchange in May to a value of SEK 105 MM (NOK 96 MM) Santander Consumer Bank AS issued bonds on the Oslo Stock exchange in May to a value of NOK 300 MM Santander Consumer Bank AS issued certificates of deposits on the Irish Stock exchange in June to a value of SEK 100 MM (NOK 92 MM) Santander Consumer Bank AS issued certificates of deposits on the Irish Stock exchange in June to a value of SEK 200 MM (NOK 184 MM) Santander Consumer Bank AS issued certificates of deposits on the Oslo Stock exchange in June to a value of NOK 150 MM Santander Consumer Bank AS issued certificates of deposits on the Irish Stock exchange in June to a value of SEK 70 MM (NOK 64 MM) Santander Consumer Bank AS issued certificates of deposits on the Oslo Stock exchange in July to a value of NOK 250 MM (NOK 250 MM) Santander Consumer Bank AS issued certificates of deposits on the Irish Stock exchange in July to a value of SEK 100 MM (NOK 91 MM) Santander Consumer Bank AS issued certificates of deposits on the Irish Stock exchange in July to a value of SEK 250 MM (NOK 230) Santander Consumer Bank AS issued certificates of deposits on the Irish Stock exchange in July to a value of SEK 350 MM (NOK 321 MM) Santander Consumer Bank AS issued certificates of deposits on the Irish Stock exchange in July to a value of SEK 100 MM (NOK 92 MM) Santander Consumer Bank AS issued bonds on the Irish Stock exchange in July to a value of SEK 1 000 MM (NOK 912) Santander Consumer Bank AS issued certificates of deposits on the Irish Stock exchange in September to a value of SEK 100 MM (NOK 93 MM) Santander Consumer Bank AS issued certificates of deposits on the Irish Stock exchange in September to a value of SEK 100 MM (NOK 93 MM) Santander Consumer Bank AS issued certificates of deposits on the Irish Stock exchange in September to a value of SEK 70 MM (NOK 65 MM) Santander Consumer Bank AS issued bonds on the Irish Stock exchange in September to a value of EUR 500 MM (NOK 4 937) Santander Consumer Bank AS issued bonds on the Irish Stock exchange in September to a value of SEK 500 MM (NOK 461)

The additional change in balance sheet value of senior unsecured issued securities is the reevaluation of the Euro and SEK bonds.

Note 15 - Receivables and liabilities to related parties

Amounts in millions of NOK						
		Accrued		Accrued		Accrued
		interest		interest		interest
Debt to related parties:	Q3 2019	Q3 2019	Q3 2018	Q3 2018	FY 2018	FY 2018
Santander Benelux	-	-	254	-	-	-
Santander Consumer Finance S.A.	18 372	7	23 648	6	23 149	8
Debt to SPV on future cash flow of securitized loans	5 061	-	6 551	-	5 822	-
Total	23 433	7	30 453	6	28 971	8
Balance sheet line: "Subordinated loan capital" - Bonds						
MNOK 250, maturity March 2025, 3 months NIBOR +2.2575%	250	-	250	-	250	-
(Santander Consumer Finance S.A)						
MNOK 250, maturity July 2025, 3 months NIBOR +3.135%	250	3	250	2	250	2
(Santander Consumer Finance S.A)						
MSEK 750, maturity December 2024, 3 months STIBOR +2.2825%	694	-	689	-	728	-
(Santander Consumer Finance S.A)						
MNOK 500, maturity September 2027, 3 months NIBOR + 1,66%	500	1	500	1	500	1
(Santander Consumer Finance S.A)						
Total	1 694	4	1 689	3	1 728	3

Receivables on related parties:	Q3 2019	Accrued interest Q3 2019	Q3 2018	Accrued interest Q3 2018	FY 2018	Accrued interest FY 2018
Balance sheet line: "Commercial papers and bonds" B and C notes issued by SPVs	1 145	-	1 973	1	1 168	-
Balance sheet line :"Loans to subsidiaries and SPV's" Loan to subsidiary (Santander Consumer Bank OY) Subordinated loan to SPVs	12 344 61	48 -	8 283 242	25 -	8 680 138	53

The interest rate on intercompany loans are carried out on market terms.

Financial information in accordance with the capital requirement regulation is published at www.santander.no

Note 16 - Transaction with related parties

All amounts in millions of NOK

The group is controlled by Santander Consumer Finance S.A. which owns 100% of the company's shares. The group's ultimate parent is Grupo Santander. All companies within Grupo Santander is considered related parties. In addition, the SPV (securitization of car loans) are also considered as related Parties.

Transactions with related parties are mostly interest expenses on funding from the parent company and the ultimate parent company. SCB AS has transactions with the SPVs through funding and cash flows as agreed in the securitization process.

The following transactions were carried out with related parties:

			YTD Q3	YTD Q3	Financial year
	Q3 2019	Q3 2018	2019	2018	2018
Interest income	77	131	227	317	425
Interest expenses	-36	-194	-102	-308	-461
Interest payments additional Tier 1 capital	-35	-43	-104	-127	-169
Fees	7	-16	22	8	10
Other	-11	49	-7	49	63
Net transactions	1	-73	36	-61	-131

Santander Consumer Bank AS had transactions with the following related parties per 30 September 2019:

Banco Santander S.A. Santander Consumer Finance S.A. Santander Consumer Finance OY Santander Consumer Finance Global Services, S.L. Santander Global Operations, S.A. Santanader Global Technology, S.L.

SPV:

Bilkreditt 7 (3147)

SV Autofinans Warehousing 1 LTD (03104)